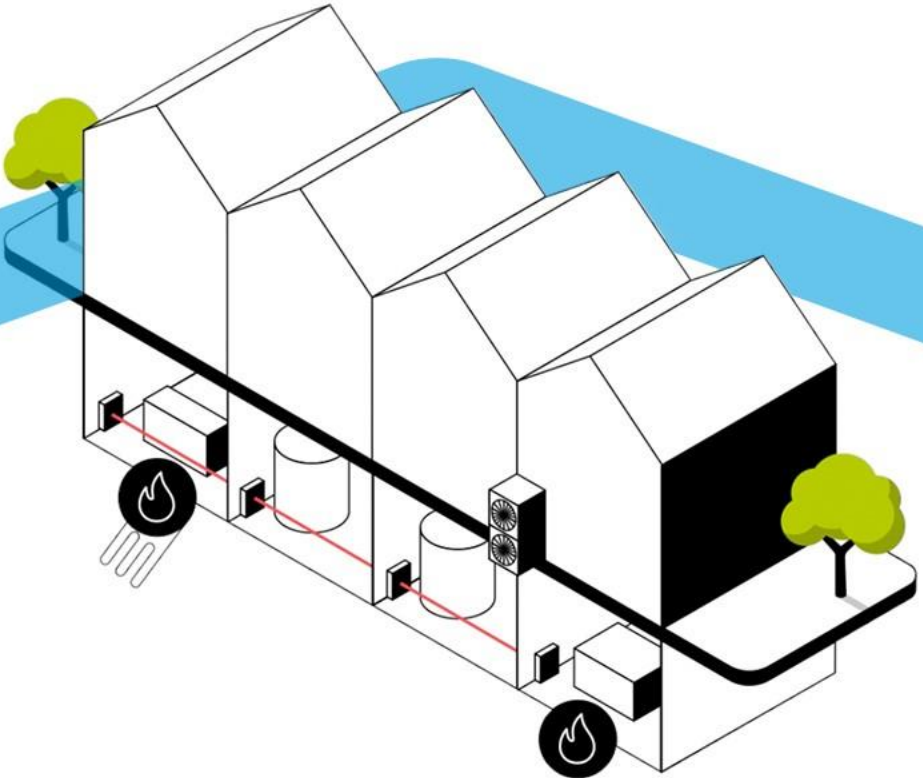


iwb

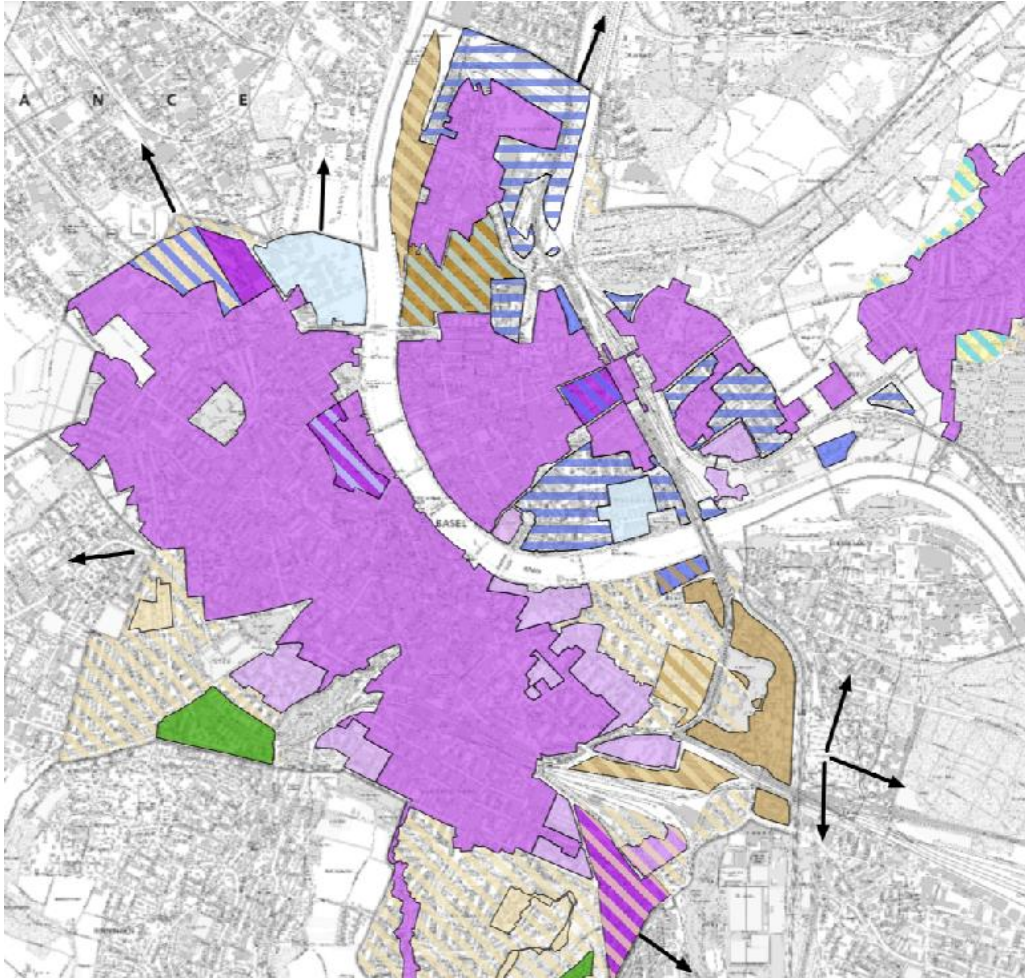


The diagram shows a 3D perspective of a house with various smart home components. A thick black line represents a central data or control bus running through the house. Red lines branch off from this bus to connect different devices: a fire alarm (flame icon in a circle) on the left, a water meter (cylinder icon) in the middle, a fan or pump unit (box with two fans) on the right, and another fire alarm (flame icon in a circle) at the bottom right. Small square sensors are also shown connected to the bus. The entire scene is enclosed within a light blue hexagonal frame.

