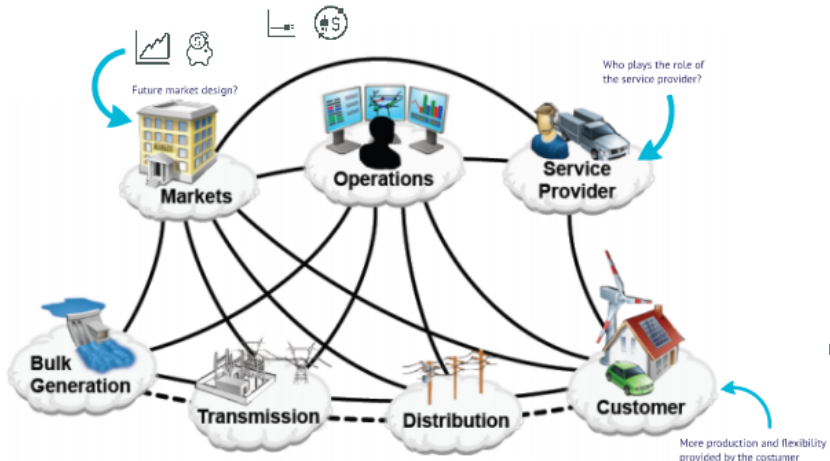


# Grid integration of renewables:

## Dispatching and exploitation of virtual power plants



(c) NIST Smart Grid Framework

--- Secure Communication Flows  
— Electrical Flows



DEMO



DEMO





**misurio**

**Grid integration of renewables**  
Dispatching and exploitation of virtual power plants

Dr. Karl Werlen | Workshop @University of Geneva | 11th December 2014

# Optimal Exploitation of Flexible Energy Systems

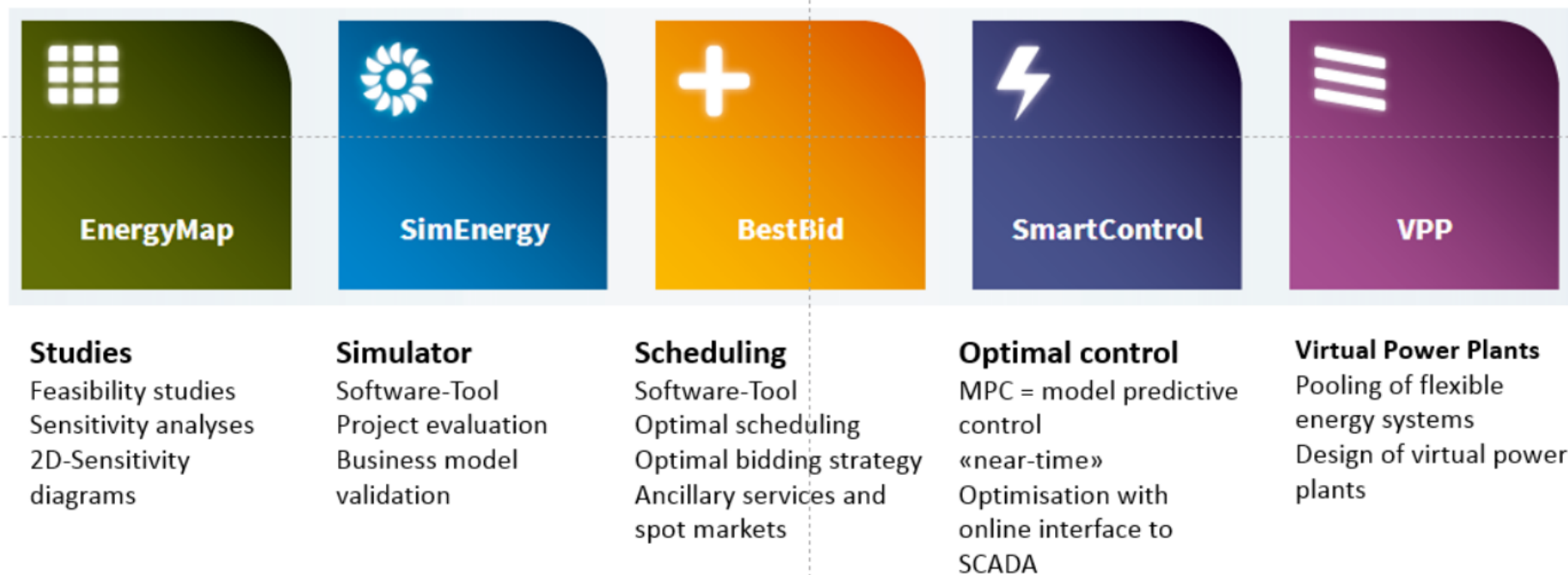


**Energy Services**  
**operation of VPP**  
industry, SME, consumers

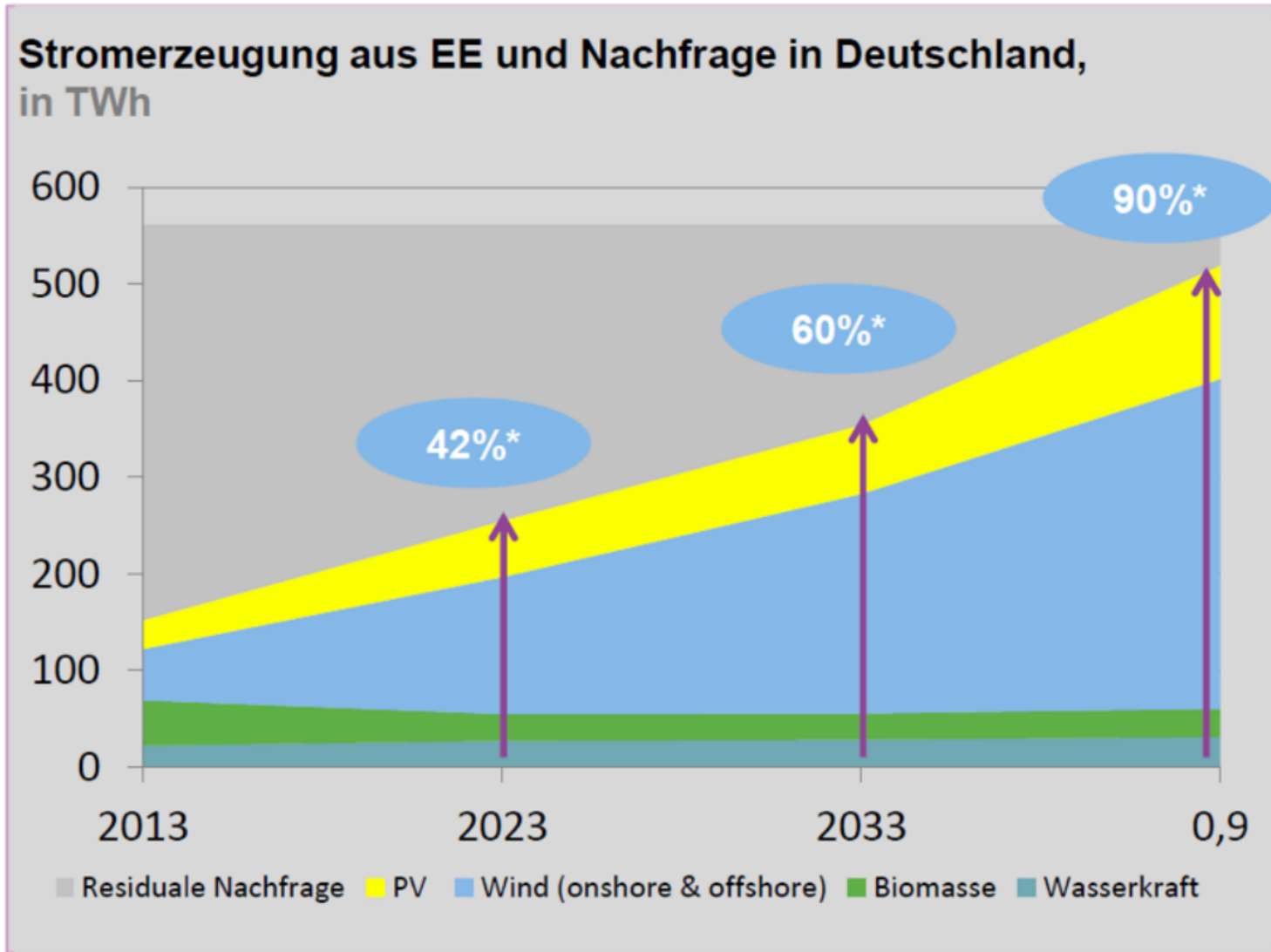


**Misurio Optimizer**  
**development of VPP**  
studies, analyses,  
software for planning and operation  
MPC-controllers

# Misurio Optimizer | Applications



# The Challenge of the Energy Transition

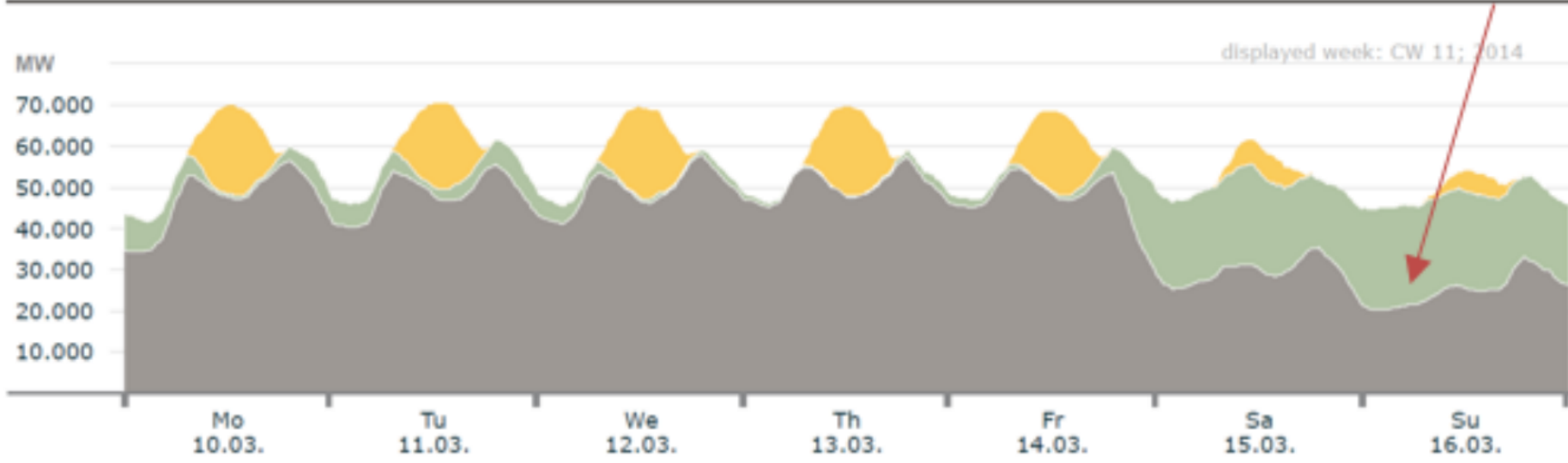


\* Für das restliche Europa wurde verzögerter Ausbau der Erneuerbaren Energien angenommen:  
23% bei 42% in D, 40% bei 60% in D, 60% bei 90% in D

# Electricity Production in Germany: Calendar Week 11

**negative electricity prices**  
(min = -60.26 EUR/MWh)

**Actual production**



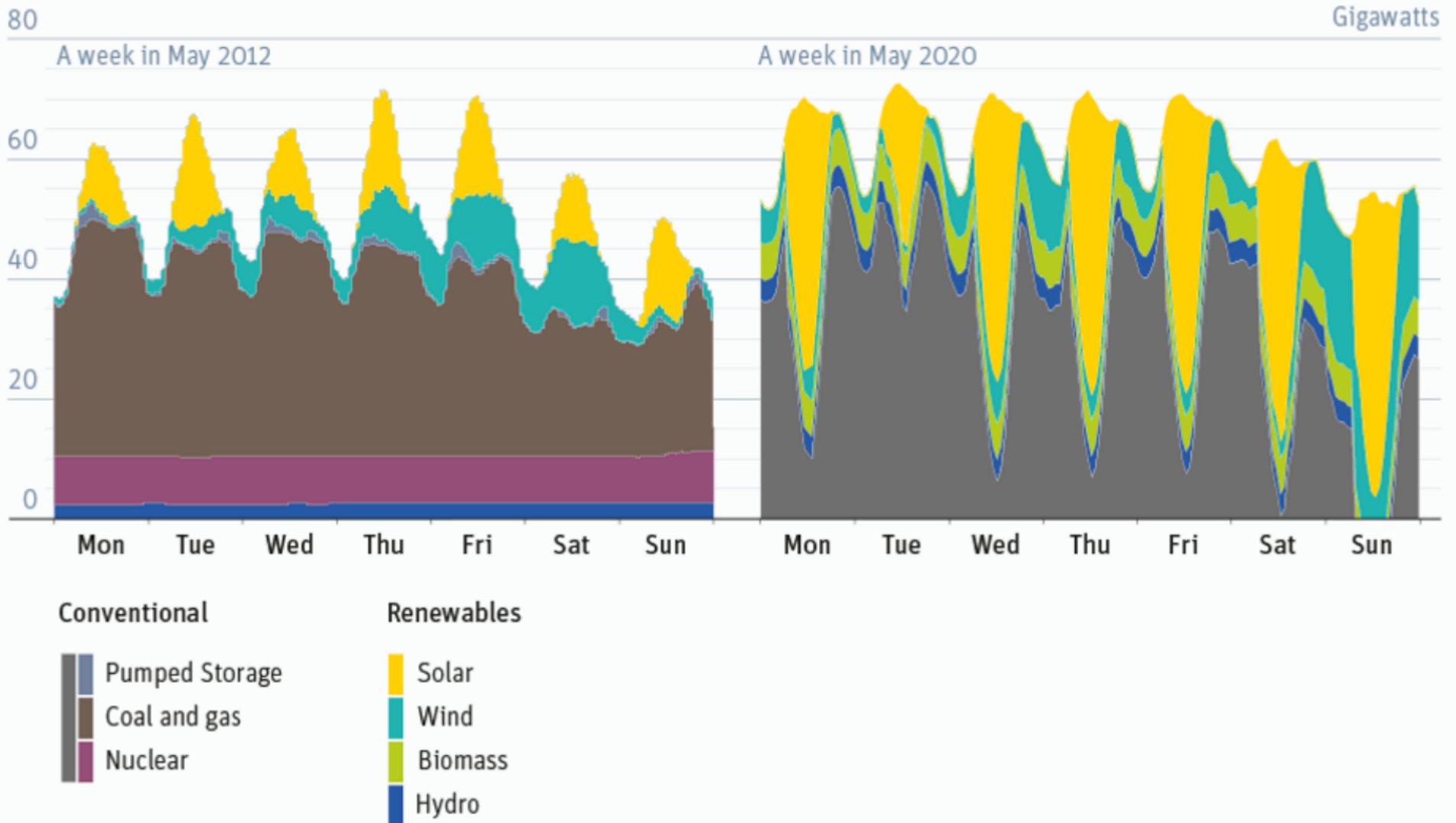
	max. power	date max. power	weekly energy
Solar	22.1 GW	12.03., 12:15 (+1:00)	0.8 TWh
Wind	24.8 GW	16.03., 02:30 (+1:00)	1.44 TWh
Conventional > 100 MW	57.9 GW	12.03., 19:00 (+1:00)	7.2 TWh

