



District Heating and Cooling: an opportunity for profiting from local energy sources - 3 case studies

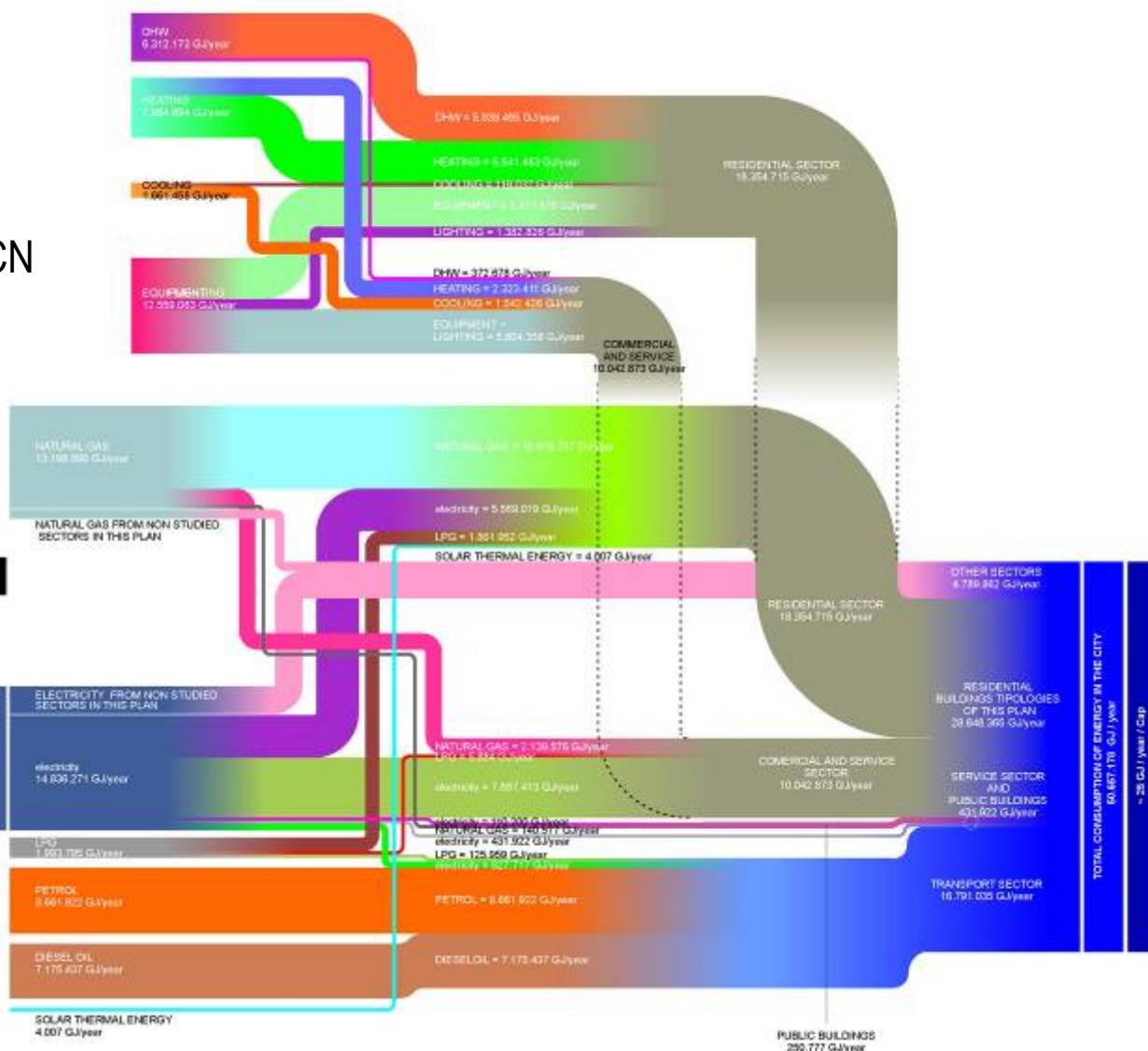
Dr. Aleksandar Ivancic – AIGUASOL

- Introduction
- Forum-22@ - Barcelona
- Marina/Zona Franca - Barcelona
- Chamartin – Madrid
- Conclusions

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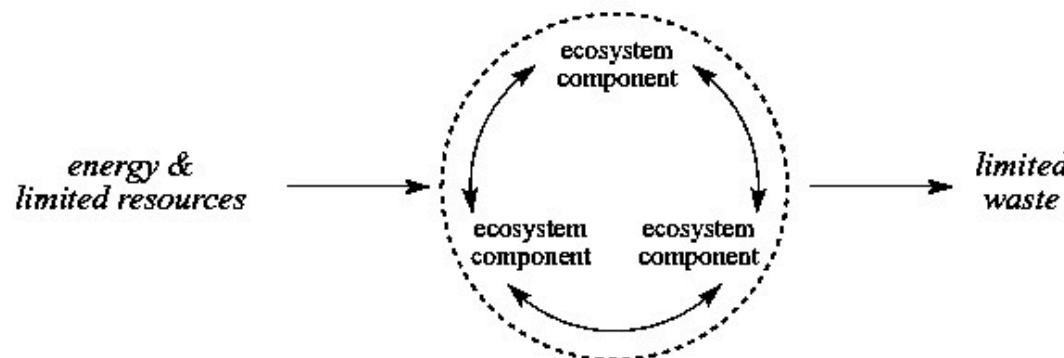
FLOW DIAGRAM OF FINAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION IN BARCELONA CITY IN 1999