NANOVERBUND

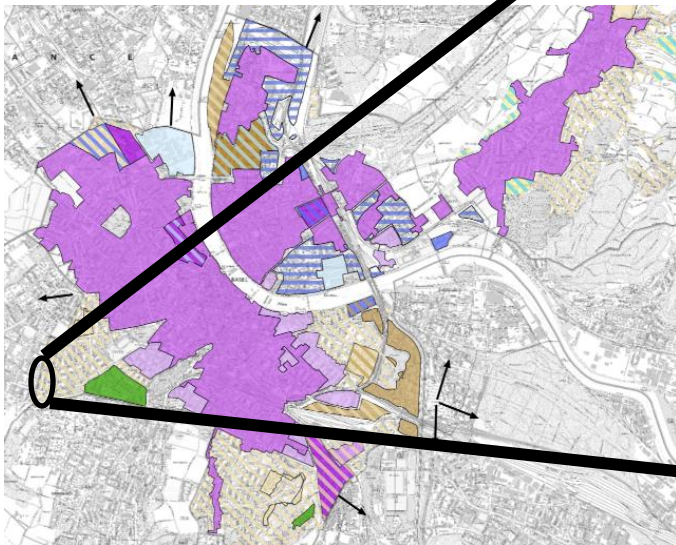
Dominik Born | Innovation Manager

Initial situation



- Fossil heating systems impossible by law
- Gas is being phased out
- District heating too expensive in less populated areas and smaller buildings
- Alternative solutions not always easy to implement
- Older heating systems were often oversized based on rules of thumb and planning data

Areas without district heating connection





Overview Pilot 'Langen Loh'