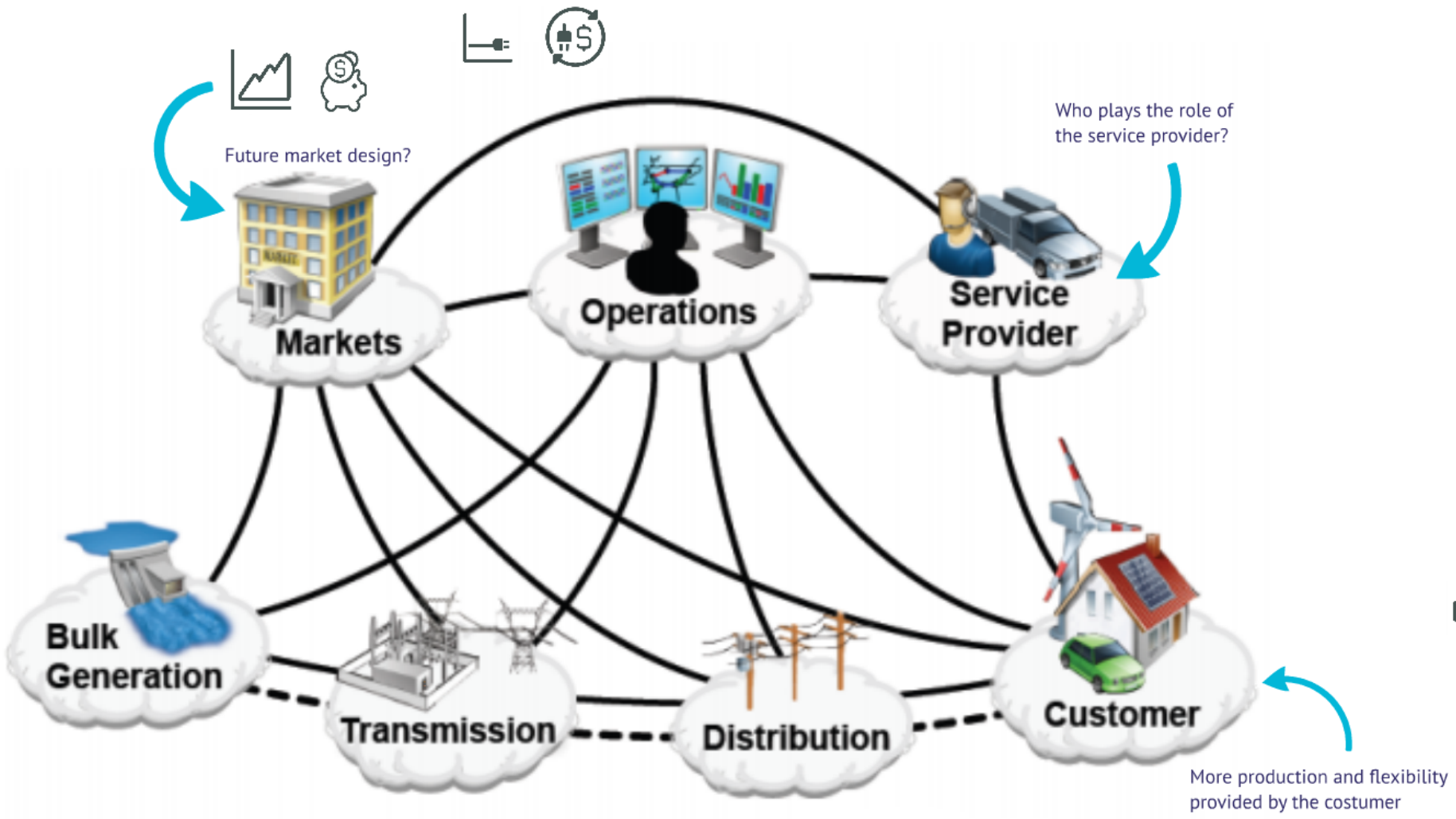
Graph: Bruno Burger, Fraunhofer ISE; Data: EEX Transparency Platform

# Renewables need flexible backup, not baseload

Estimated power demand over a week in 2012 and 2020, Germany

Source: Volker Quaschnig, HTW Berlin

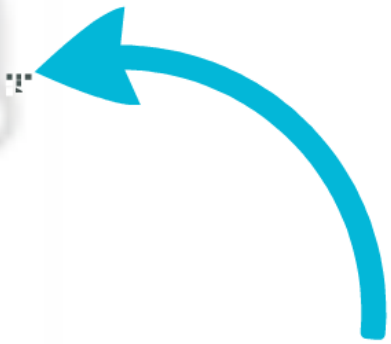




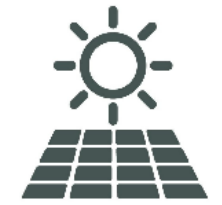
(c) NIST Smart Grid Framework

- Secure Communication Flows
- \_\_\_\_\_ Electrical Flows



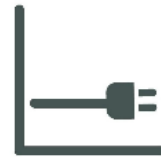


More production and flexibility provided by the customer



Who plays the role of  
the service provider?

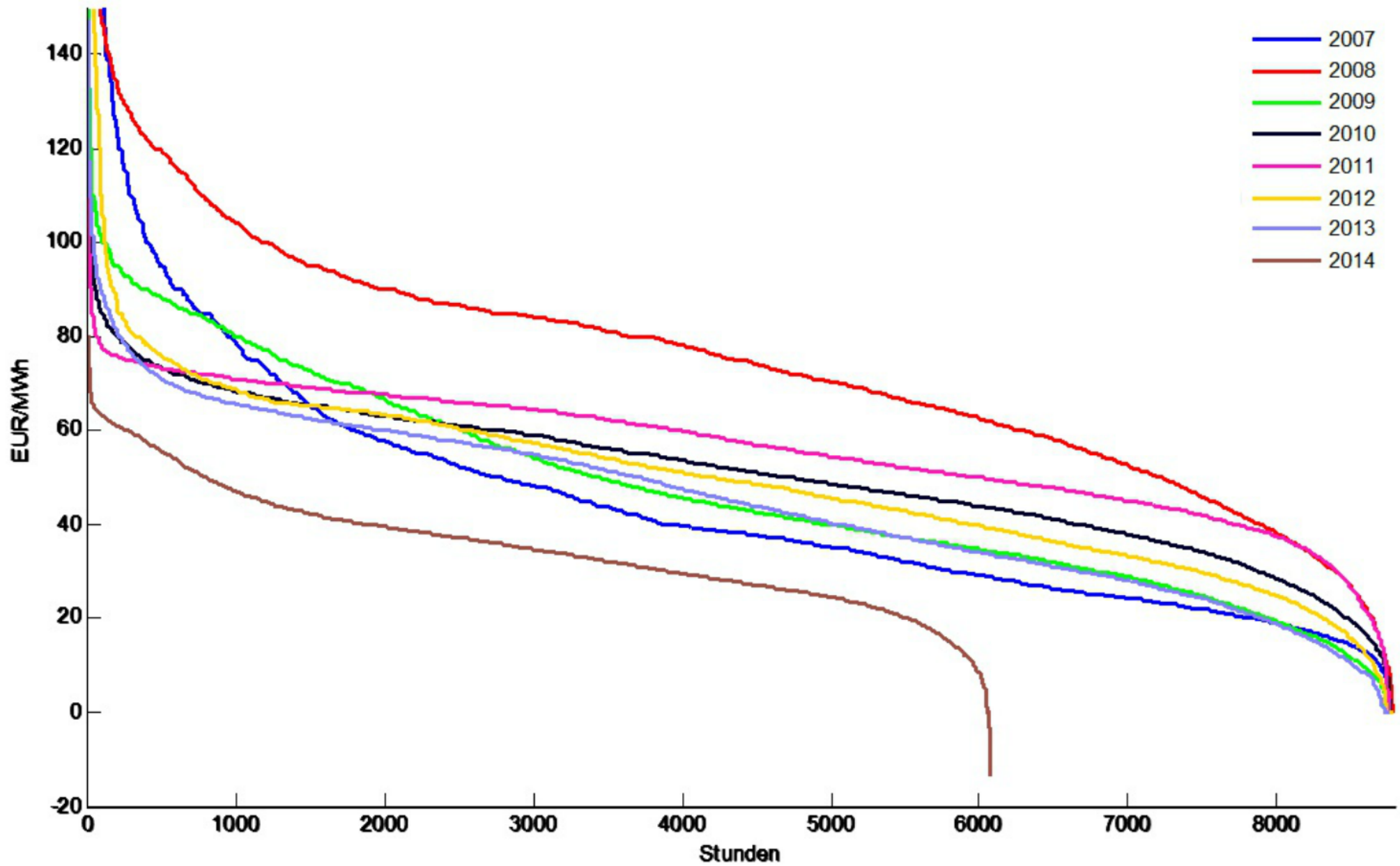




Future market design?