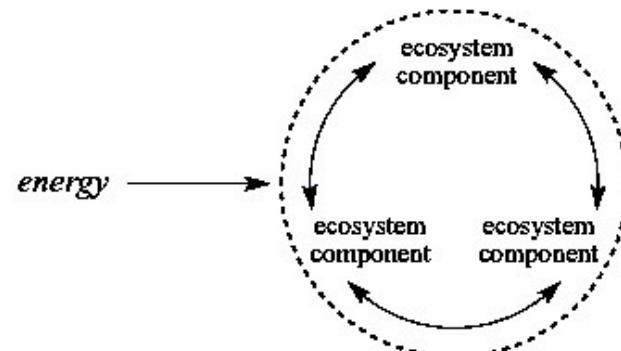
Industrial ecology concepts



(a) QLinear materials flows in 'type I' ecology



(b) Quasi-cyclic materials flows in 'type II' ecology



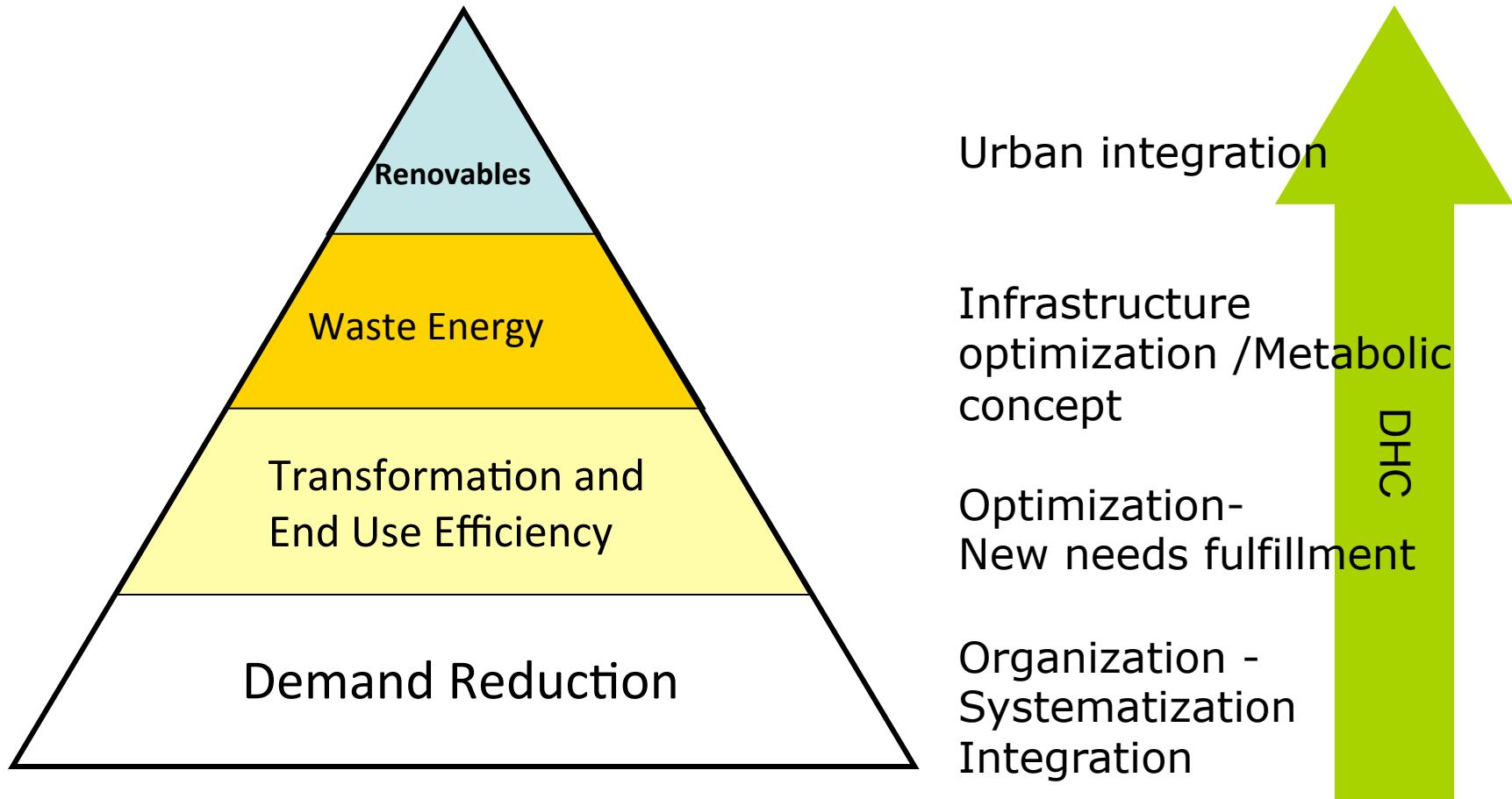
(c) Cyclic materials flows in 'type III' ecology

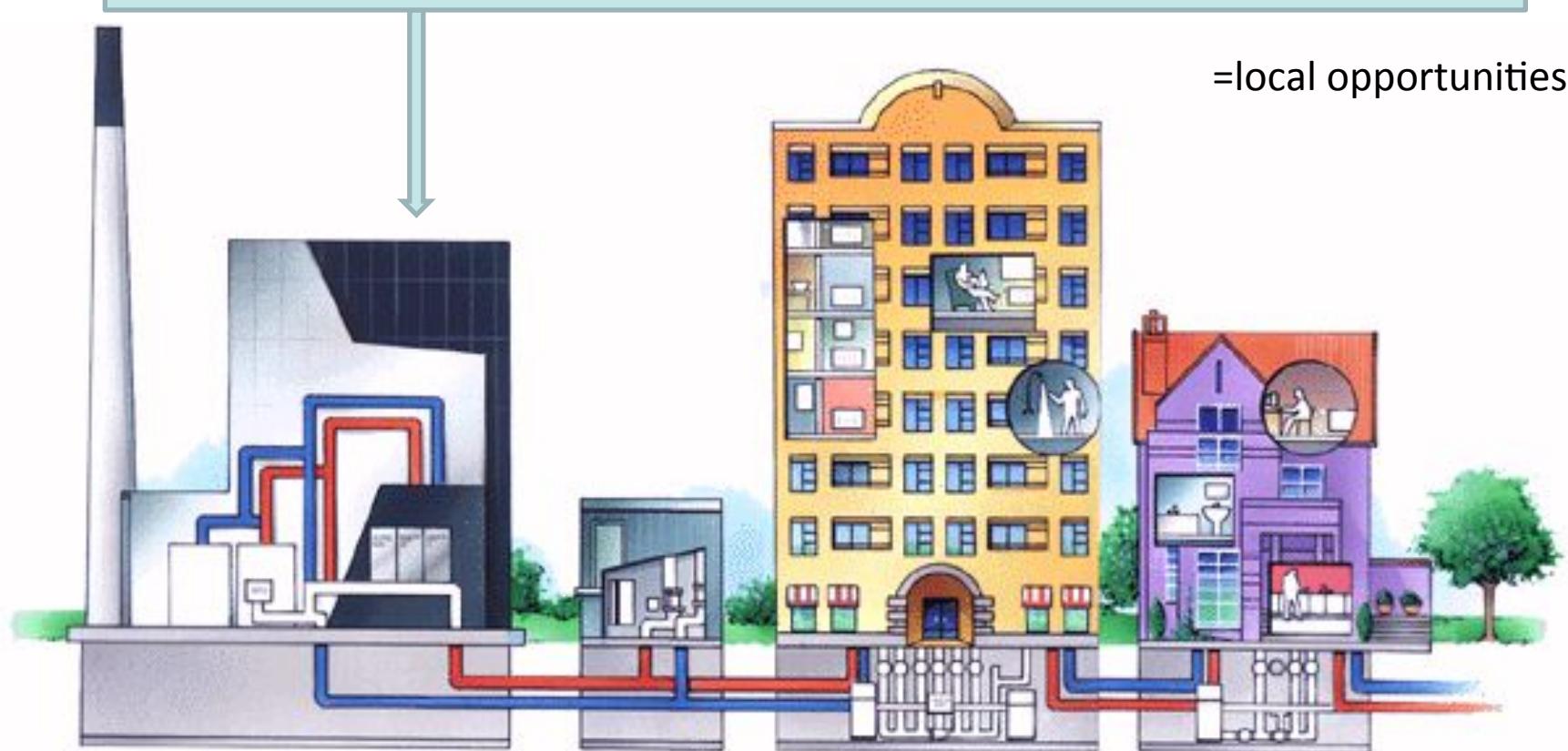
Is DHC a new system?



- In 1623 there was a proposal to install district energy in London
- Waste heat from factories was used to warm public baths by the 1830s
- •The Crystal Palace in London had district energy in 1851.
- 1877 Birdsill Holly first commercial DH syst Lockport, N.Y
- 1880s CHP + DH in USA
- 1890s waste incineration + DH