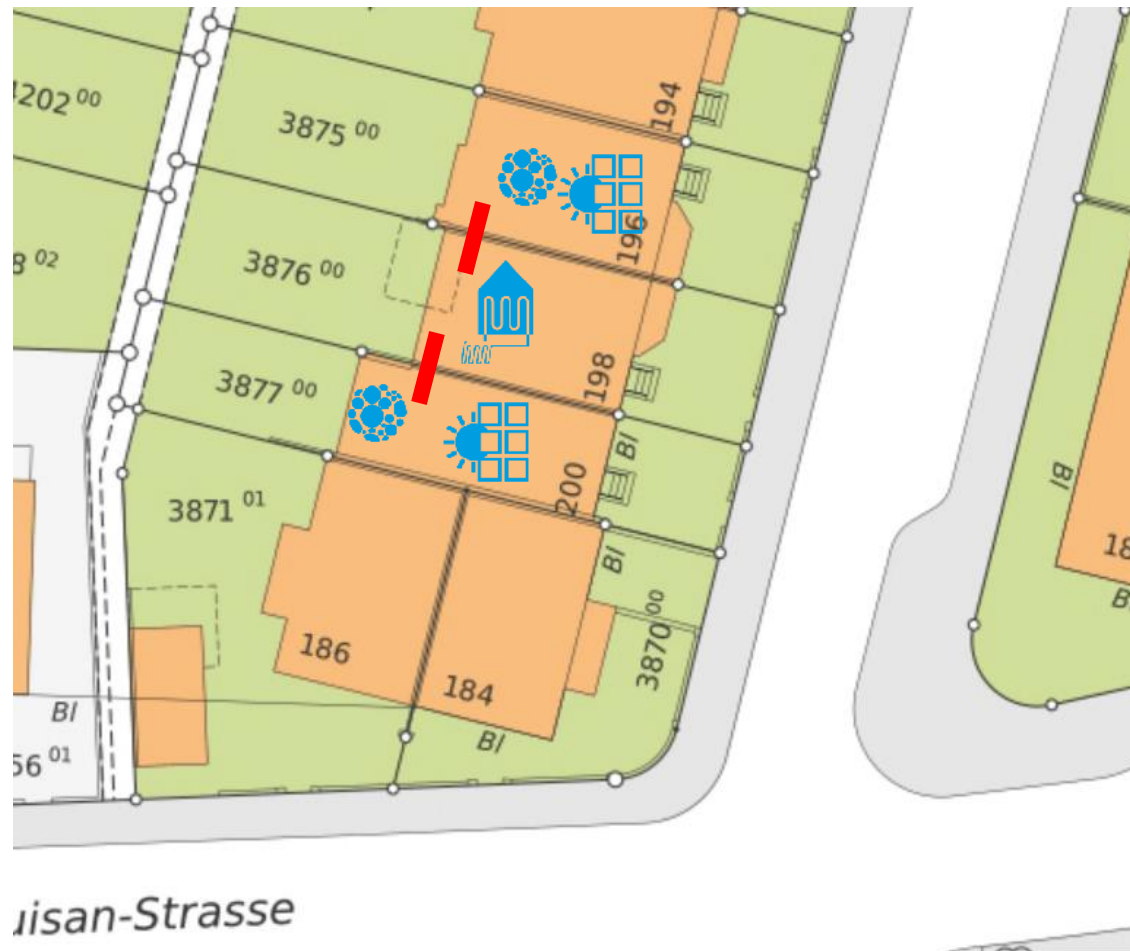
Gas heating



EWS-WP

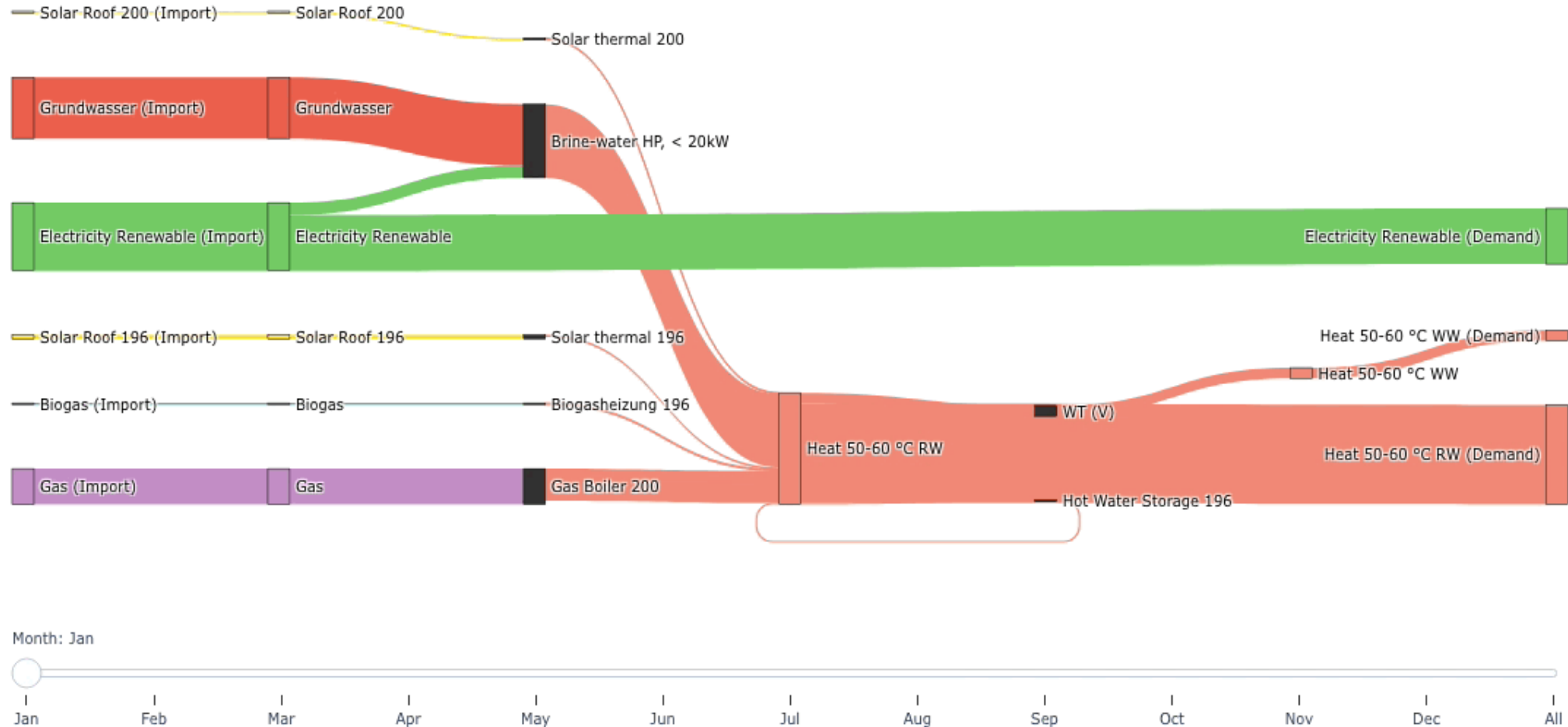


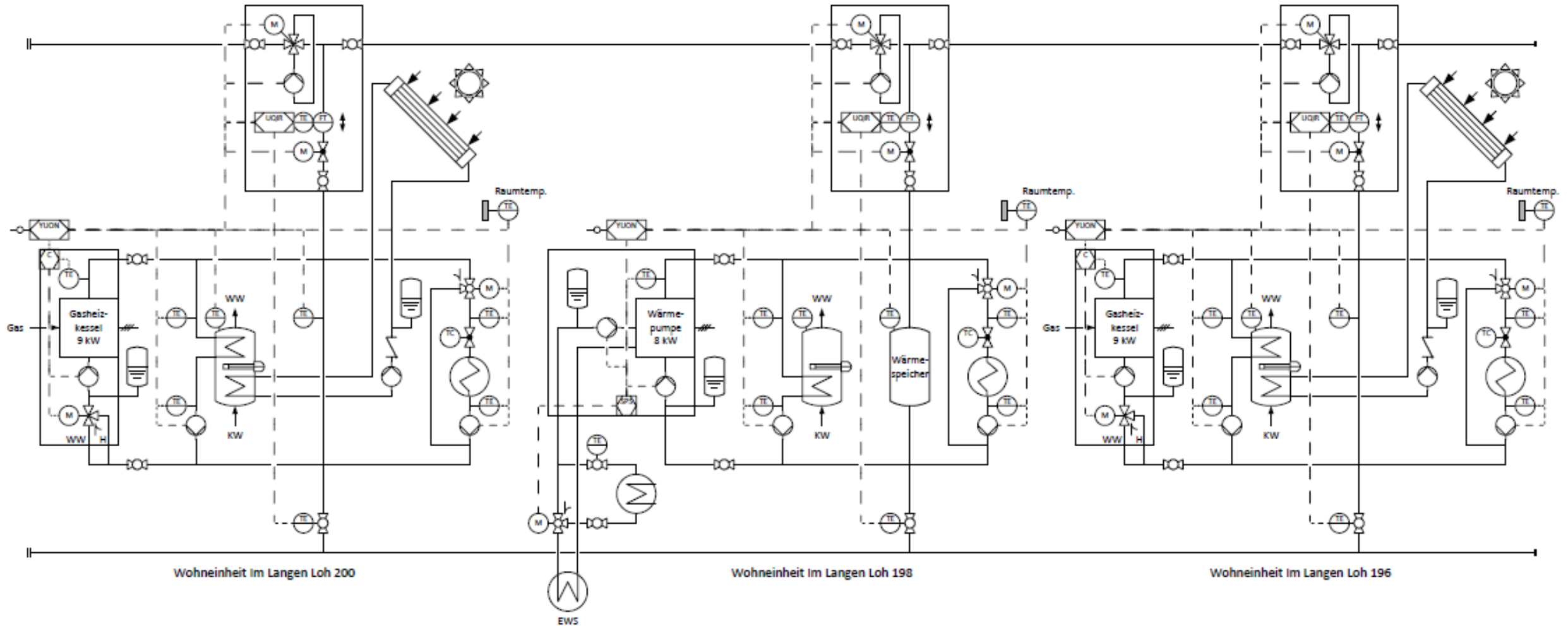
Solar thermal energy



Koordinaten ▲

— Connecting pipe











Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft
Confédération suisse
Confederazione Svizzera
Confederaziun svizra

iwb

Bundesamt für Energie BFE

PATHFINDER project

WP5 P+D Nanocomposite



ETH zürich



HOCHSCHULE
LUZERN



UNIVERSITÉ
DE GENÈVE

EPFL

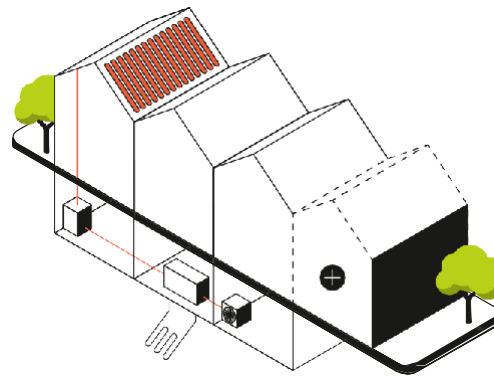
- Heating systems in buildings are designed to provide sufficient heat on the coldest days of the year. This means that most of the time the **heating systems** are **not utilised at 100%**. If **terraced houses** are connected to a **thermal network**, heating can be more efficient locally, as the most efficient heating system can always be operated to cover the demand of all houses.
- These thermally connected buildings with adapted operating strategies (called "nano-networks") can also provide **more flexibility** to local DSOs and energy suppliers. Especially when mixed building energy systems are present, different storage/conversion technologies can provide **added value** for all participants/stakeholders.