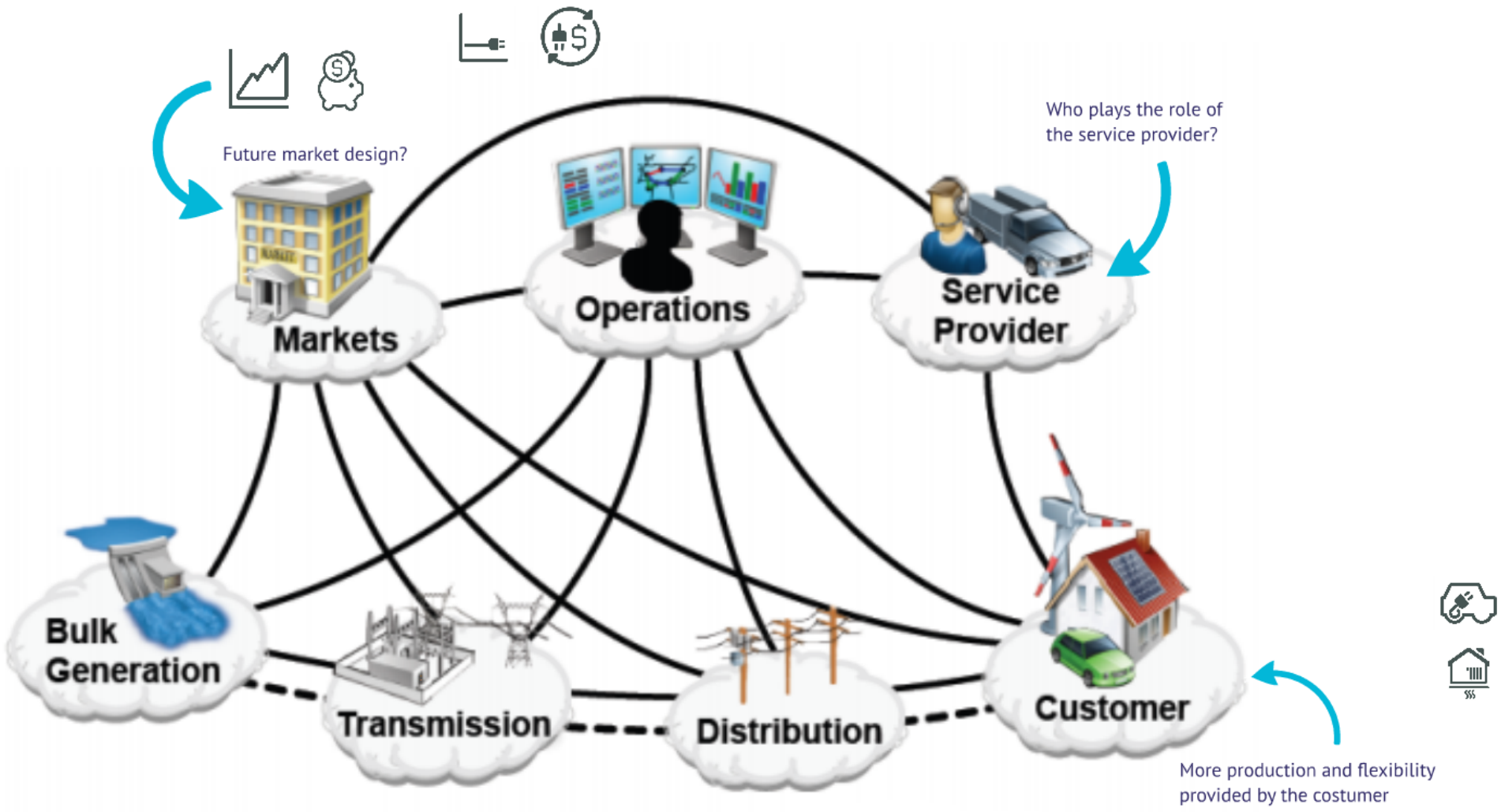


# Swissix Electricity Prices 2007 – 2014



## 1/4 Stunden Marktpreise Deutschland 2./3. Oktober 2013 Intraday und Day-ahead





(c) NIST Smart Grid Framework

----- Secure Communication Flows  
 \_\_\_\_\_ Electrical Flows

# Desertec

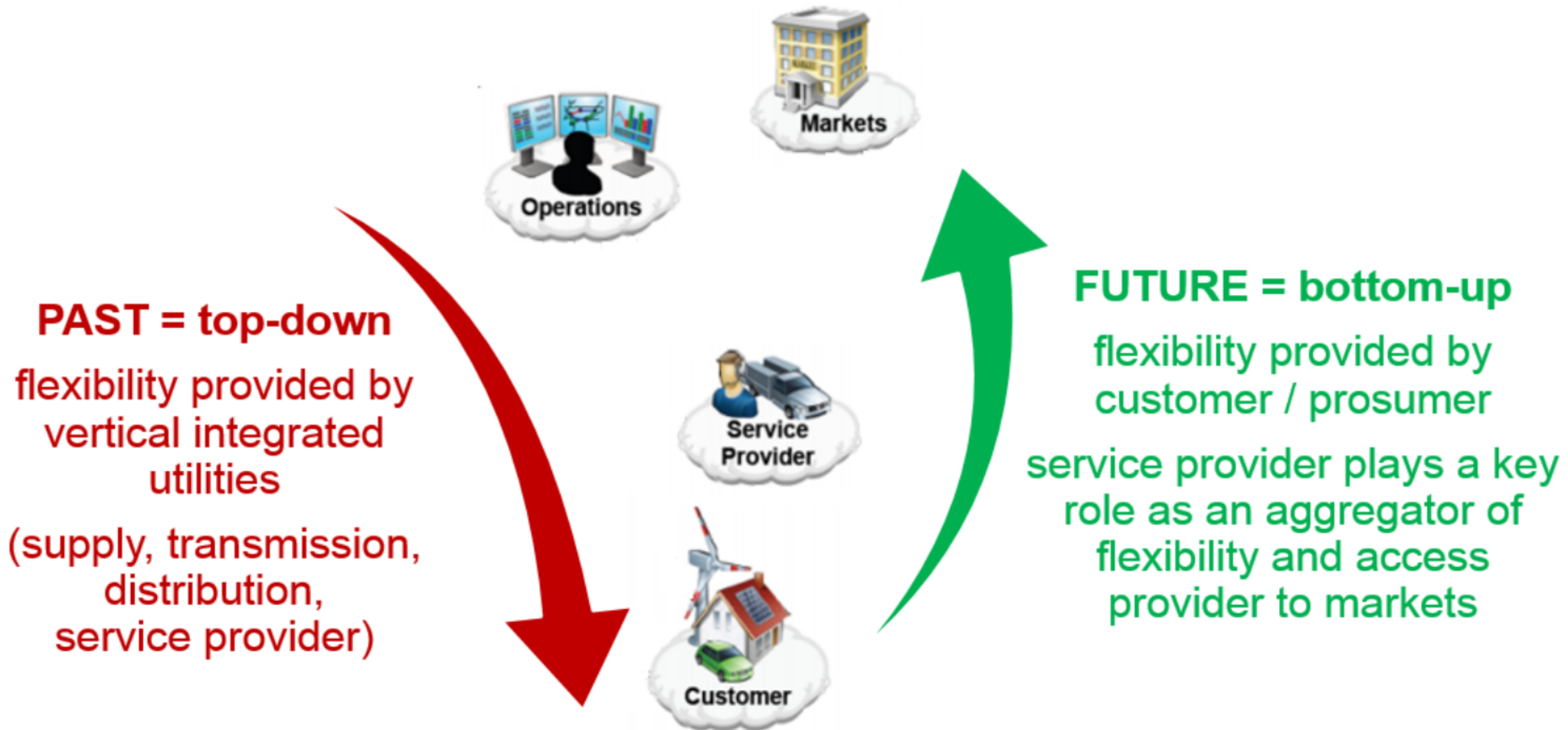


The image features a series of high-voltage power transmission towers, also known as pylons, silhouetted against a vibrant sunset sky. The sky transitions from a deep orange at the bottom to a bright yellow at the top. The towers are constructed from a complex lattice of steel beams and are equipped with multiple horizontal cross-arms. Each cross-arm supports several insulators, which are depicted as vertical, segmented structures. The perspective is from a low angle, looking up at the towers, which creates a sense of scale and height. The overall composition is a technical and industrial scene, representing the infrastructure of a power grid.