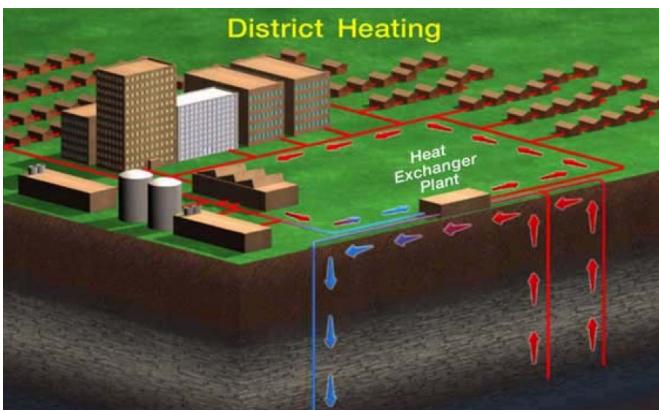
Energy model



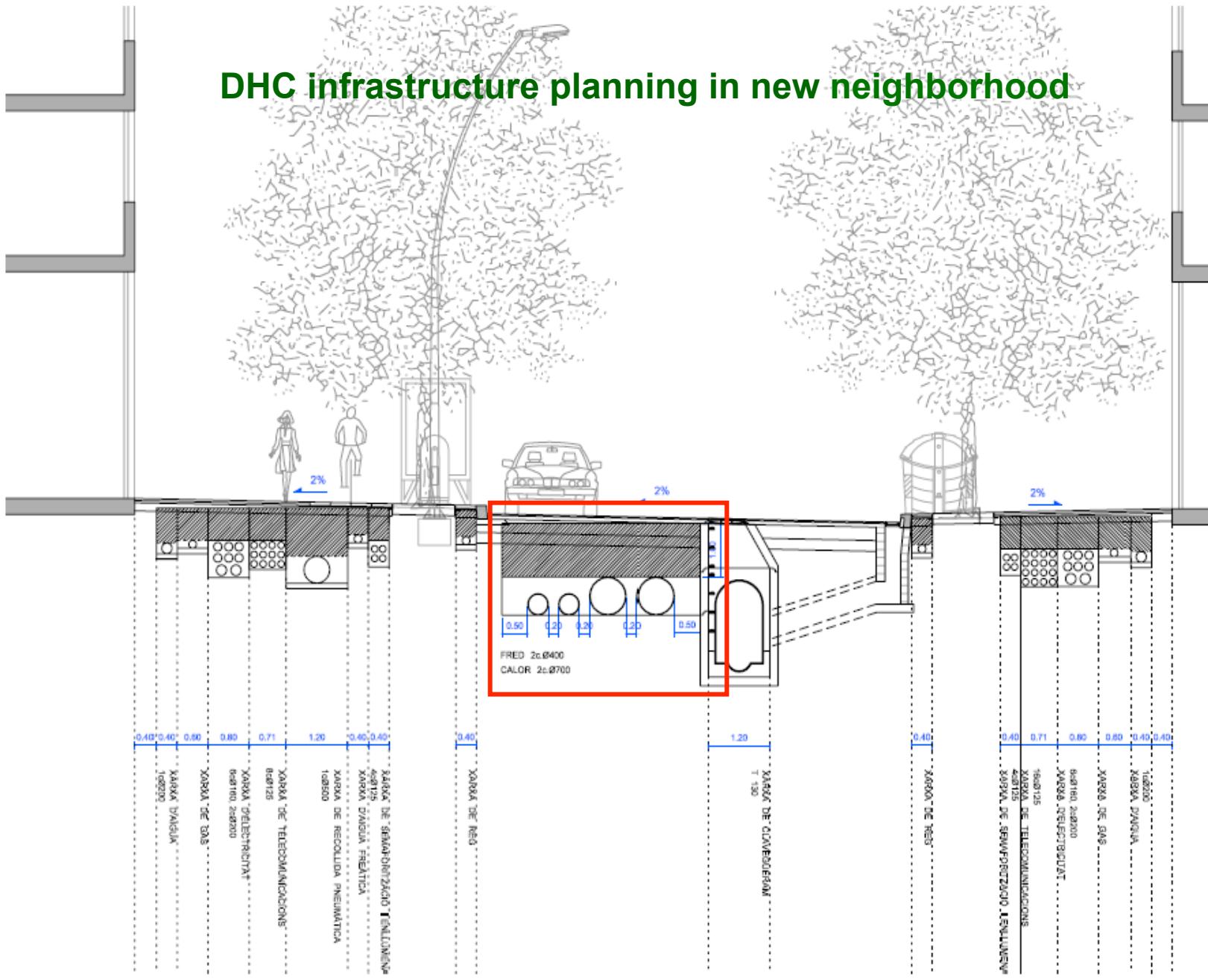


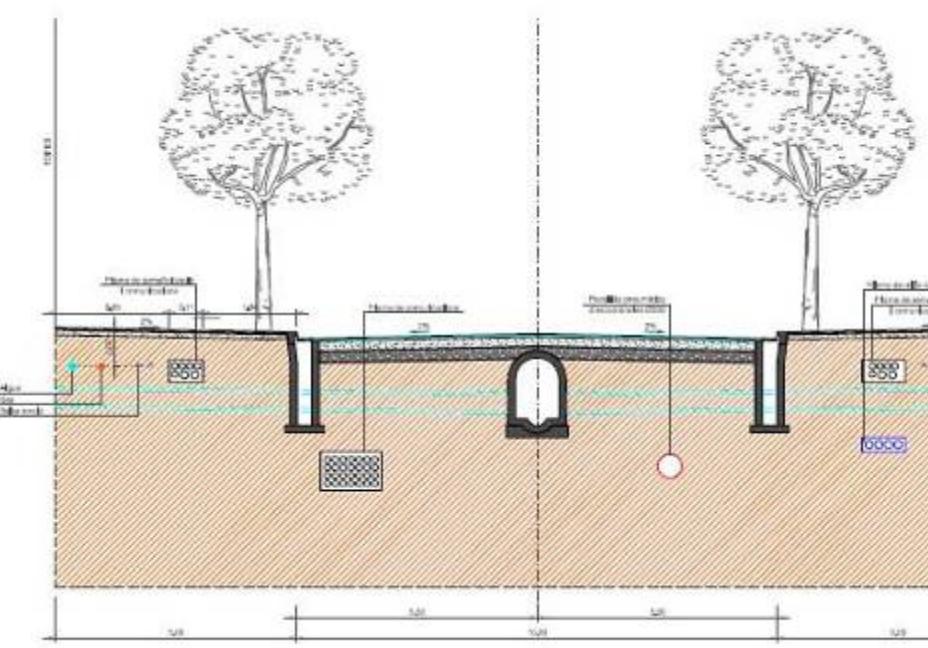
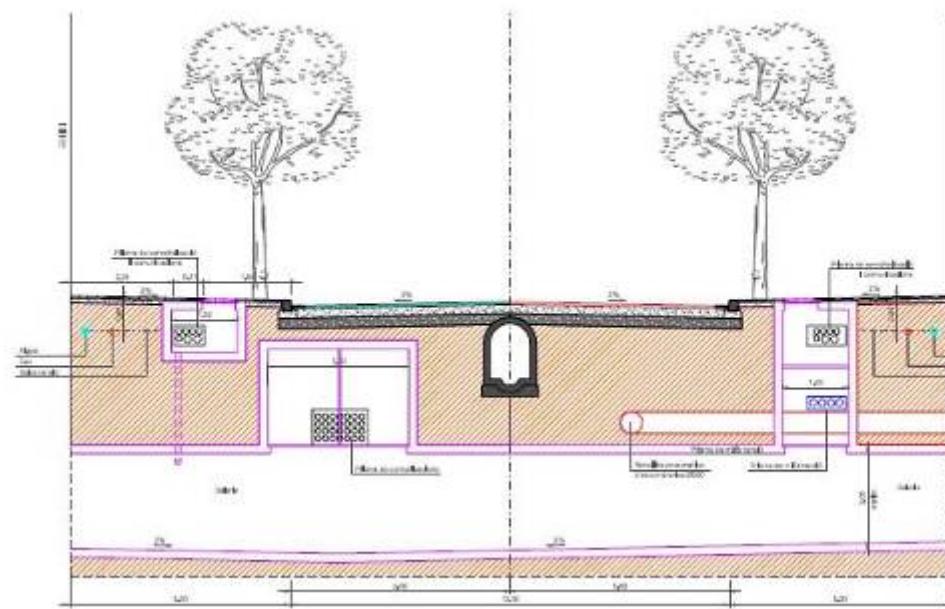
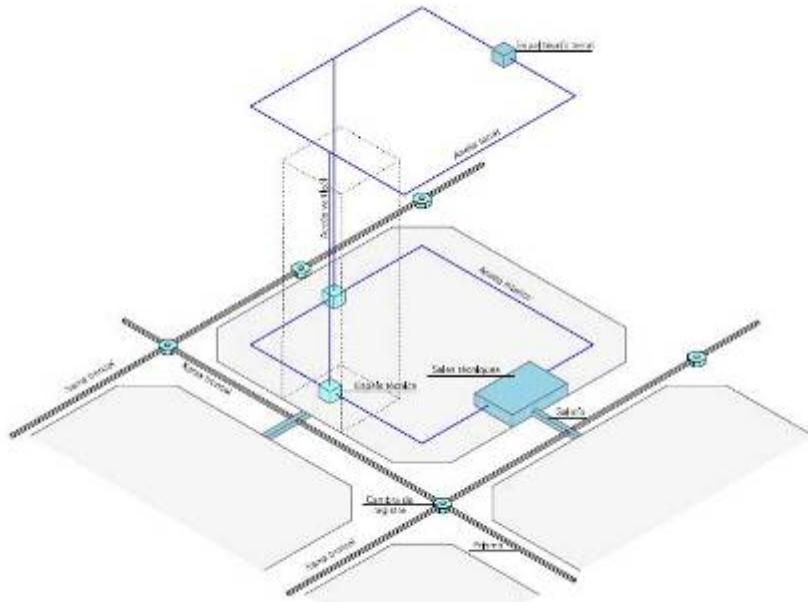
District Energy