- **A pilot plant** with three terraced houses with flexibility-conscious operation in Basel will **demonstrate** the **potential** of the nanoverbund concept. In addition, a stakeholder ecosystem study will identify the important key points of all participants.

#	Name	WP Lead	Contributors	'23				'24				'25	
				Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
WP1	Model extension & Definition of cases	HSLU	IWB, Empa, Sympheny					MS3					
WP2	Flexibility awareness in operation	Empa	ETH PSL, HSLU					MS2					
WP3	Measurement campaigns	IWB	Empa, HSLU		MS1				MS5			MS7	
WP4	Economical and ecological assessment	Empa	IWB, Sympheny, HSLU, ETH PSL									MS8	
WP5	Ecosystem alignment study	ETH SUSTEC	IWB, Sympheny					MS4			MS6		
WP6	Aggregation & Upscaling study	ETH PSL	HSLU, Sympheny, IWB, Sustec, Empa									MS9	
WP7	Project Management	Empa	All										
				'23				'24				'25	
				Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2

Current publications: www.nanoverbund.ch

Potential for Switzerland

- Over 75,000 suitable building networks identified
- Savings of 1,079 GWh of fossil energy
- Avoidance of 252,000 tonnes of CO₂ per year without heating replacement



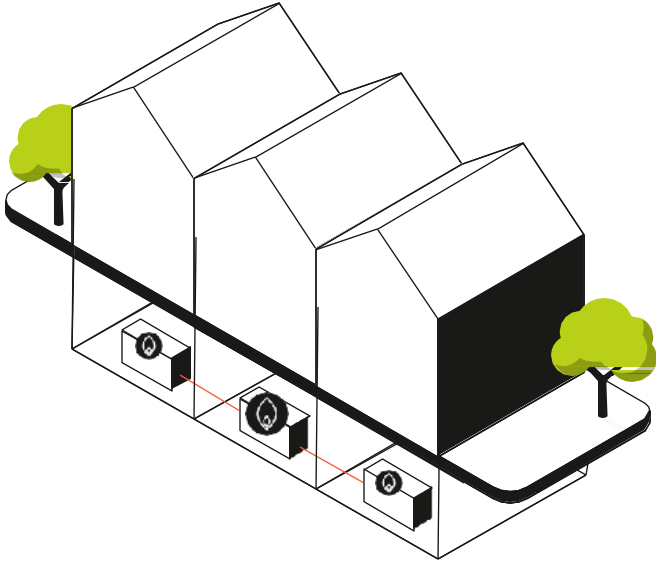
The coordinated design of **heating nanogrids** is more beneficial **for society** than isolated changes in individual building.