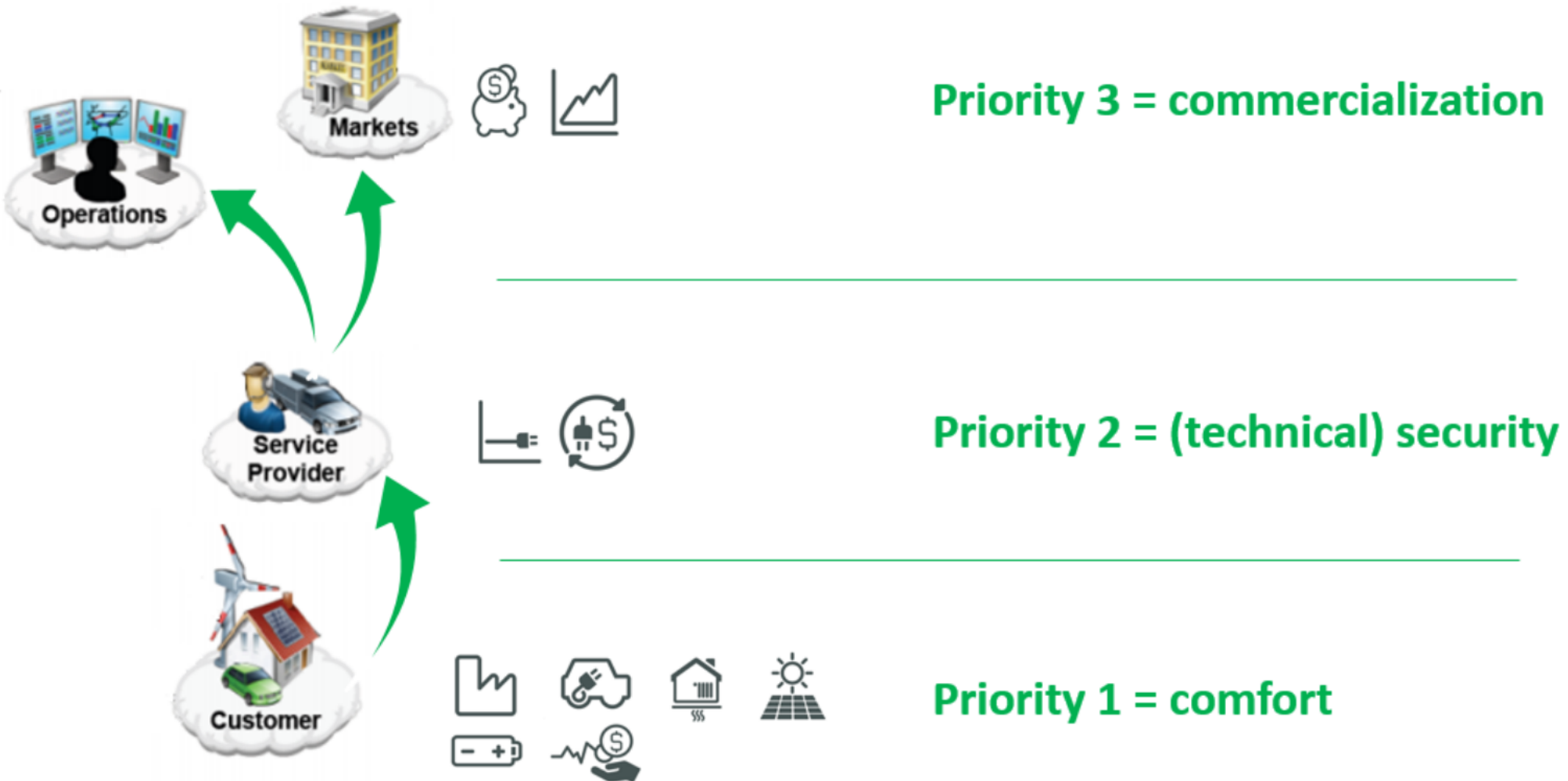
# EU Supergrid



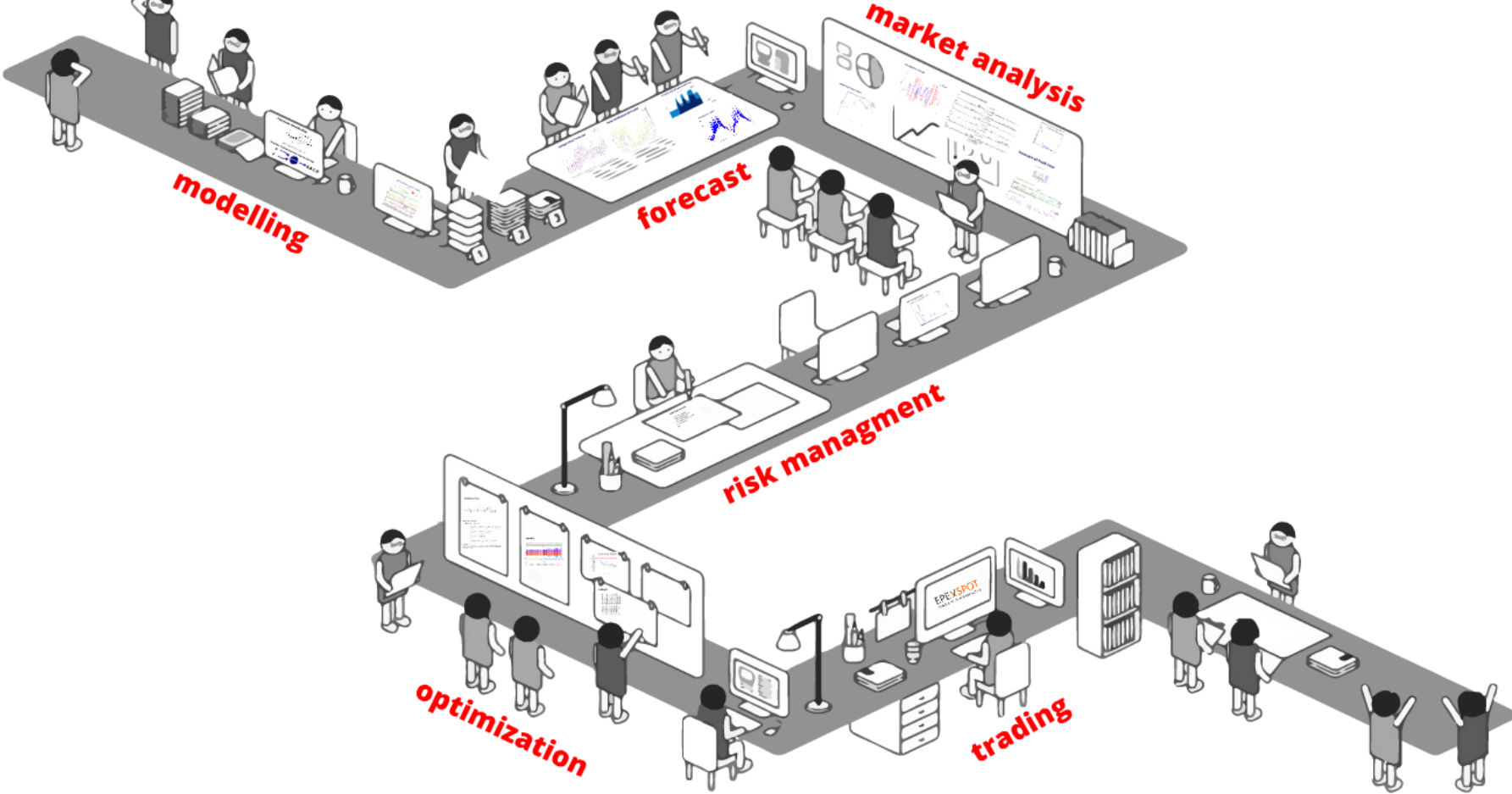
# The Energy Transition

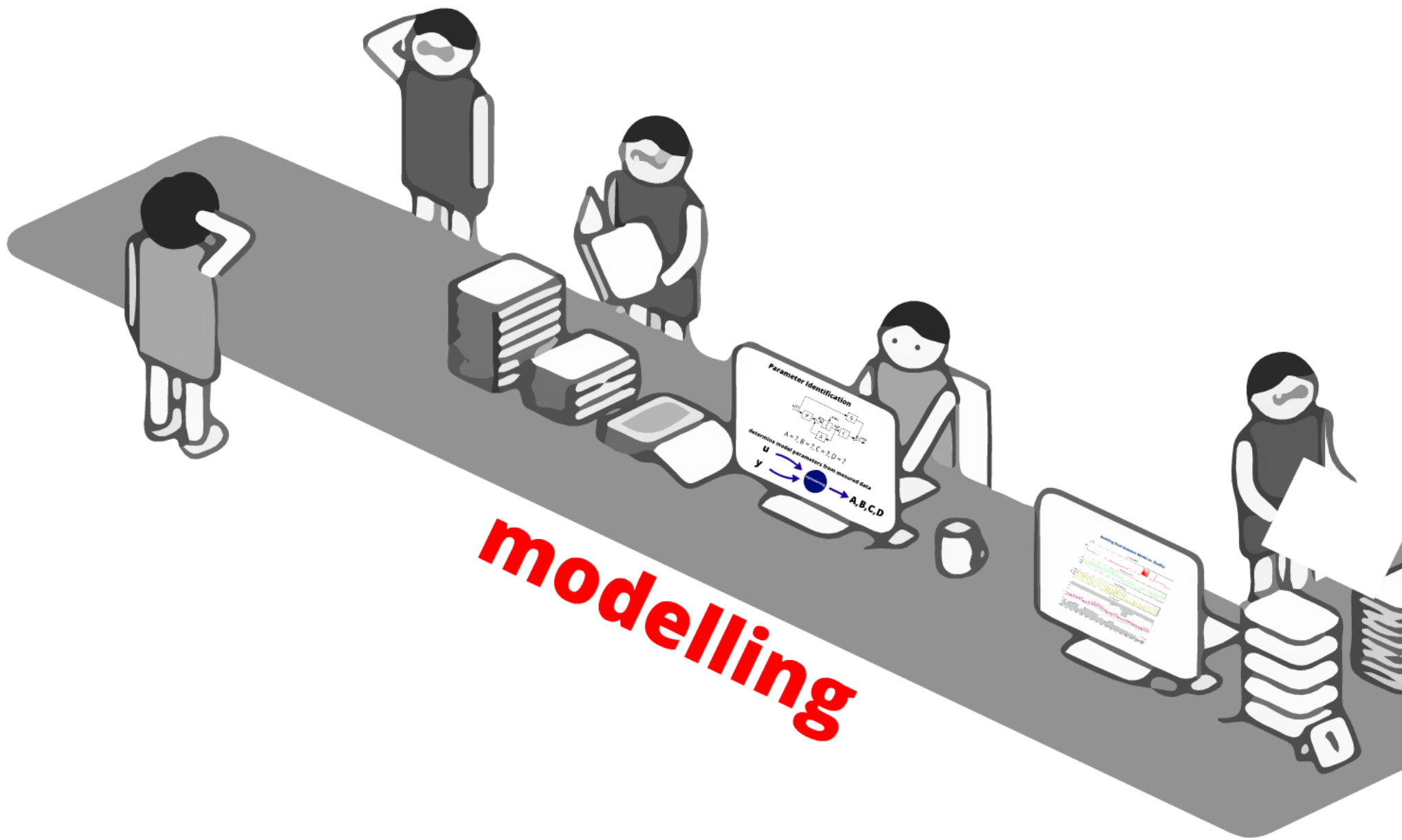


# Priorities for the Exploitation of Flexibility



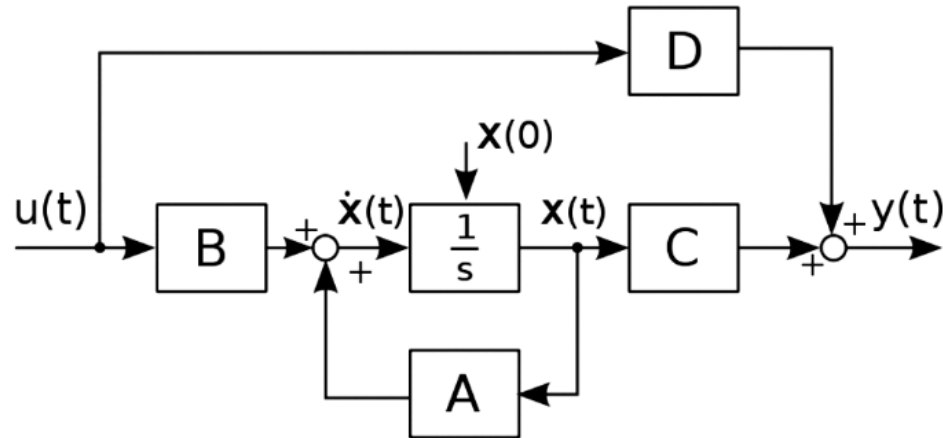
# Multi Optimization Method





**modelling**

# Parameter Identification

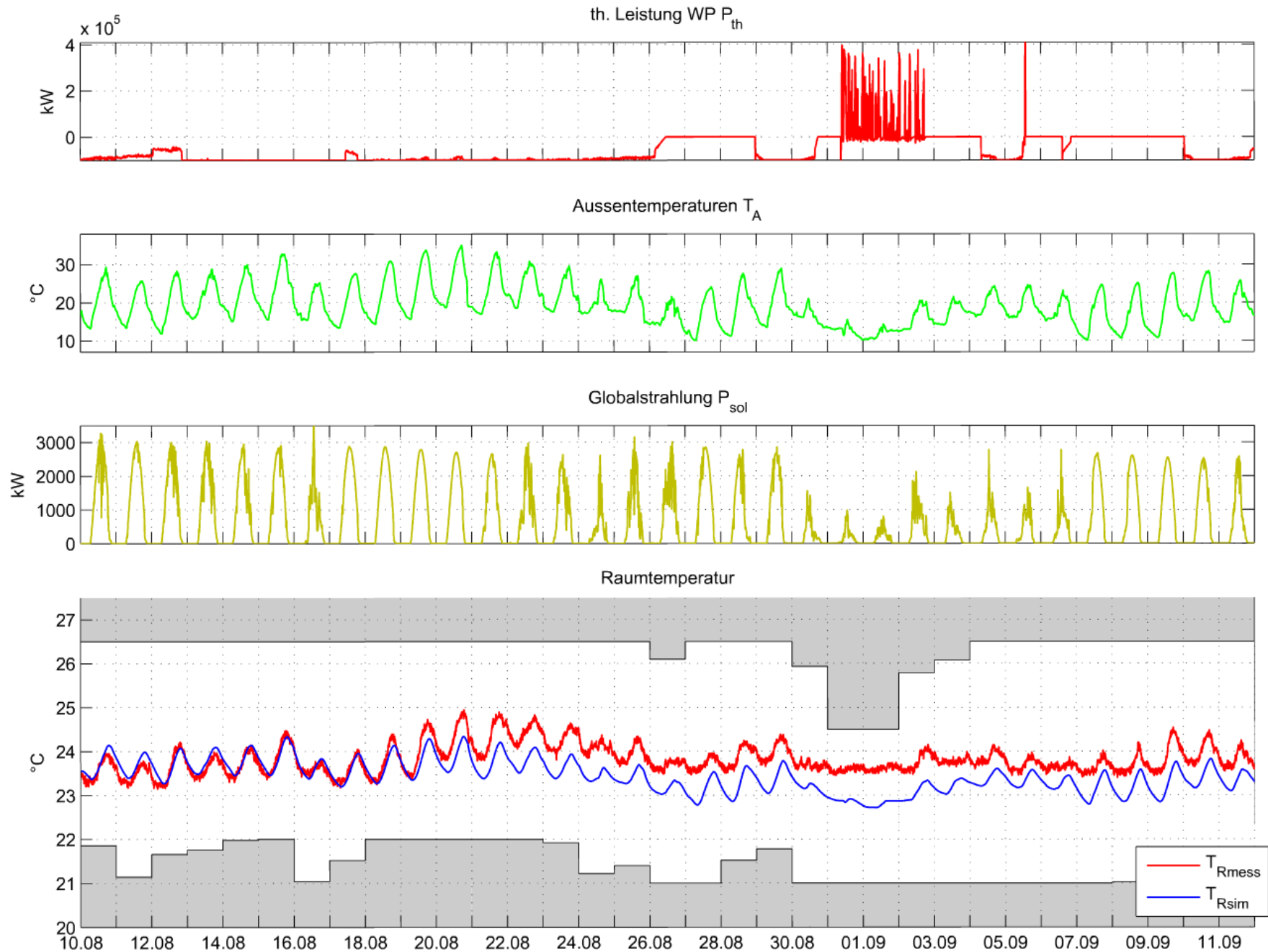


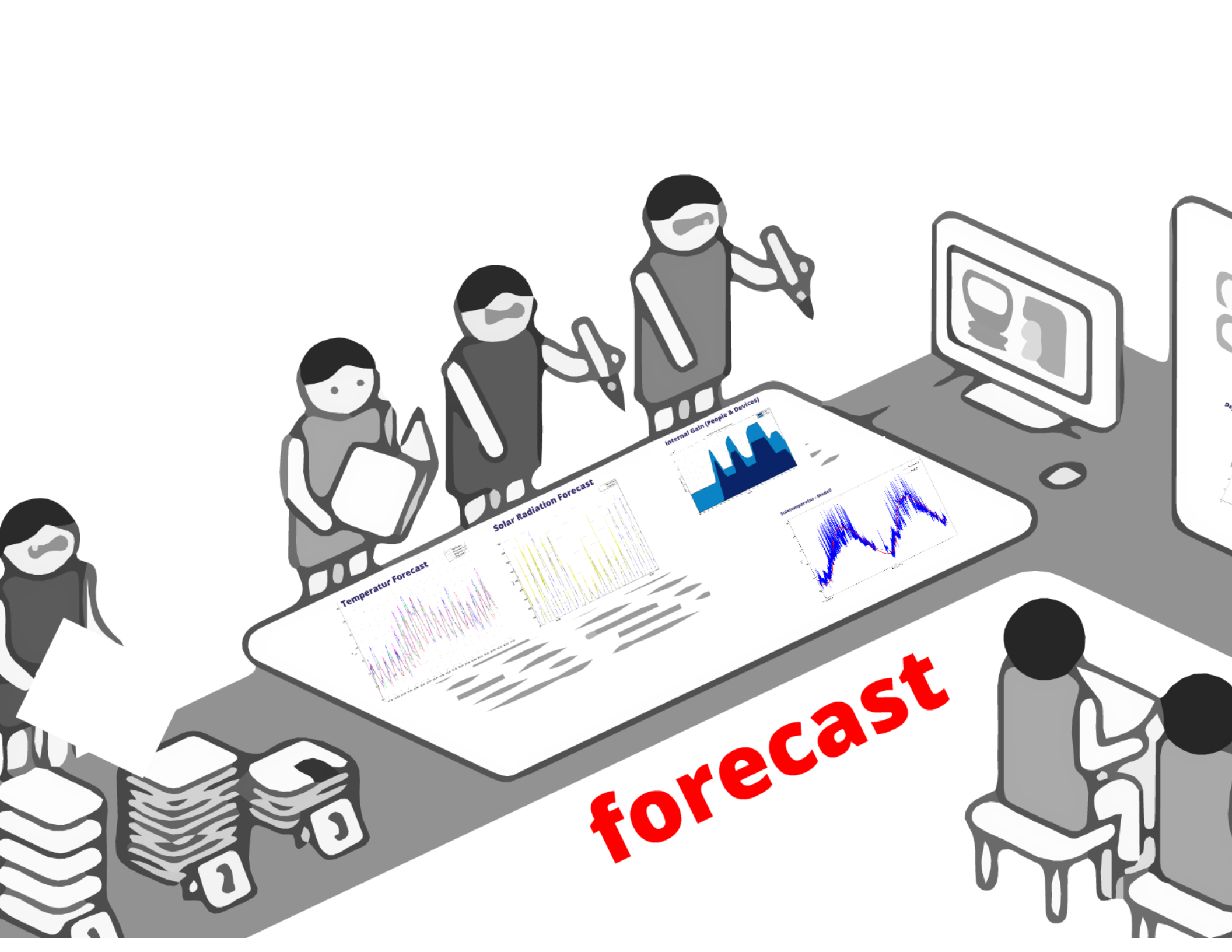
$A = ?$ ,  $B = ?$ ,  $C = ?$ ,  $D = ?$