www.aiguesol.coop



DHC infrastructure planning in new neighborhood







NOVES XARXES D'ENERGIA I TELECOMUNICACIÓNS



CLIMATITZACIÓ CENTRALITZADA

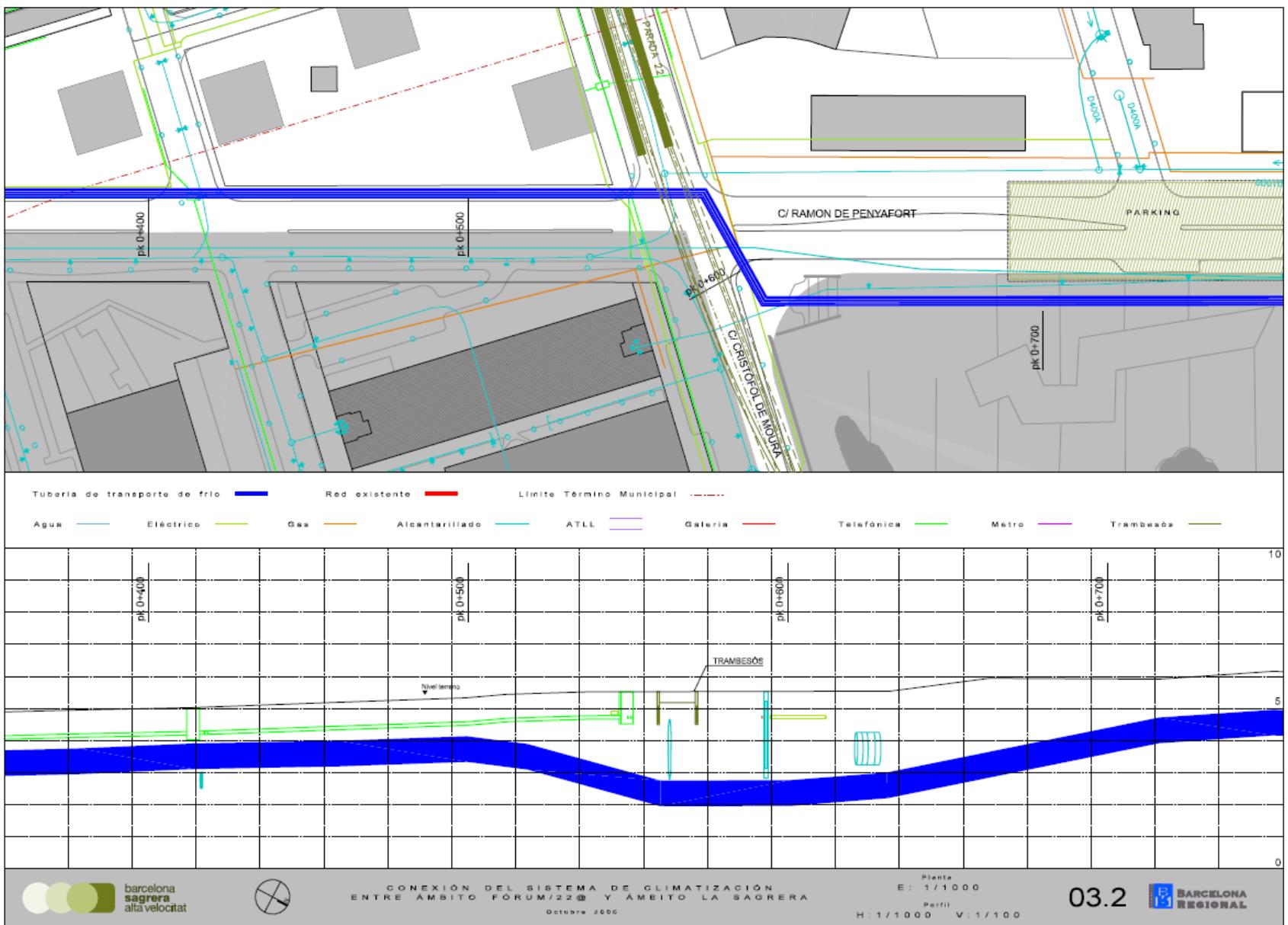


RECOLLIDA NEUMÀTICA SELECTIVA DE RESIDUS



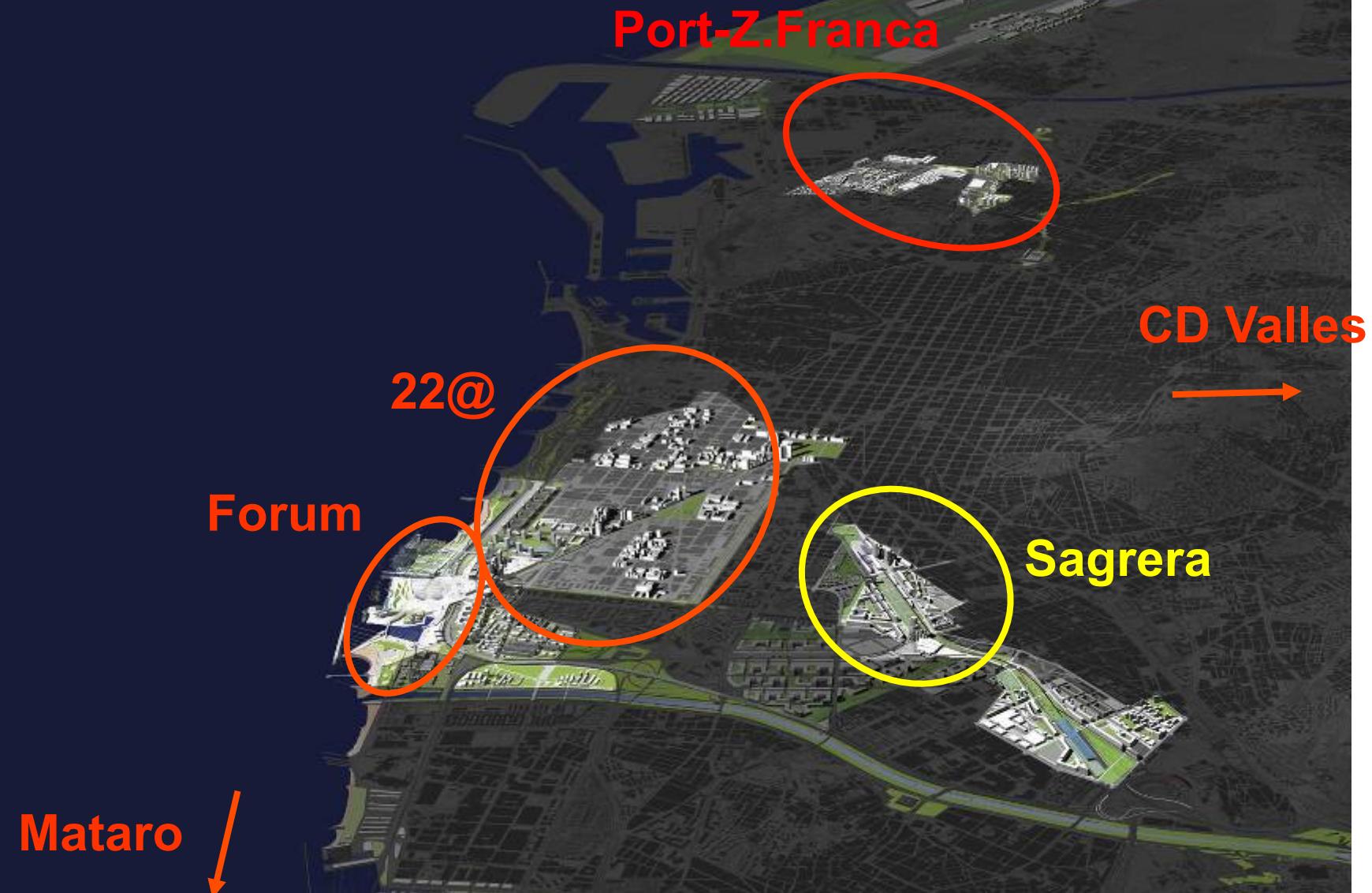
GALERIES SUBTERRANIES REGISTRABLES

DHC infrastructure planning in existin city

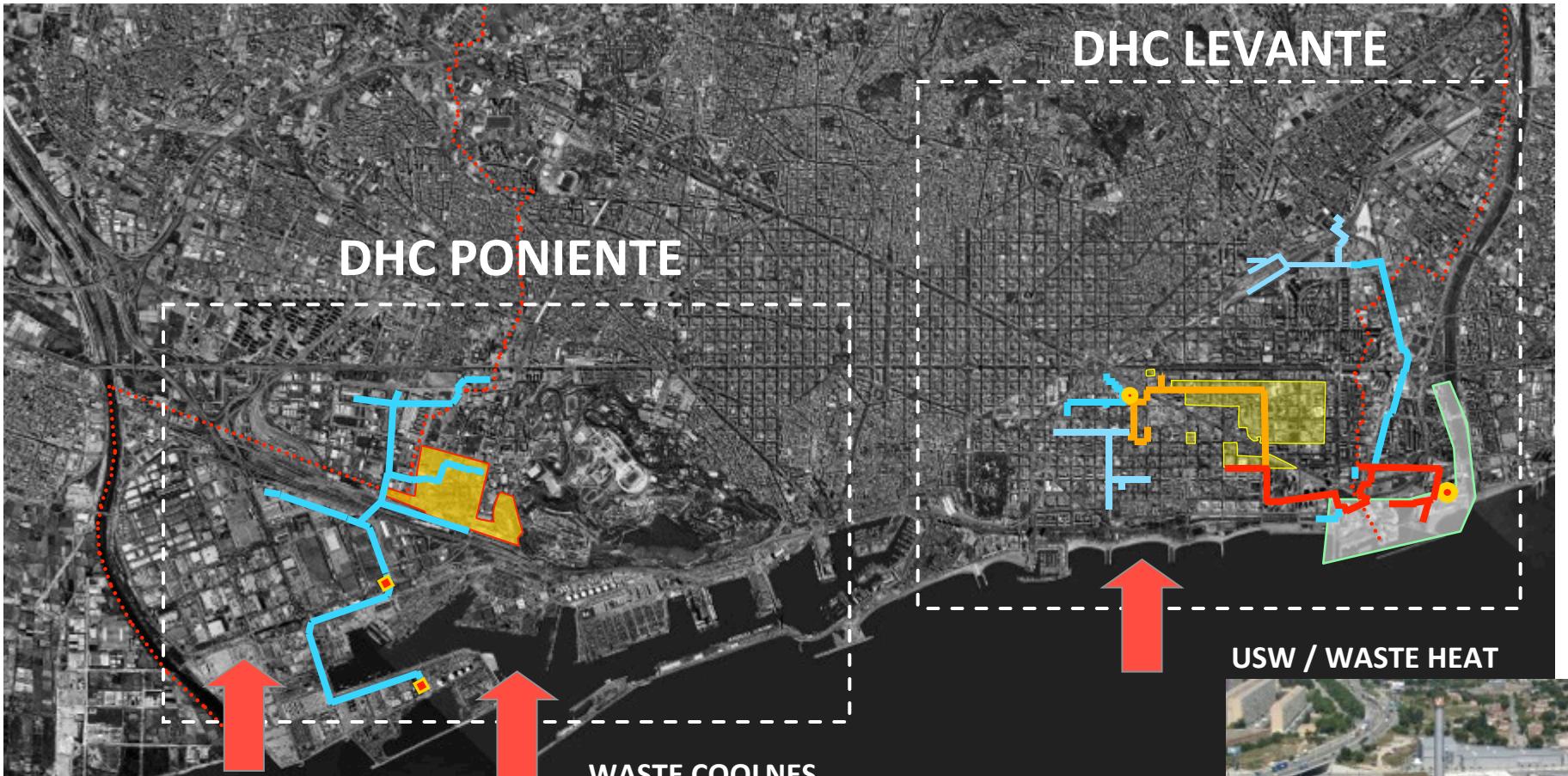


- Before 1999, DHC almost **unknown** in Spain
- 1999 -22@ district infrastructure plan foreseen the possibility of DHC /Municipality initiative
- 2000 -Forum 2004 infrastructure plan foreseen the possibility of DHC /Municipality initiative
- 2003 -**Forum system in operation**
- 2004 - **Tub Verd (Mataro) in operation**
- 2006 - **22@ system in operation**
- 2004-06 -Port-Zona Franca system planning/Municipality initiative
- 2005-06 – Parc de l’Alba (Cerdanyola de Valles) tender/Public initiative
- 2006-07 -Sagrera system planning/Municipality initiative
- 2009-2010 Tub Verd (Mataro) substantial expansion
- 2010-11 - Port-Zona Franca system in construction
- 2011 - **Parc de l’ Alba system in operation**
- 2012 - 22@ new centrale in operation
- 2007-12 – Barcelona Metropolitan Area – several new candidates
- 2012 - **Port-Zona Franca system in operation**

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Barcelona: LNG residual coolness / Heat from USW treatment