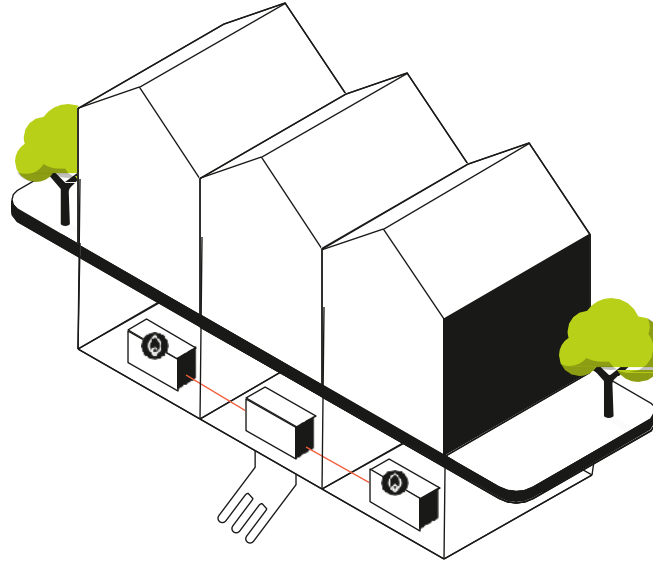
Step by step to climate neutrality

Step 1



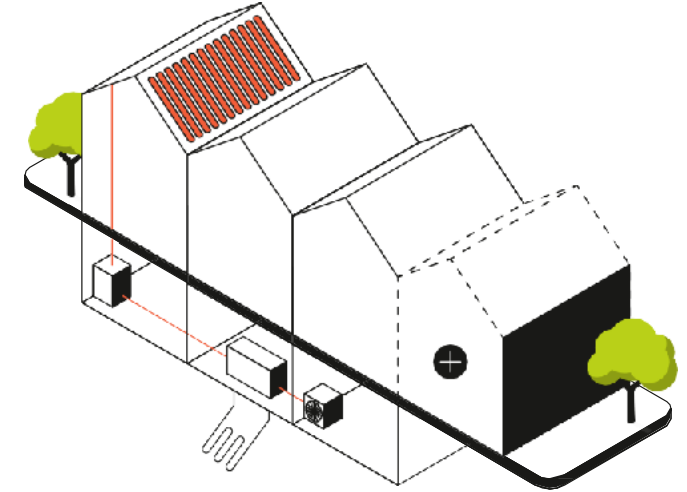
- Connecting existing heating systems
- Measure and optimise
- Up to 20% energy savings
- Minimise the risk of heating failure

Step 2



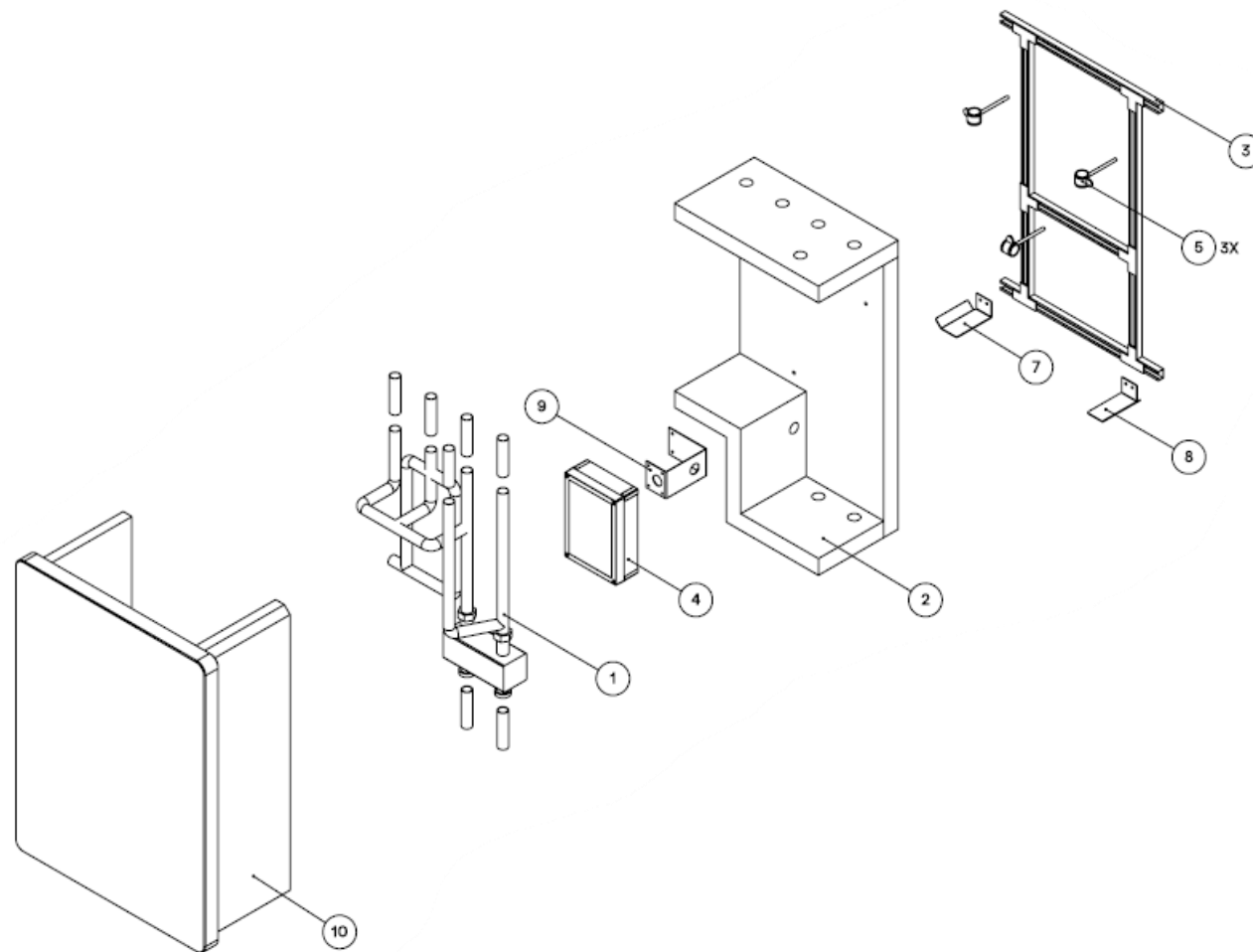
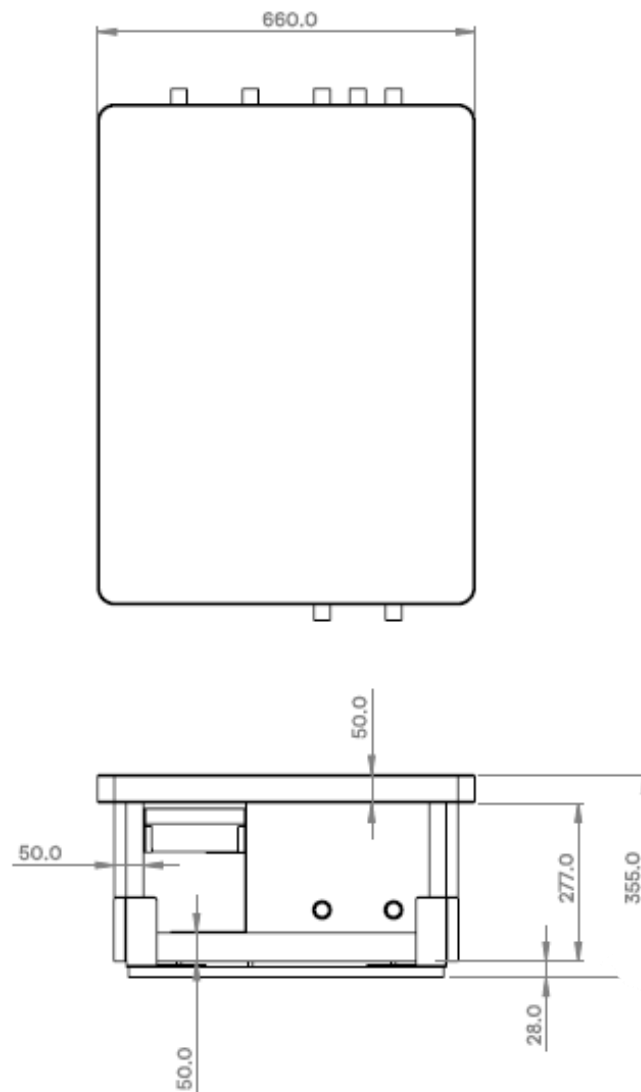
- Install renewable heating
- Already 91% renewable
- Up to 15% more favourable in operation and investment compared to a single solution