**determine model parameters from measured data**



# Building Heat Balance: Model vs. Reality

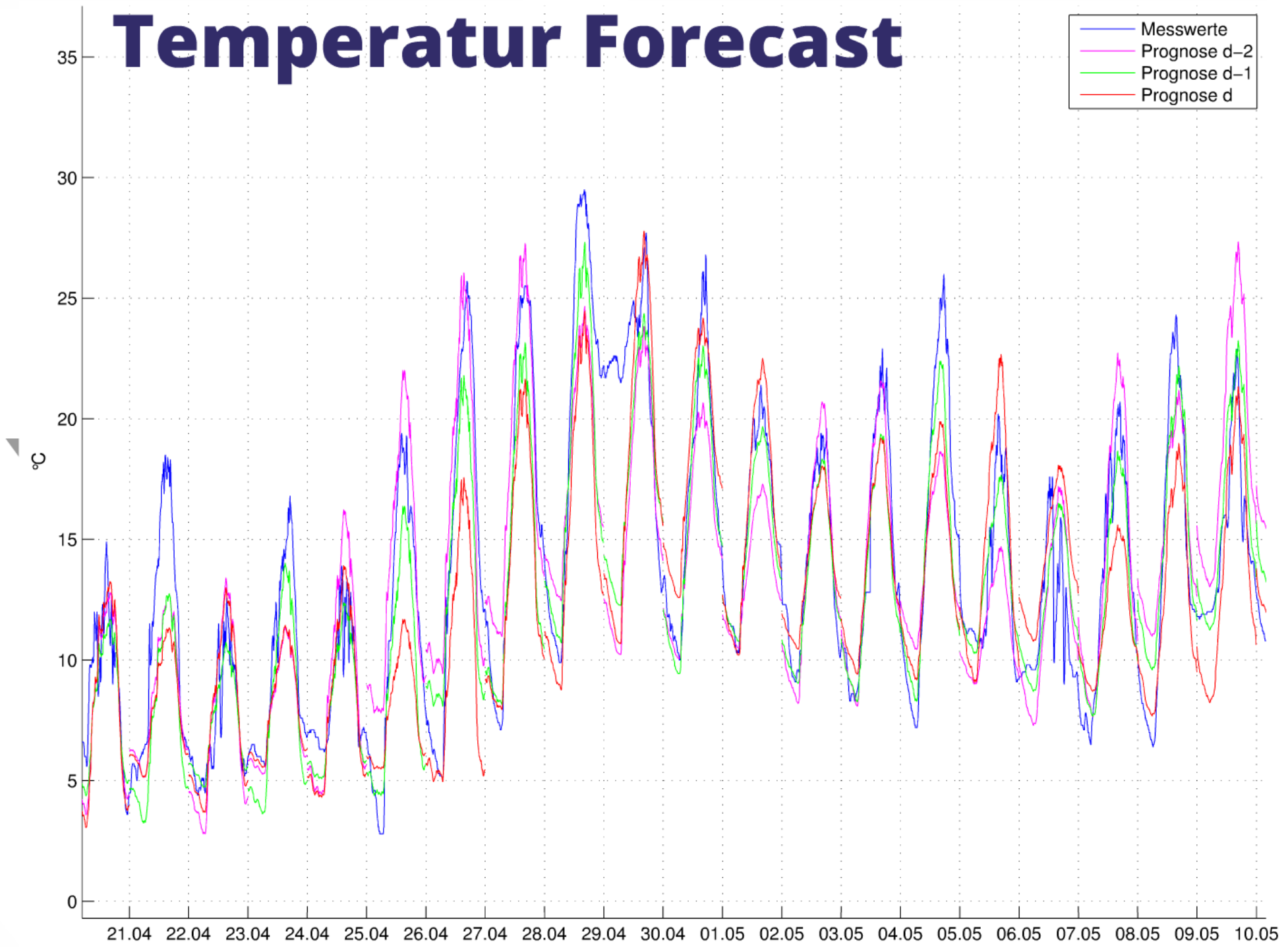




**forecast**

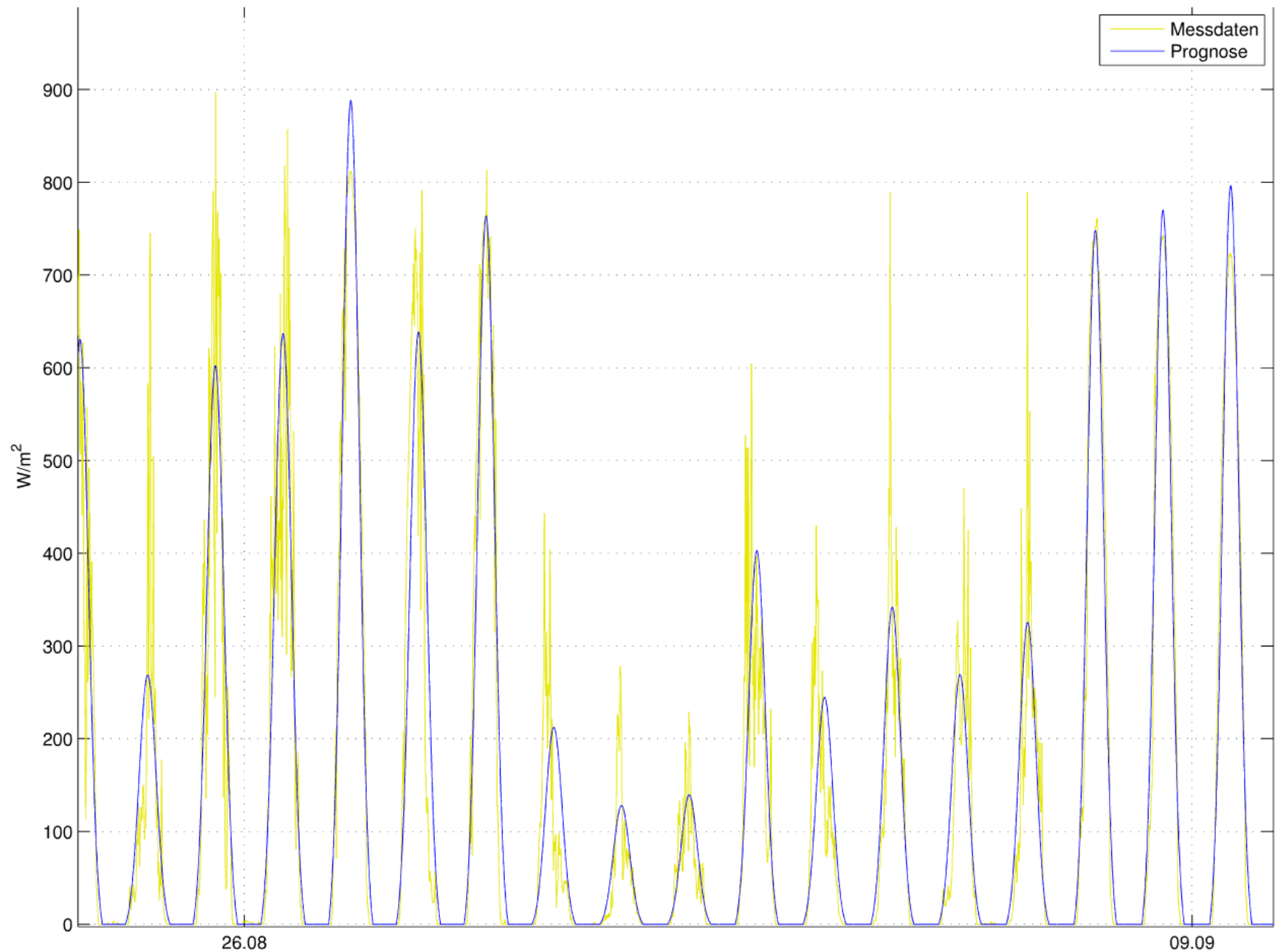
# Temperatur Forecast

- Messwerte
- Prognose d-2
- Prognose d-1
- Prognose d

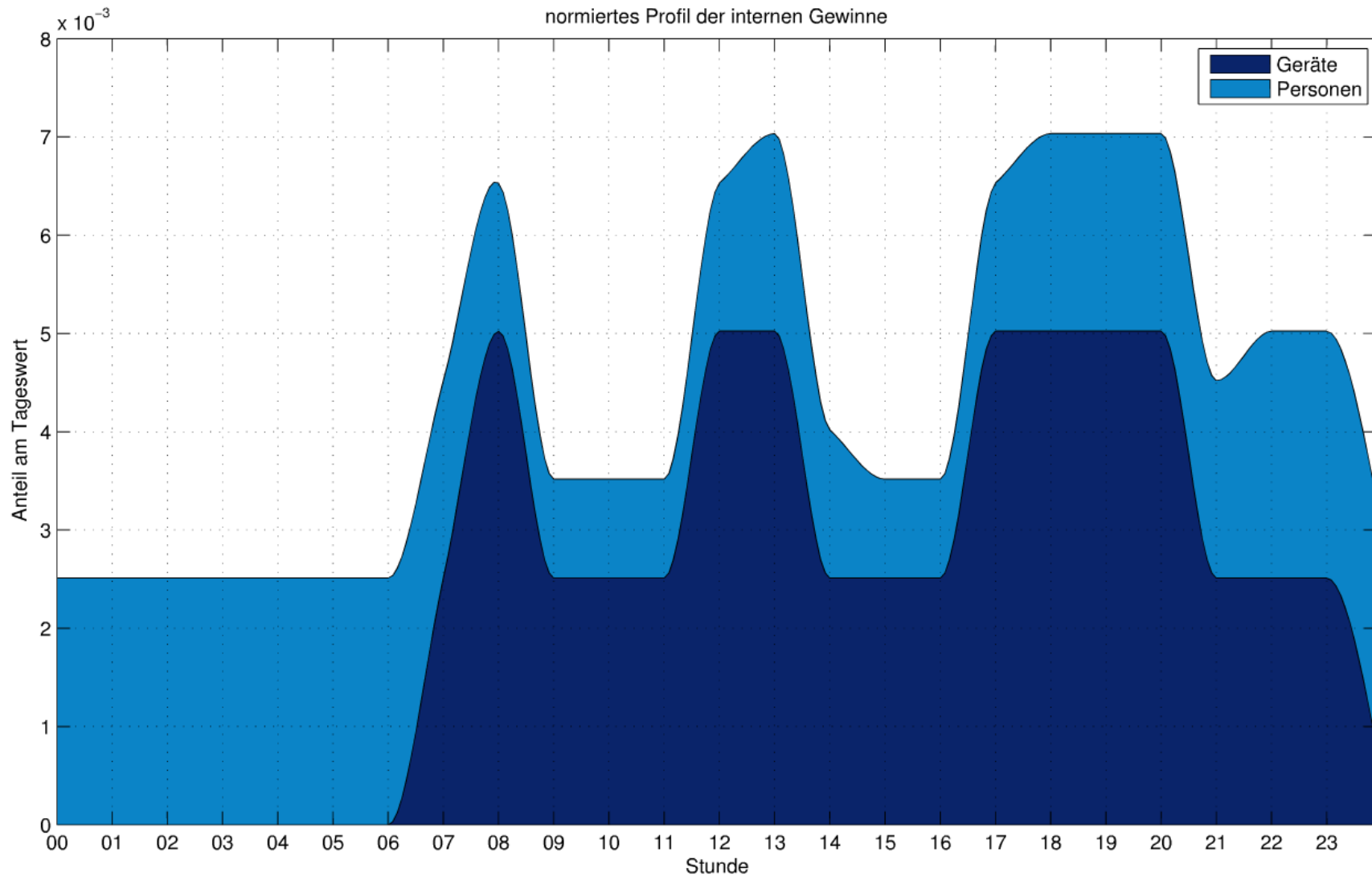




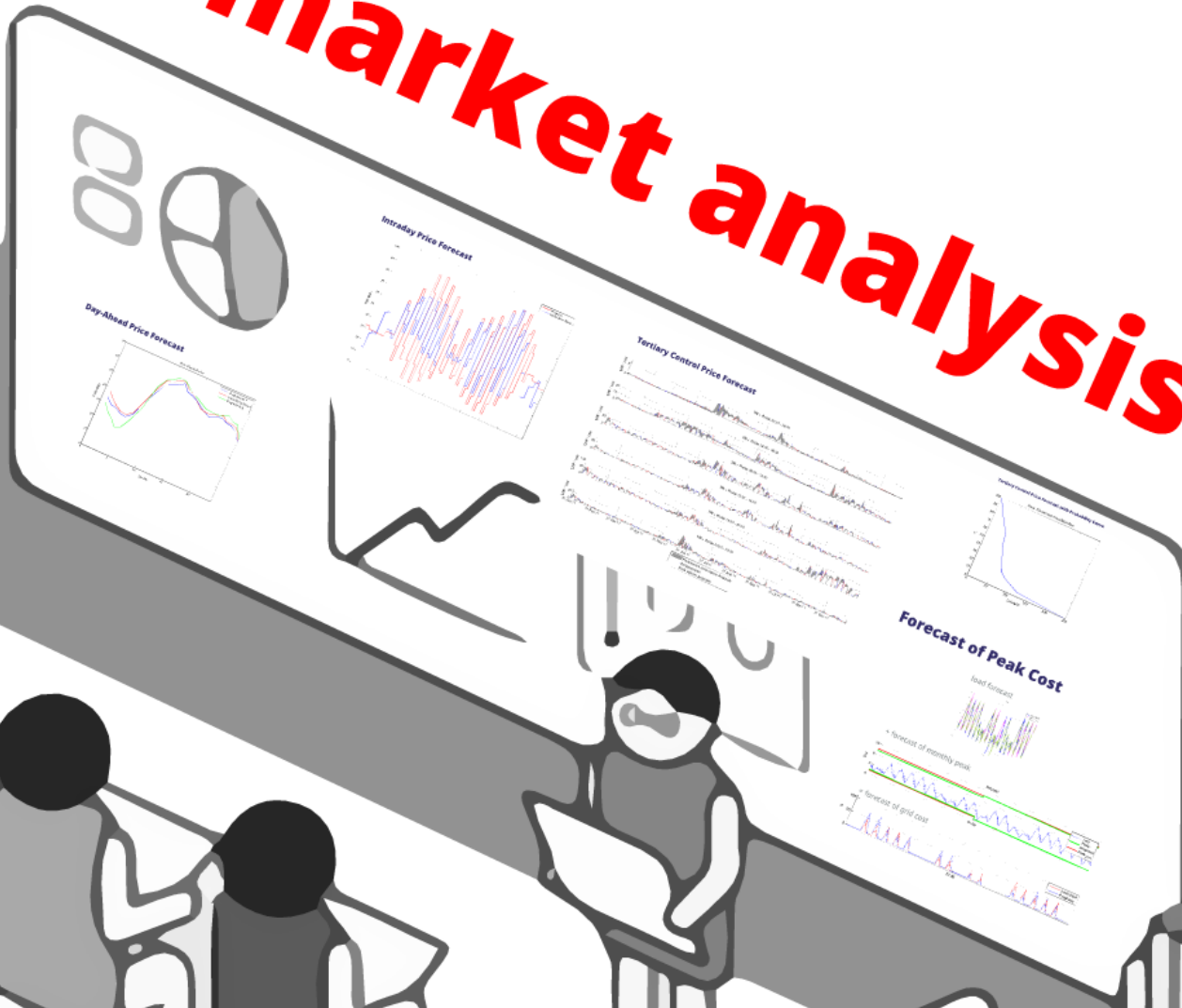
# Solar Radiation Forecast



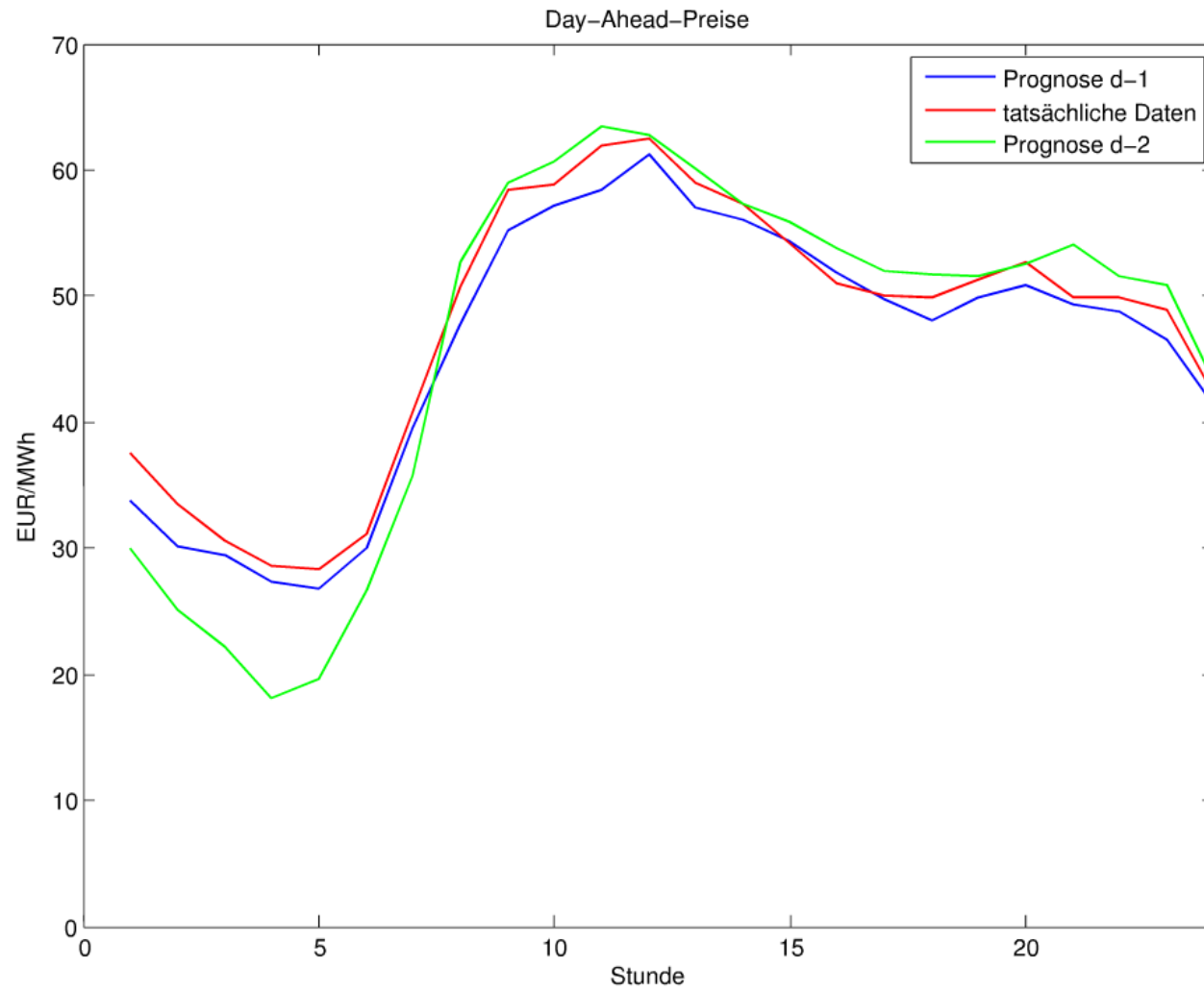
# Internal Gain (People & Devices)