HEAT/BIO MASS

WASTE COOLNES

USW / WASTE HEAT



BESOS LLEVANT - Previous situation





Forum: Besos – Sea waterfront



Forum: Besos – Sea waterfront



Ecoparc – Solid Waste Treatment







30 tn/h vapor 8 barg

90/60°C



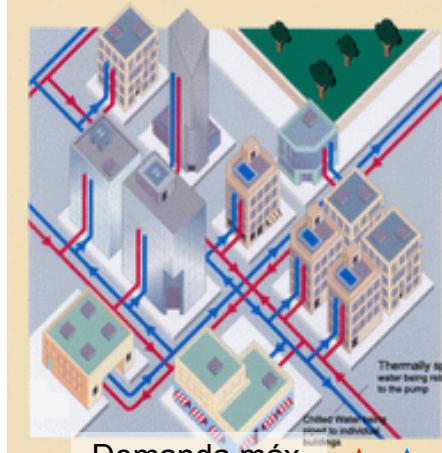
4 x 5000 kWt

500 m³



1 x 30 tn/h
~18000 kWt

90/60°C



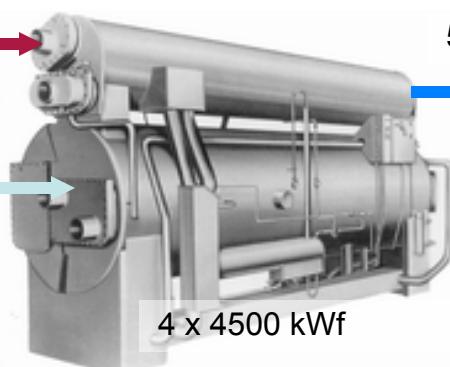