Step 3



- Replacement with a sensibly dimensioned heating system
- Space savings through distribution
- Expansion possible at any time
- Reaction options thanks to technology flexibility

iwbo

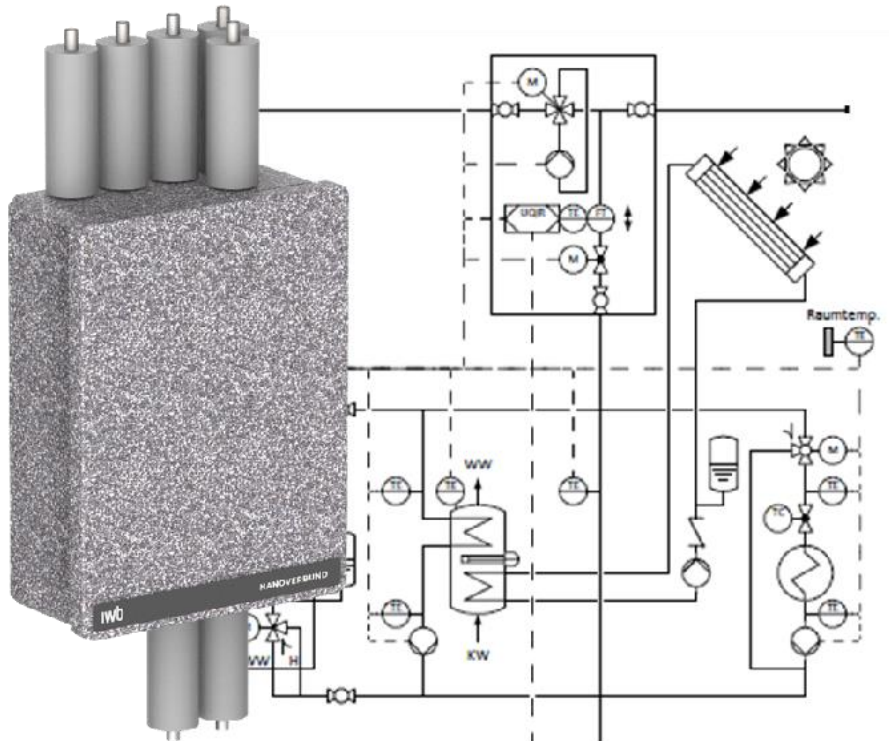


Service IWB in collaboration with Yuon



Construction

Wall station, plans, sample contract



Operation

Optimisation, measurement and support

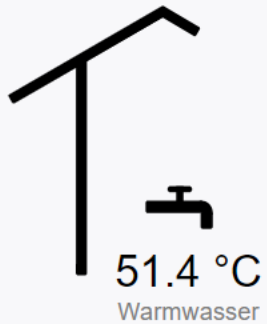


Heizung

Nanoverbund

Konto

4.6 °C
Aussen



20.2 °C
Innen

3.4 kW
Leistung



Heating mode ⓘ

auto

manual

off

boost

Room
Temperature



20 °C



Absence



now to 28.08.2024

Time program ⓘ



Zeitprogramm 1

10:00



to

16:00



Mon

Tue

Wed

Thu

Fri

Sat

Sun



-1°C



Statistics ⓘ



48 h

week



4 °C

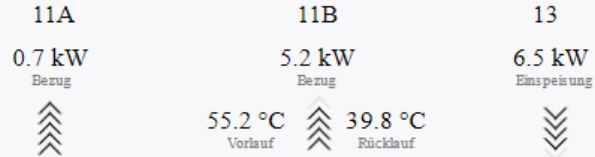
Settings ⓘ



Hotwater ⓘ



Heizung



Nanoverbund

Energiemengen

Zeitraum

01.07.2024 to 26.08.2024

Einspeisung

171 kWh

Bezug