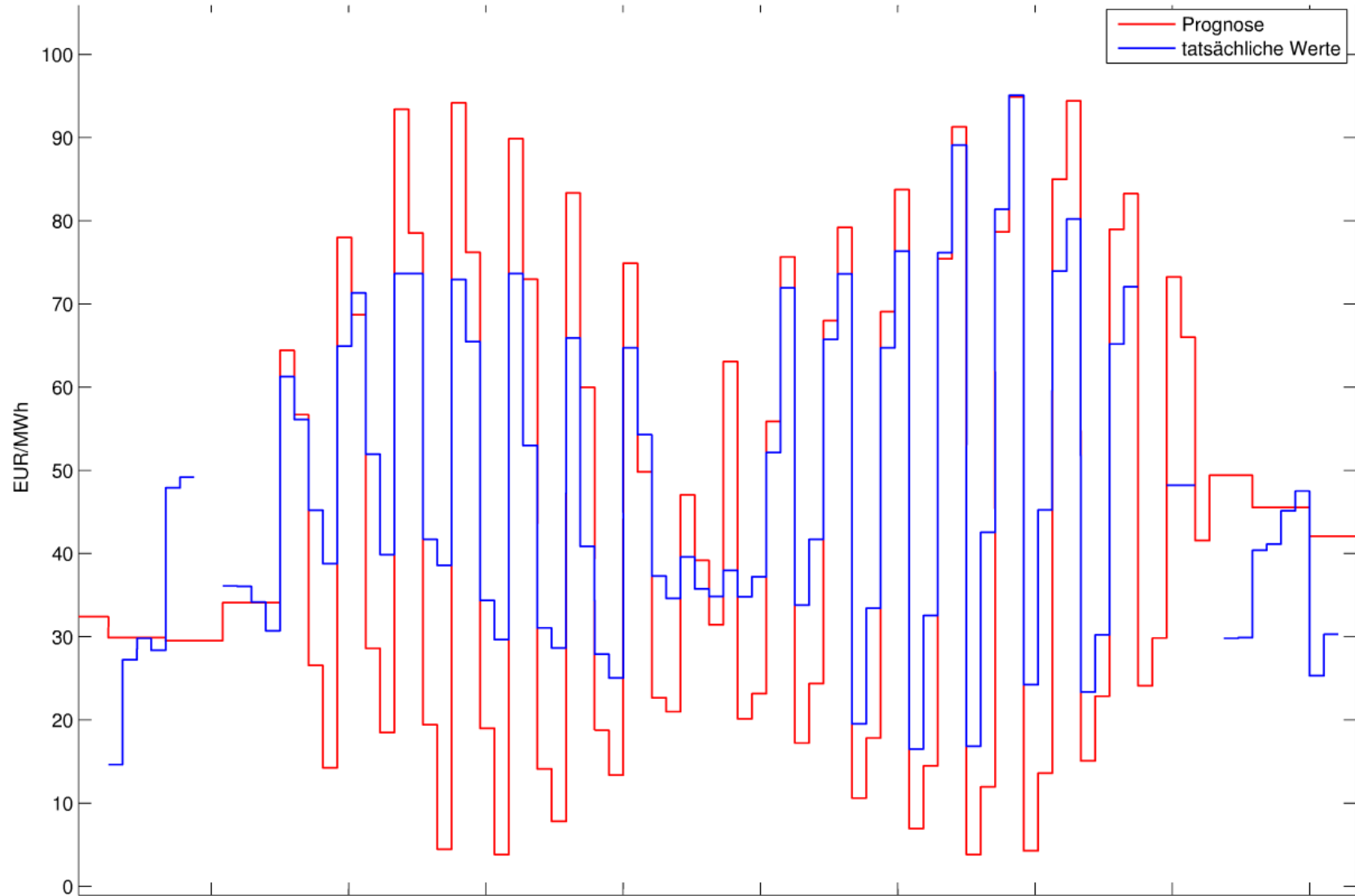
# market analysis



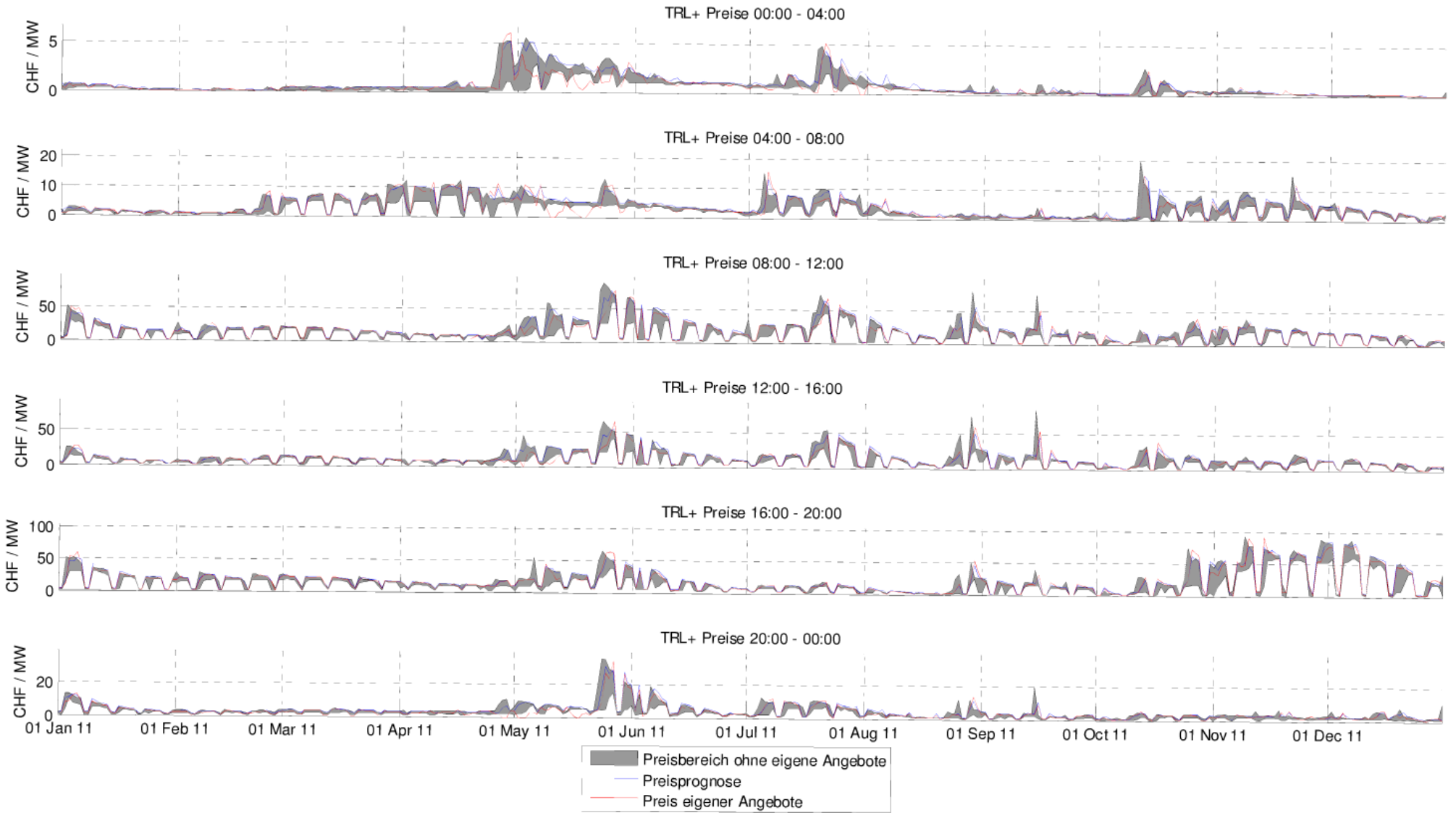
# Day-Ahead Price Forecast



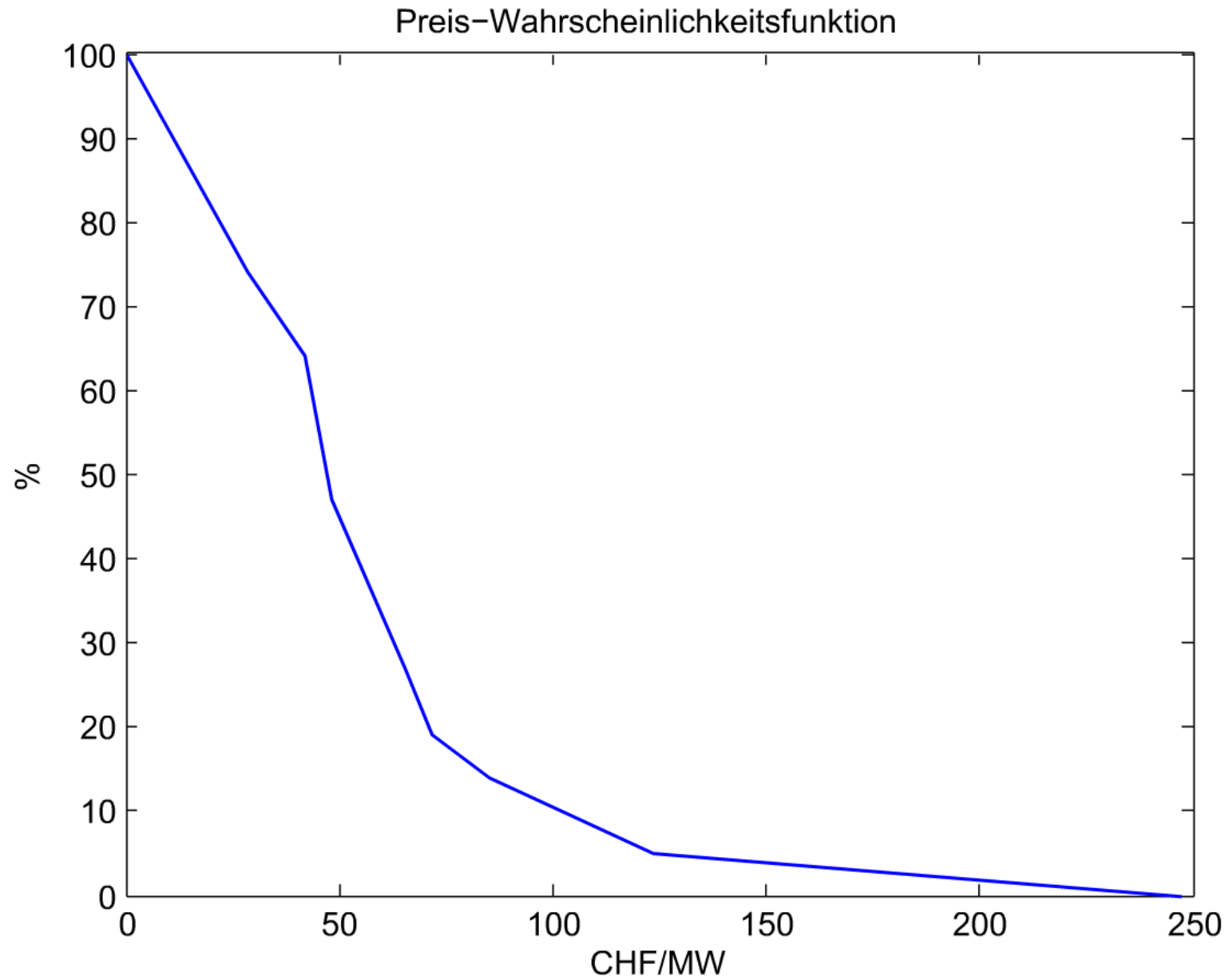
# Intraday Price Forecast



# Tertiary Control Price Forecast

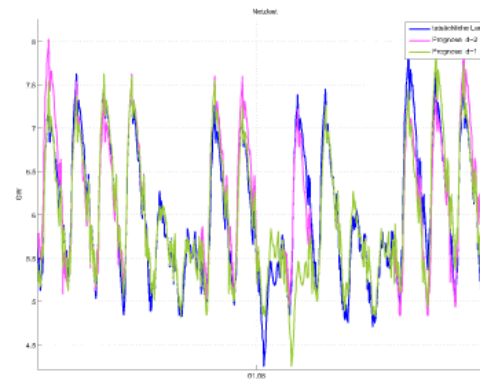


## Tertiary Control Price Forecast with Probability Curve

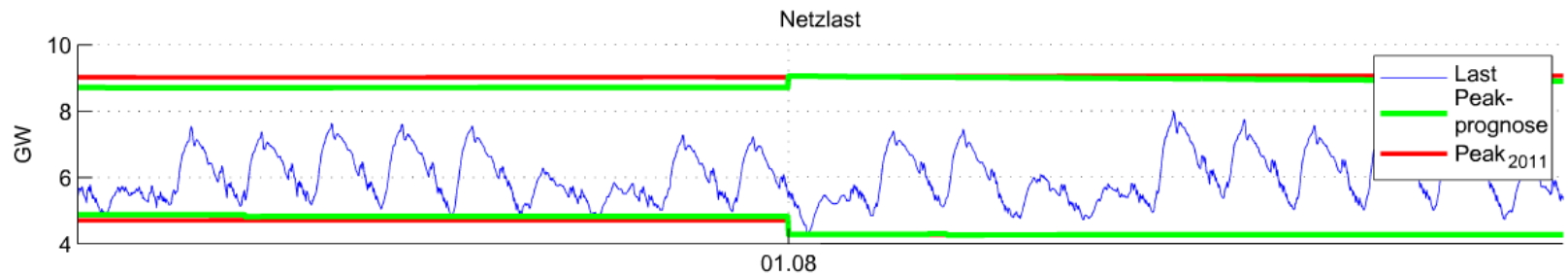


# Forecast of Peak Cost

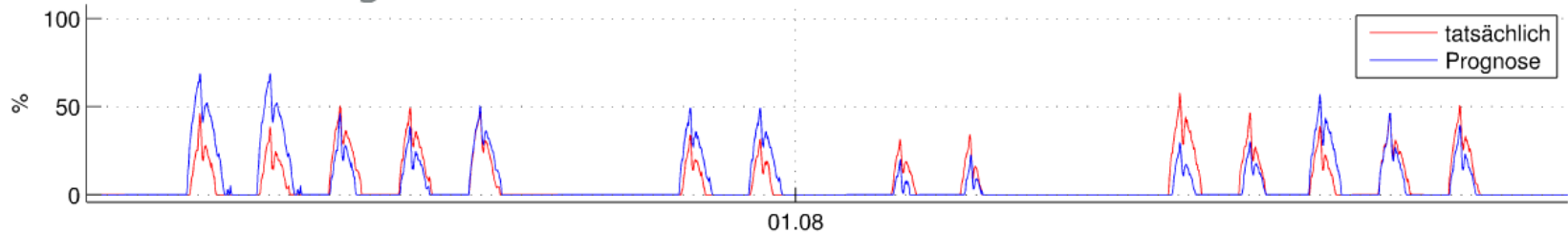
load forecast



+ forecast of monthly peak



= forecast of grid cost





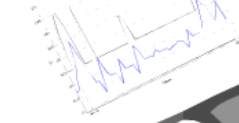