5300 m³/h max

$\Delta T=5^{\circ}\text{C}$

$\Delta T=5^{\circ}\text{C}$

5/14°C

5/14°C



4 x 4500 kWf

Colector Clabsa



Red eléctrica
conexión en alta
tensión

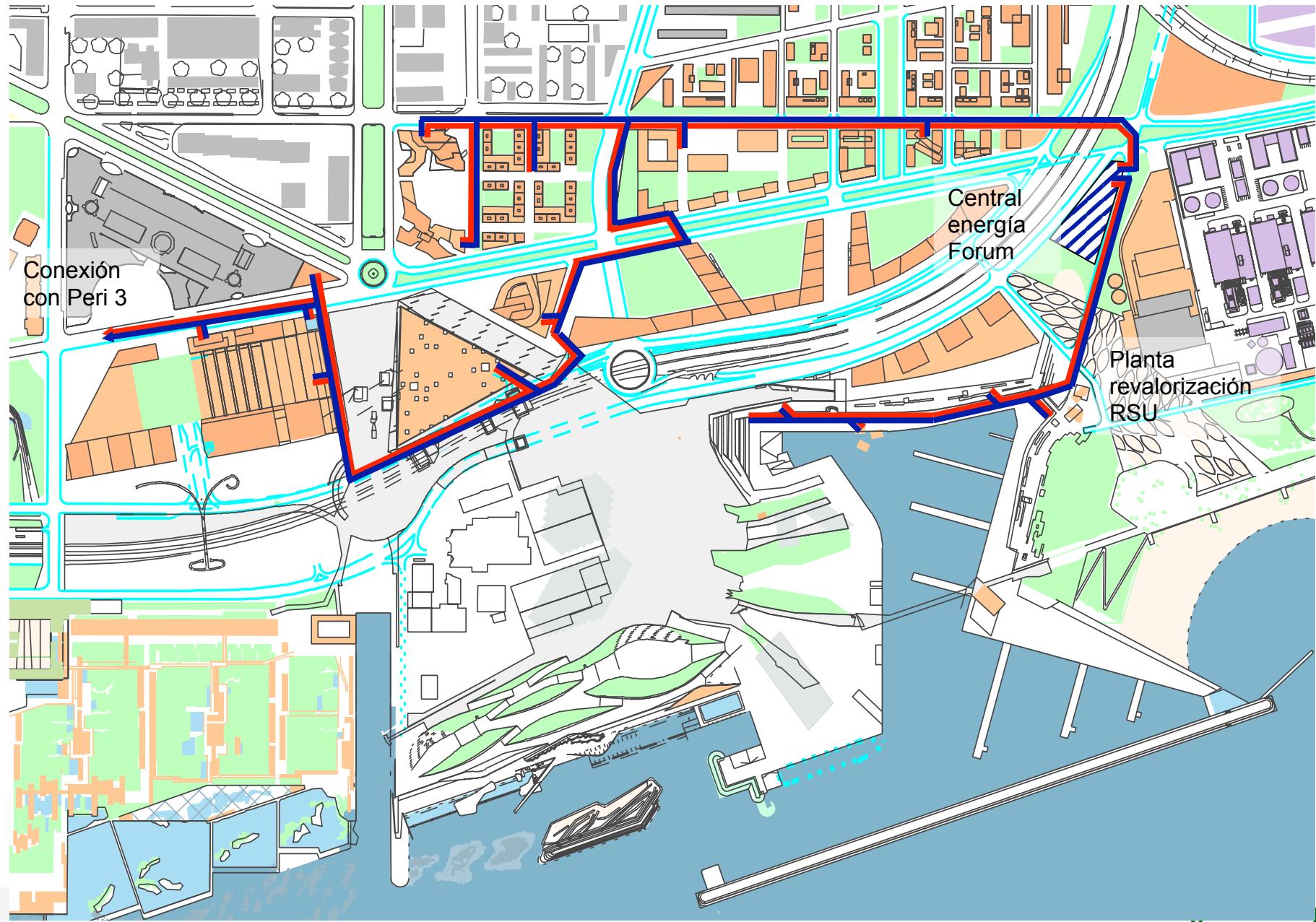
3 x 4000 kWf



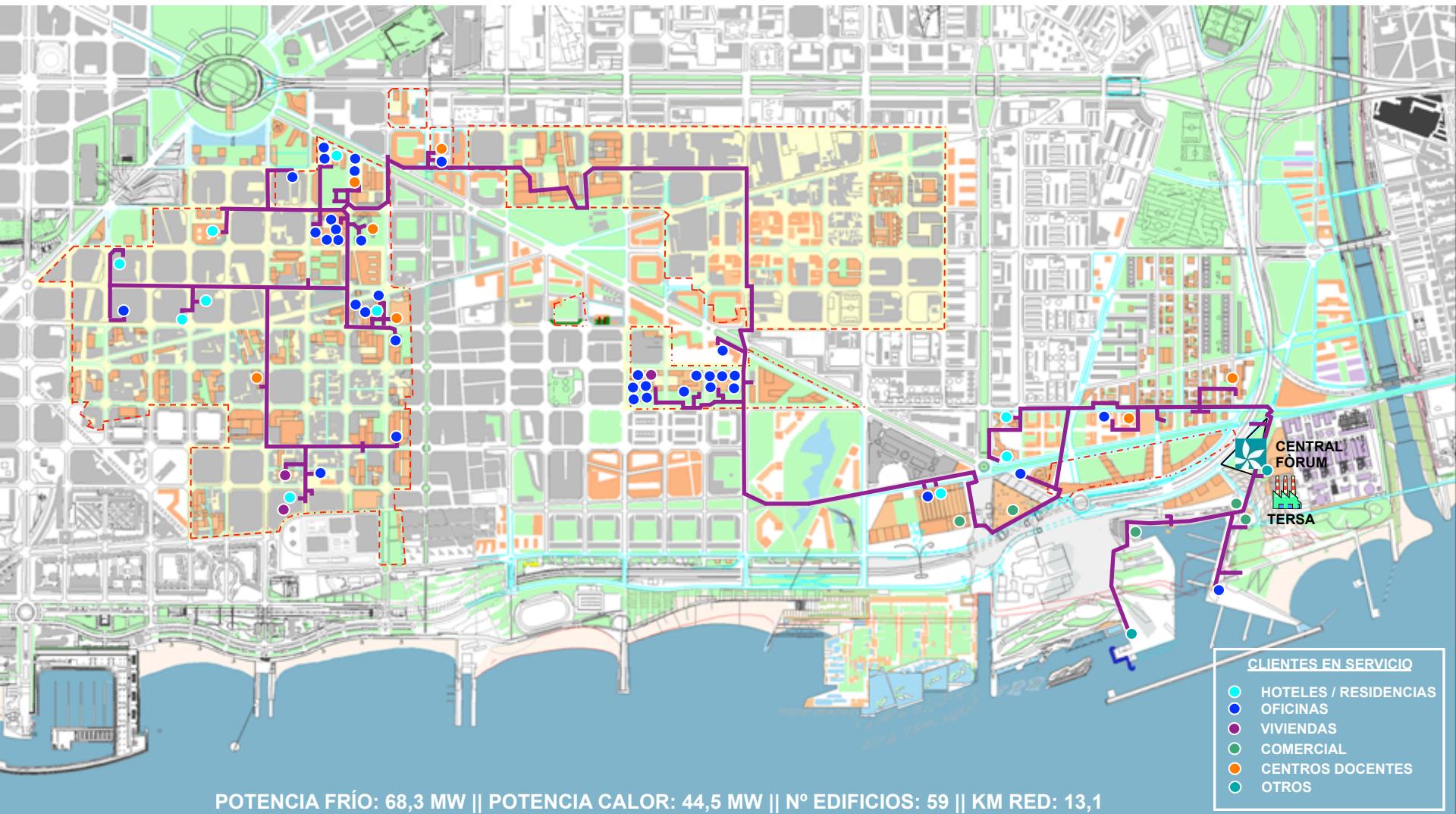
5000 m³

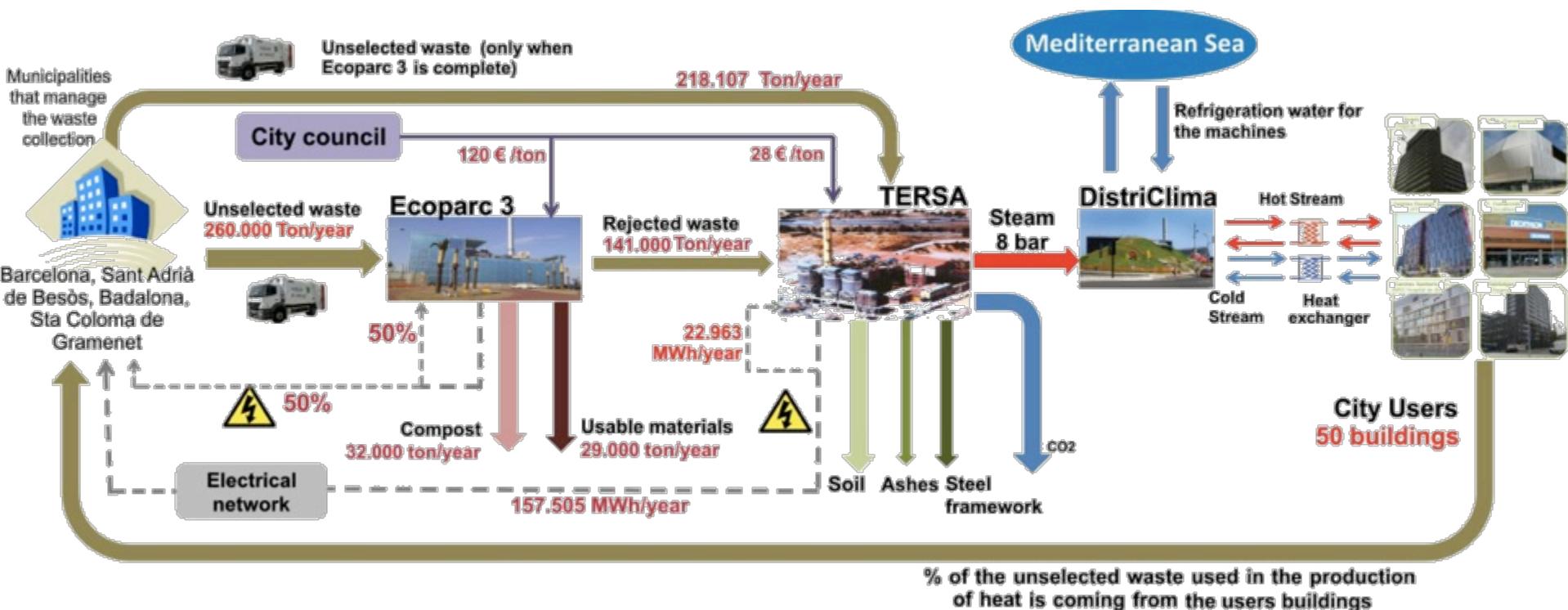
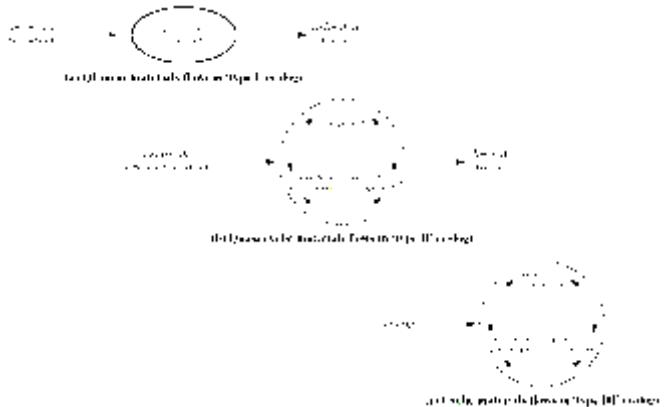
Initial Objectives