549 kWh

Nettobezug

378 kWh

Einstellungen

Nanoverbund aktiv



Prioritäten



Energiekosten



Abrechnung & Einsparungen

Zeitraum

01.07.2024 to 26.08.2024

Einsparungen Gebäude 11B

102.45 Fr.

Einsparungen Verbund

307.35 Fr.

Bezugskosten

bezahlbar an T. Muster, 13

385.65 Fr.

Kosten ohne Verbund †



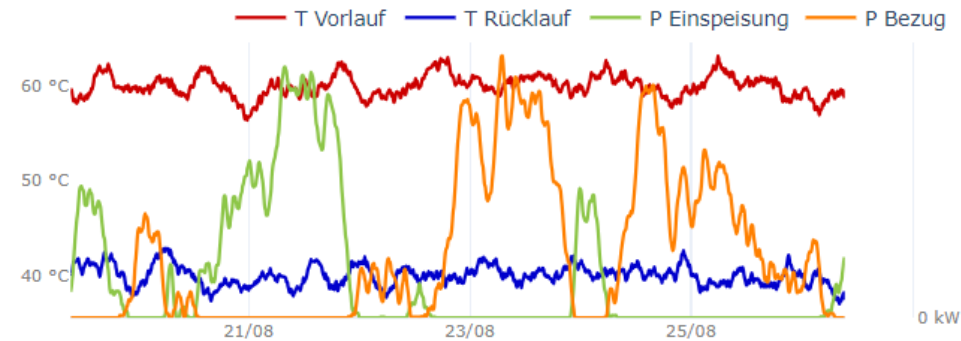
Erneuerbare



Statistics

48 h

week



Nanoverbund transitional solution for district heating (Lucerne) (1/2)

Gemäss GWR-Daten oder Aufnahme Begehung oder Kontaktaufnahme

Legende

Heizung mit Erdgas:



Heizung mit Heizöl:



Heizungsalter in Jahren:

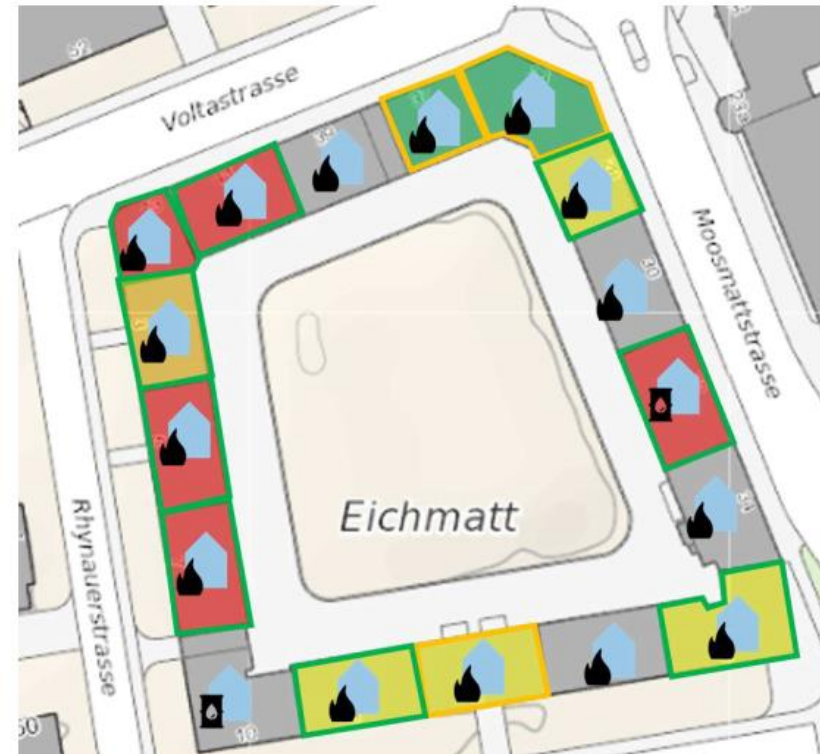
Green	0-10 Jahre
Yellow	10-15 Jahre
Orange	15-20 Jahre
Red	Älter als 20 Jahre
Grey	Keine Information



Beteiligt an Beratungsstufe 2



Offenheit bekundet



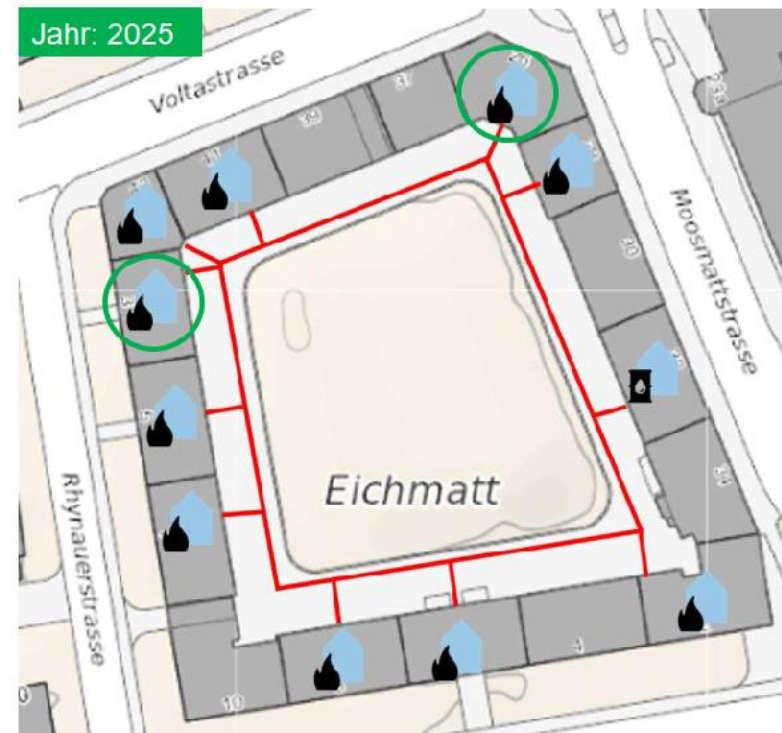
Nanoverbund transitional solution for district heating (Lucerne) (2/2)