# risk management



## Risk Parameters

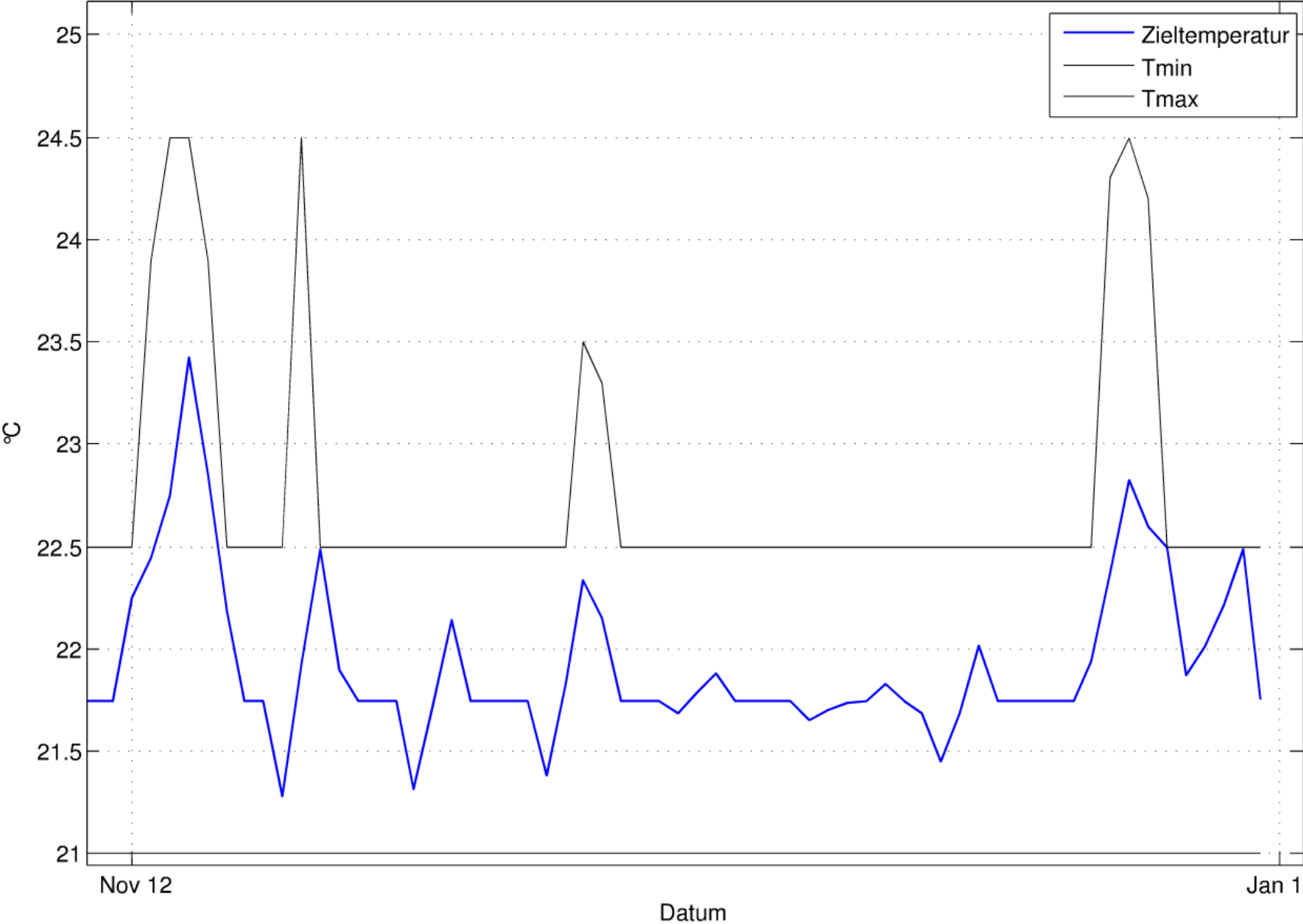
- short/long positions
- breaking trading volume
- asset liquidity costs
- risk constraints (liquidity cost)
- hard constraints
- etc.

## Mid-term Optimization



# Mid-term Optimization

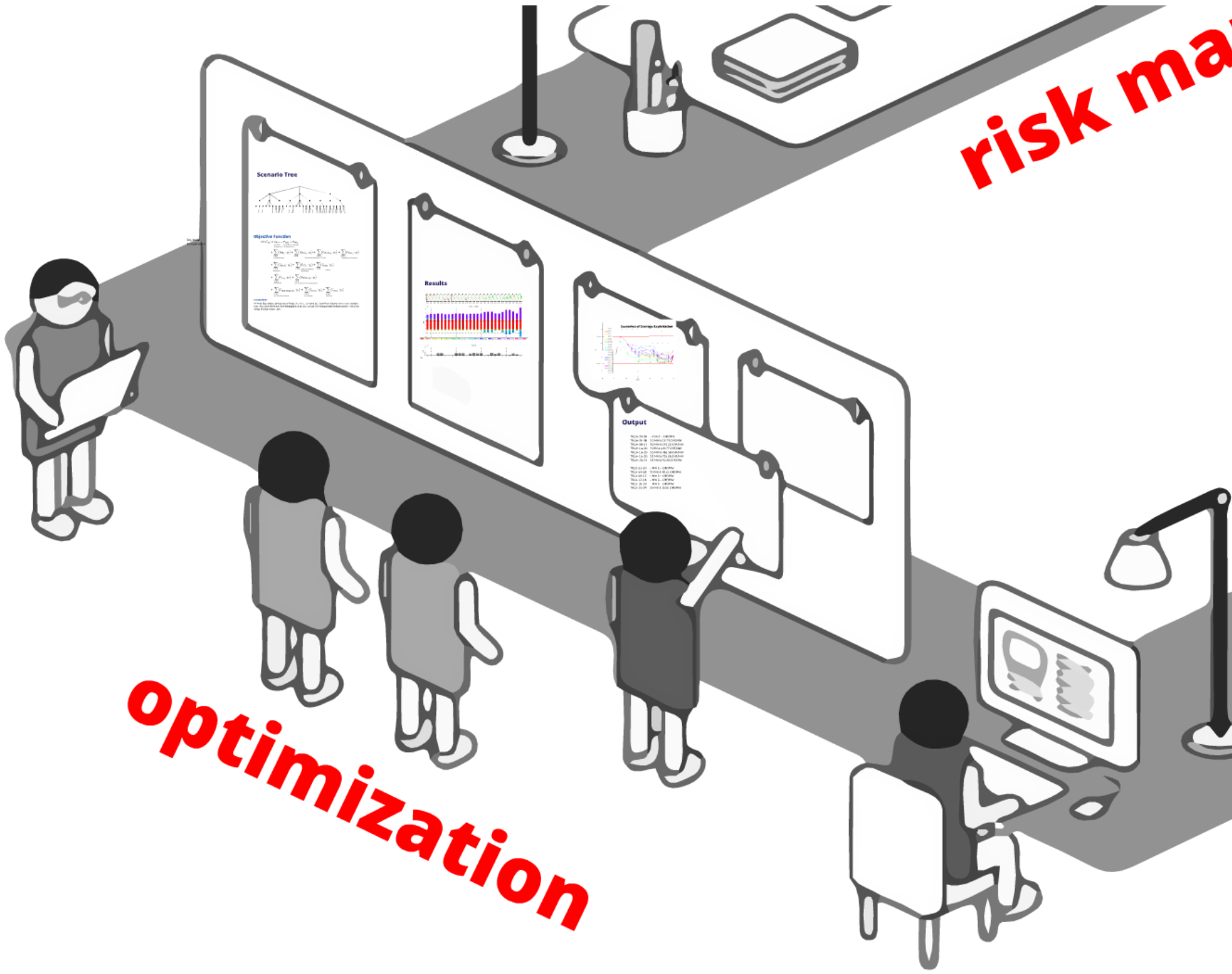
Mehrtagesoptimierung



# Risk Parameters

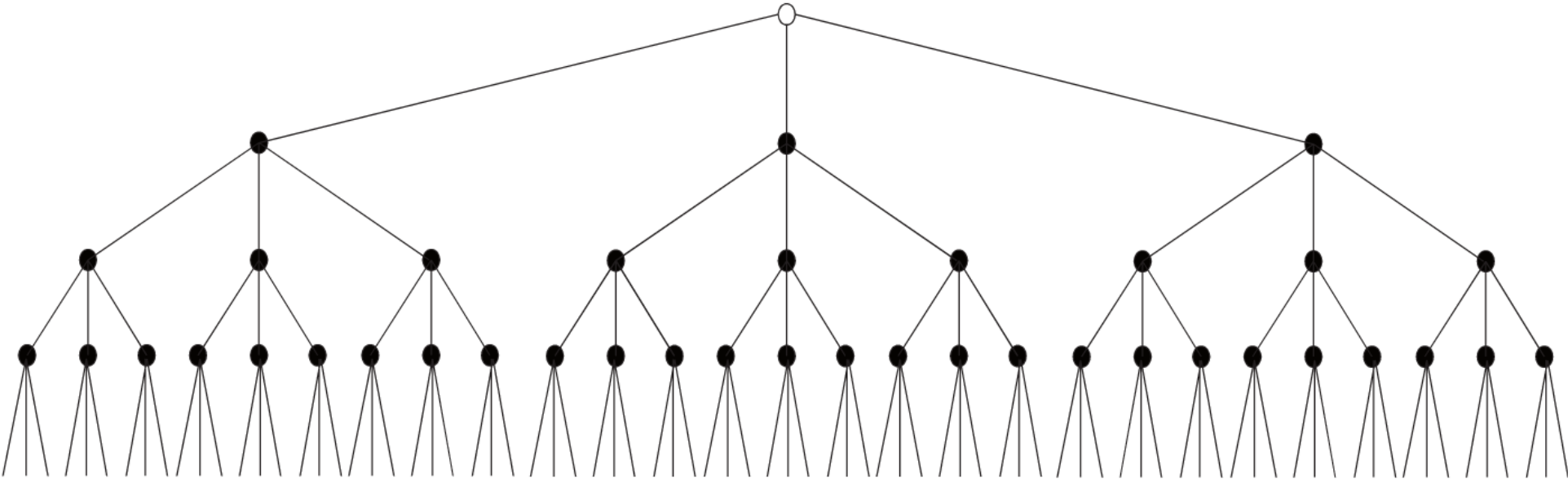
- short-/long-Positions
- intraday trading volume
- power balancing costs
- soft constraints (penalty cost)
- hard constraints
- *etc.*