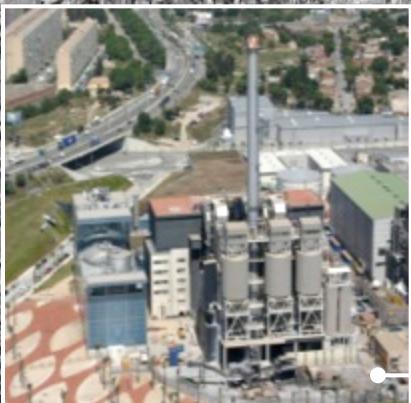
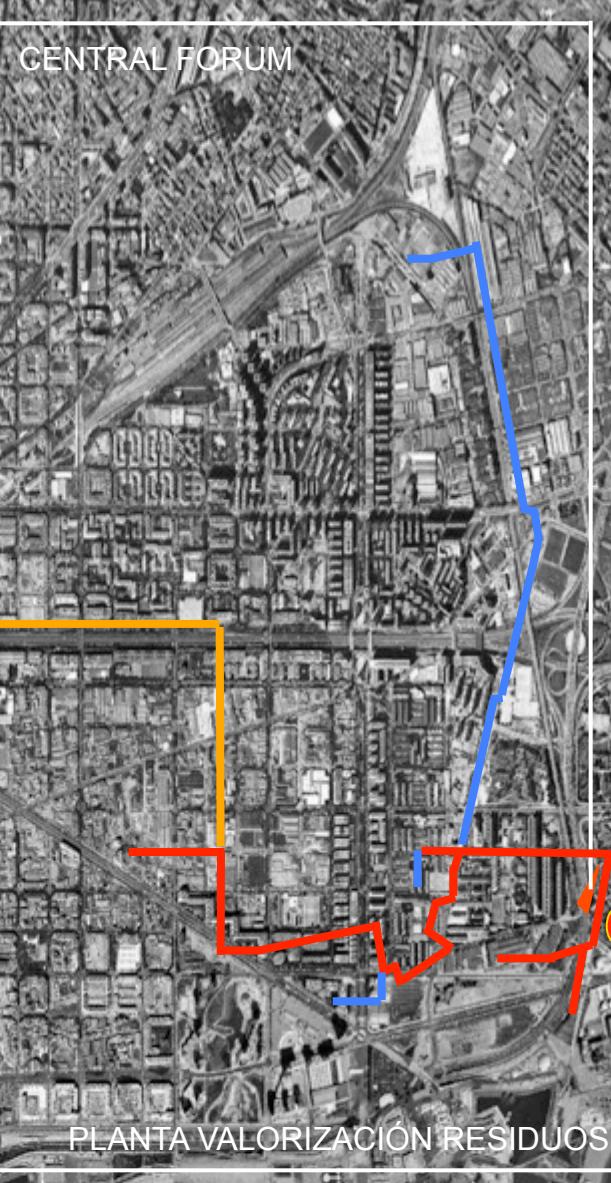
- Max Demand heating 29 MWt
- Max Demand cooling - 41 MWc
- Fossile primary energy reduction 35%
- Power consumption reduction 50%
- GHG emission reduction 52%



Forum - 22@







22@ Peak central

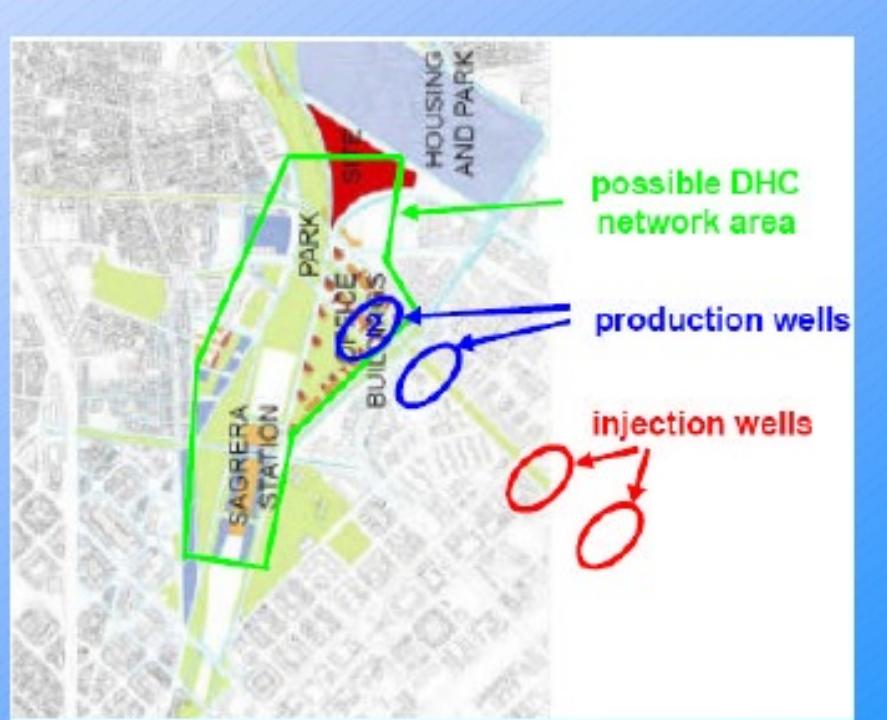
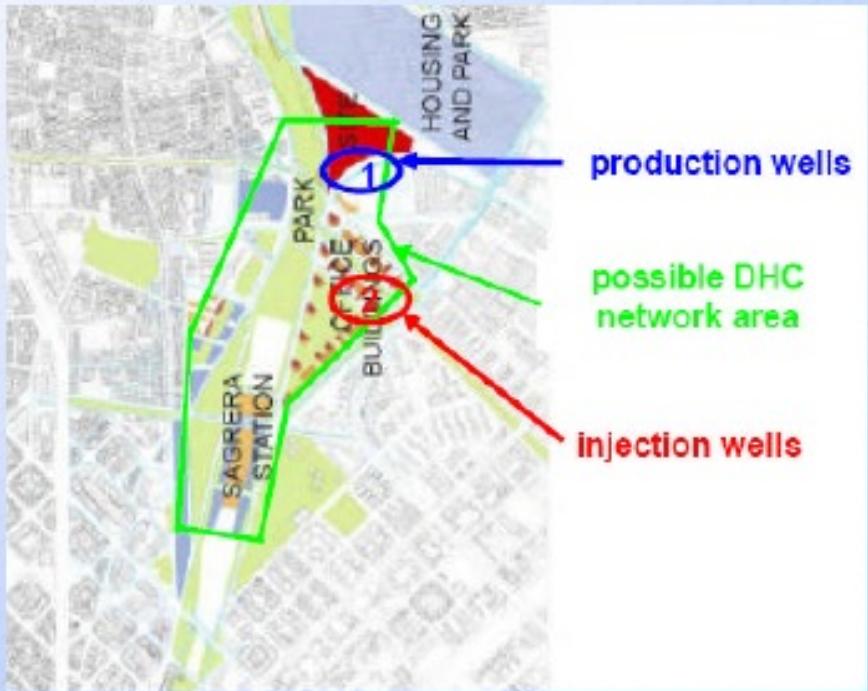