Variante 2.2: «Fernwärme mit Übergang Gas dezentral»

Resultate der Machbarkeitsklärung 2025

- Zusammenschluss zum «Nanoverbund»
- Alle Gebäude können produzieren und beziehen
- Die **effizientesten** Heizungen laufen prioritär

	Leistung (kW)
Heizleistung Bedarf	360
Heizleistung installiert	590
Reserve im Verbund	230



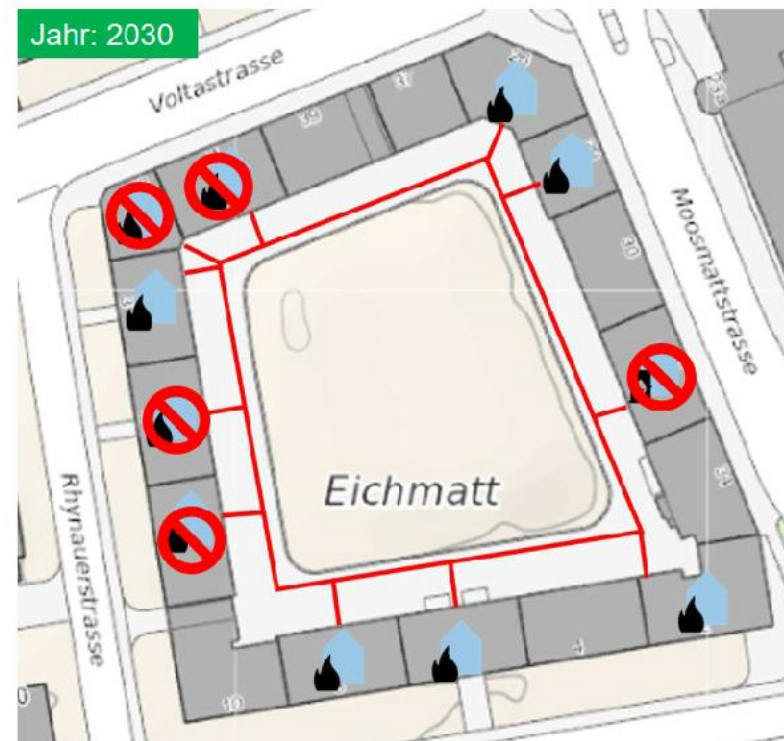
Nanoverbund transitional solution for district heating (Lucerne) (2/2)

Variante 2.2: «Fernwärme mit Übergang Gas dezentral»

Resultate der Machbarkeitsklärung 2030

- Kontinuierliche Optimierung der Heizungen und Reduktion des Heizleistungsbedarf um min. 15%
- Ausfall der 5 ältesten Heizungen (>25 Jahre)

	Leistung (kW)
Heizleistung Bedarf	320
Heizleistung installiert	330
Reserve Im Verbund	10



Terraced single-family house and terraced multi-family house



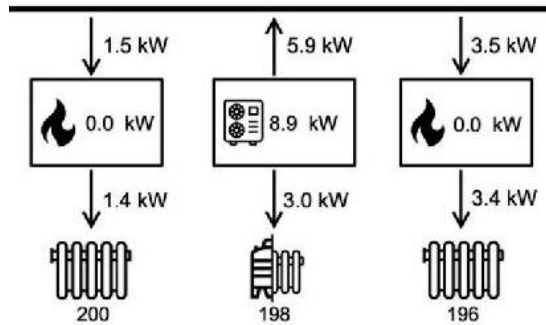
Single-family house

- up to max. 25 kW / building
- Connection DN 25
- Wall mounting
- 40 kg
- Availability: in stock

Apartment block

- Up to max. 85 kW / building
- Connection DN 50
- Floor standing
- Approx. 150 kg
- Availability: Q2/2026

Nanoverbund at a glance



- ✓ Online user interface calculates and provides information on the joint and individual heat balance
- ✓ Online remote control and monitoring of your own heating system
- ✓ Advice, checklists and standard contracts are available
- ✓ Maintenance, ongoing optimisation of the network and initial advice on replacing heating systems
- ✓ Heating network with synergy effect, without heating centre and connection rate



Savings in energy costs & CO₂ while increasing flexibility and security of supply

Canton of Basel-Stadt and Baselland promote the Nanoverbund

Maximum funding amount

- BS: up to max. 40% of the total investment costs
- BL: up to max. 50% of the total investment costs

Composition of the funding amount

- BS: Basic amount CHF 4,000 + CHF 200/kW_{th}
- BL: Basic amount CHF 5,000 + CHF 200/kW_{th}

Requirements for funding

- Funding is provided for the connection or replacement of fossil-fuelled heating with renewable heating
- Fossil heating system must be replaced within 5 years (BS) or 3 years (BL)

Outside BS/BL

- Other cantons in clarification







von natur aus
klimafreundlich **iwb**

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Attachments