**risk ma**



**optimization**

# Scenario Tree



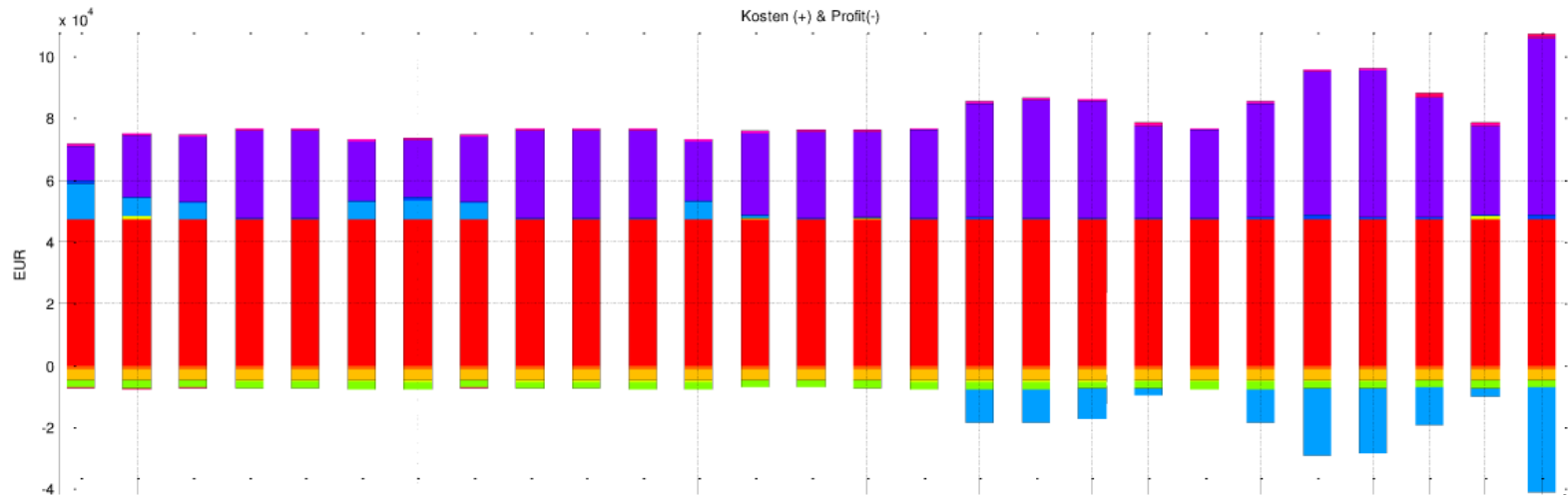
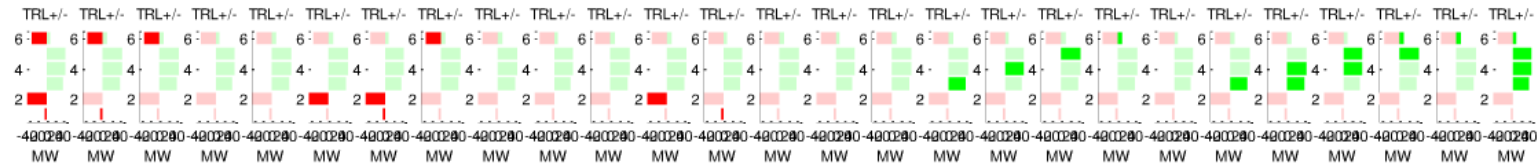
# Objective Function

$$\begin{aligned}
 \min C_{\text{tot}} = & C_{D-1} - P_{CP_b^+} - P_{CP_b^-} \\
 & \text{Day ahead} \quad \text{Erträge durch Vorhaltung} \\
 & \text{Energiekosten} \quad \text{von Regelleistung} \\
 & + \sum_{s \in \mathcal{S}} (C_{PB_s} \cdot p_s) + \sum_{s \in \mathcal{S}} (C_{ID1h_s} \cdot p_s) + \sum_{s \in \mathcal{S}} (C_{ID15m_s} \cdot p_s) + \sum_{s \in \mathcal{S}} (C_{D+1_s} \cdot p_s) \\
 & \text{Ausgleichsenergie} \quad \text{Intraday Energiehandel 1 h / 15 min} \quad \text{Energiekosten am Folgetag} \\
 & + \sum_{s \in \mathcal{S}} (C_{grid_s} \cdot p_s) + \sum_{s \in \mathcal{S}} (G_{CE_s} \cdot p_s) + \sum_{s \in \mathcal{S}} (C_{pen_s} \cdot p_s) \\
 & \text{Netzkosten} \quad \text{gelieferte / bezogene} \quad \text{Pönalen} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \text{Regelenergie} \\
 & + \sum_{s \in \mathcal{S}} (C_{sw_s} \cdot p_s) + \sum_{s \in \mathcal{S}} (C_{WHsoft_s} \cdot p_s) \\
 & \text{Schaltkosten} \quad \text{Soft Constraints Warmwasserspeicher} \\
 & + \sum_{s \in \mathcal{S}} (C_{Buildingsoft_s} \cdot p_s) + \sum_{s \in \mathcal{S}} (C_{fees_s} \cdot p_s) + \sum_{s \in \mathcal{S}} (C_{cert_s} \cdot p_s) \\
 & \text{Soft Constraints Gebäude} \quad \text{div. Gebühren} \quad \text{Zertifikate}
 \end{aligned}$$

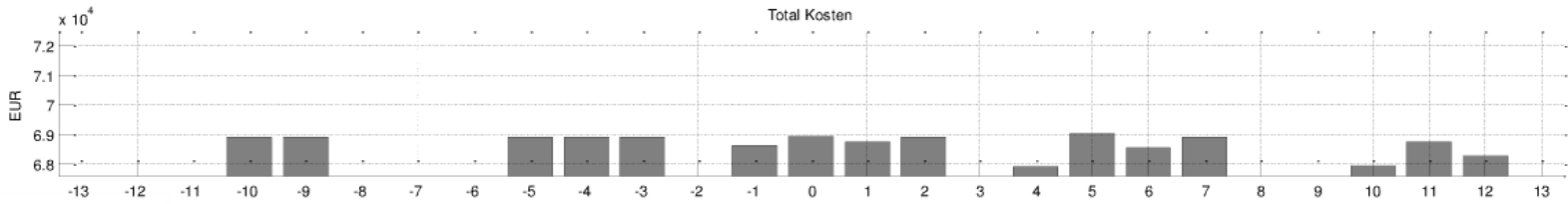
## Constraints:

Minimale Blockgröße, Vorhaltung von Regelleistung ist zwingend, Abruf von Regelleistung muss erbracht werden, keine Voraussicht für Abrufe, Komfortvorgaben einhalten, absolute Temperaturgrenzen, Mathematische Modelle der Anlage, Risikoparameter, usw...

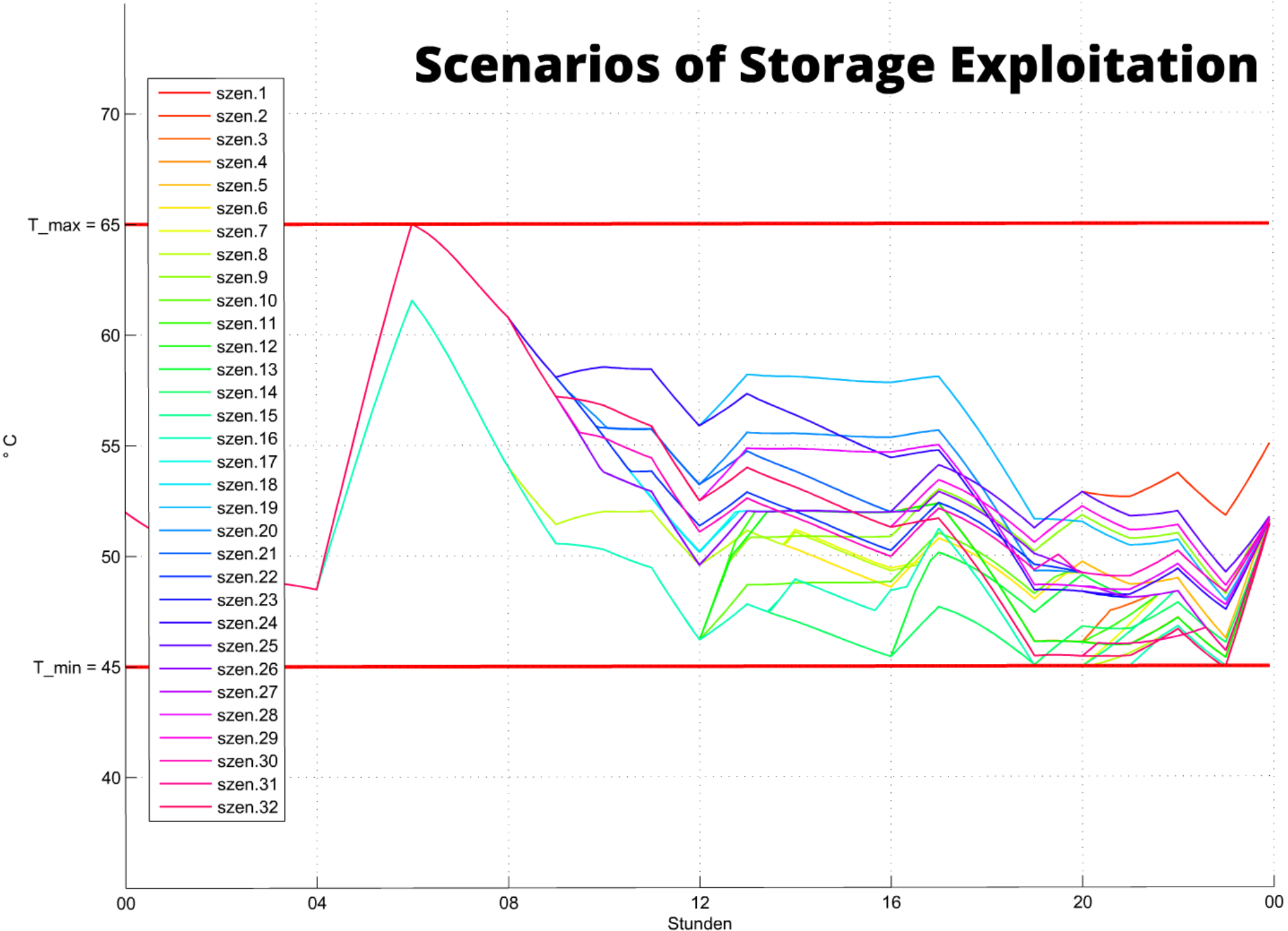
# Results



- D-1
- TRL+
- TRL-
- ID 1h
- ID 15m
- ID fees
- power balancing
- Grid
- TRE
- boiler temp
- building temp
- soc building
- freecooling
- delta Pel
- D+1



# Scenarios of Storage Exploitation







**trading**





# SEMIAH

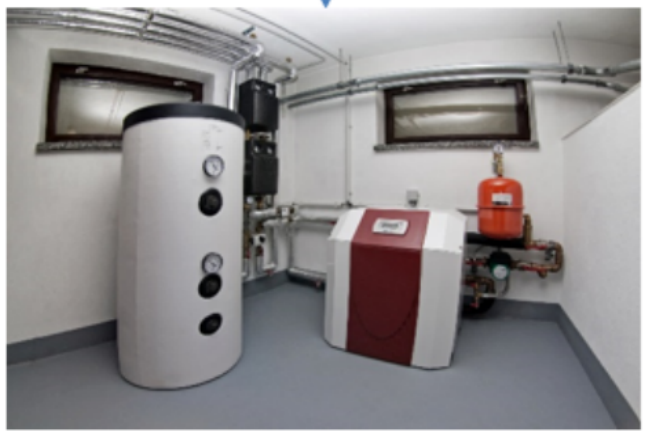


Funded by the  
European Union

This project has received funding from the European Union's Seventh Framework Programme for research, technological development and demonstration under grant agreement no 619560.



Anbindung an VPP



Wärmepumpen Gebäude (thermischer Speicher)



Photovoltaik



Batteriespeicher

# Improved Framework Enables New Business Models And Innovations

- 🔌 complete market opening in 2018
- 🔌 technically neutral incentives
- 🔌 enable demand response products
- 🔌 adapt grid peak tariffs
- 🔌 sunshine regulation
- 🔌 smart metering → smart control
- 🔌 Swiss standard for the protection of data privacy
- 🔌 unbundling = non discriminating access to the grids and relevant data

# CONCLUSIONS



- increase energy efficiency (local und global)
- additional benefits and cost savings
- comfort zone has first priority
- VPP business model is beeing implemented