Sagrera



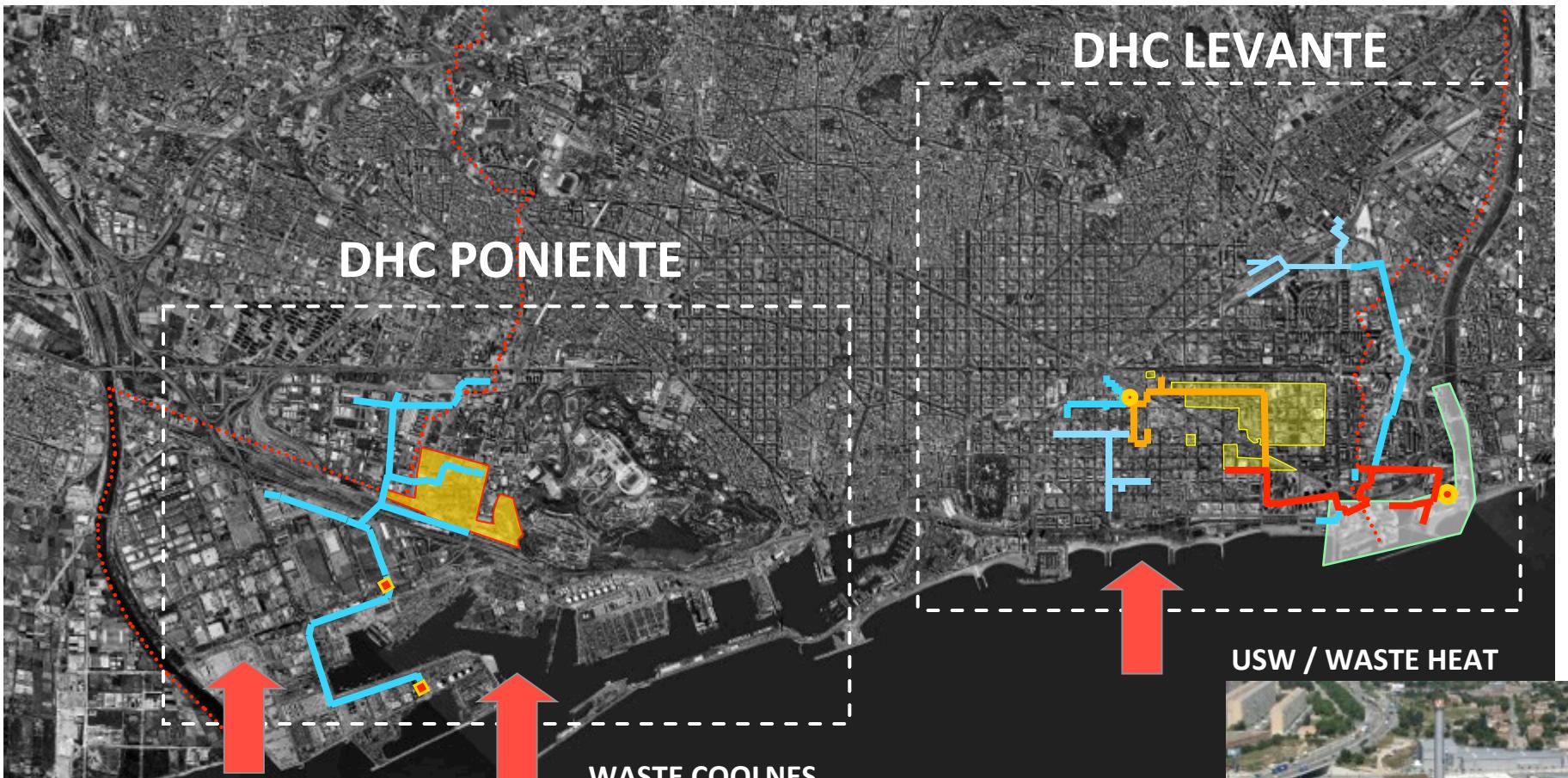


Cooling demand
> 40 MW
71.000 MWh/year

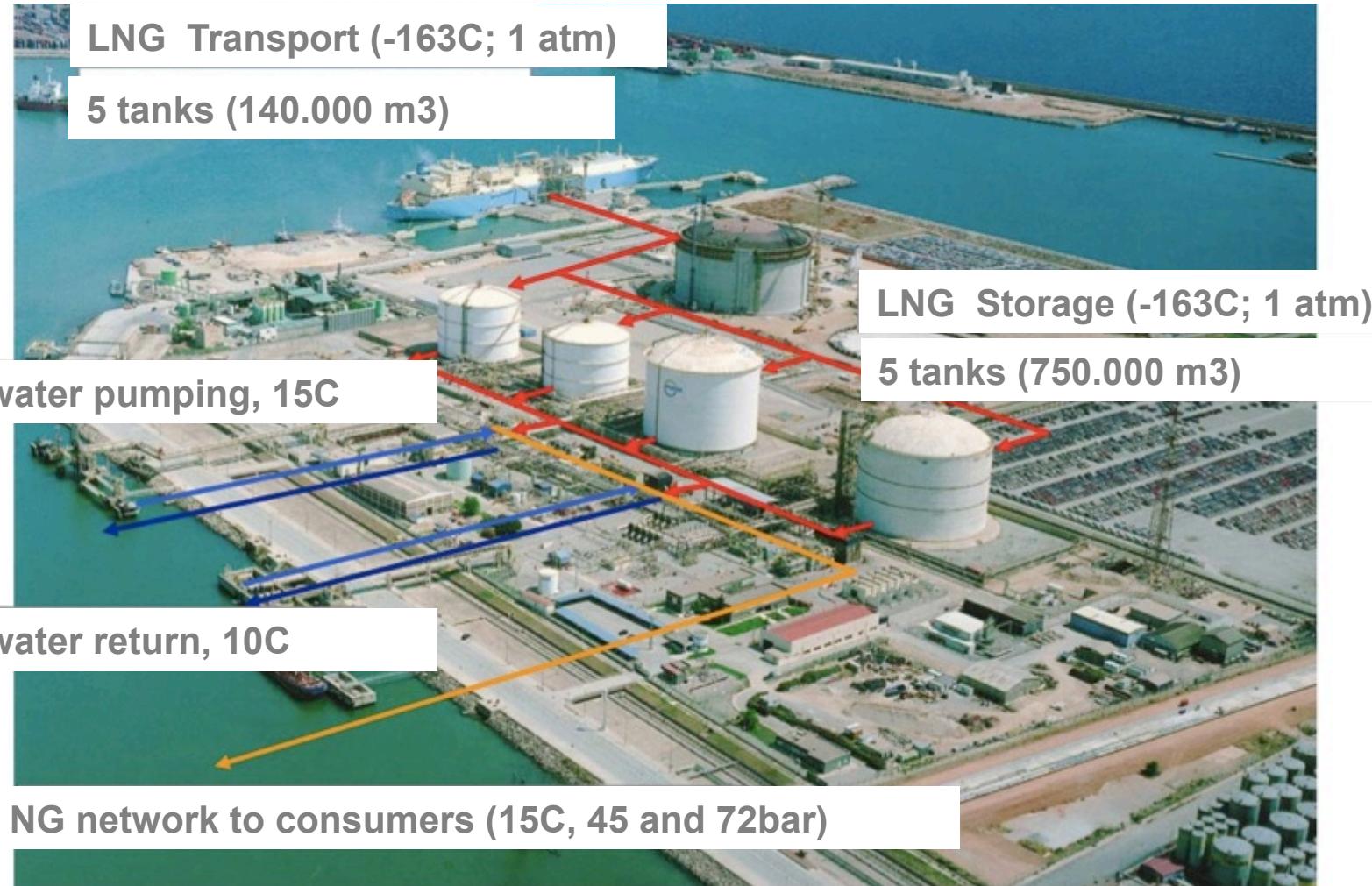


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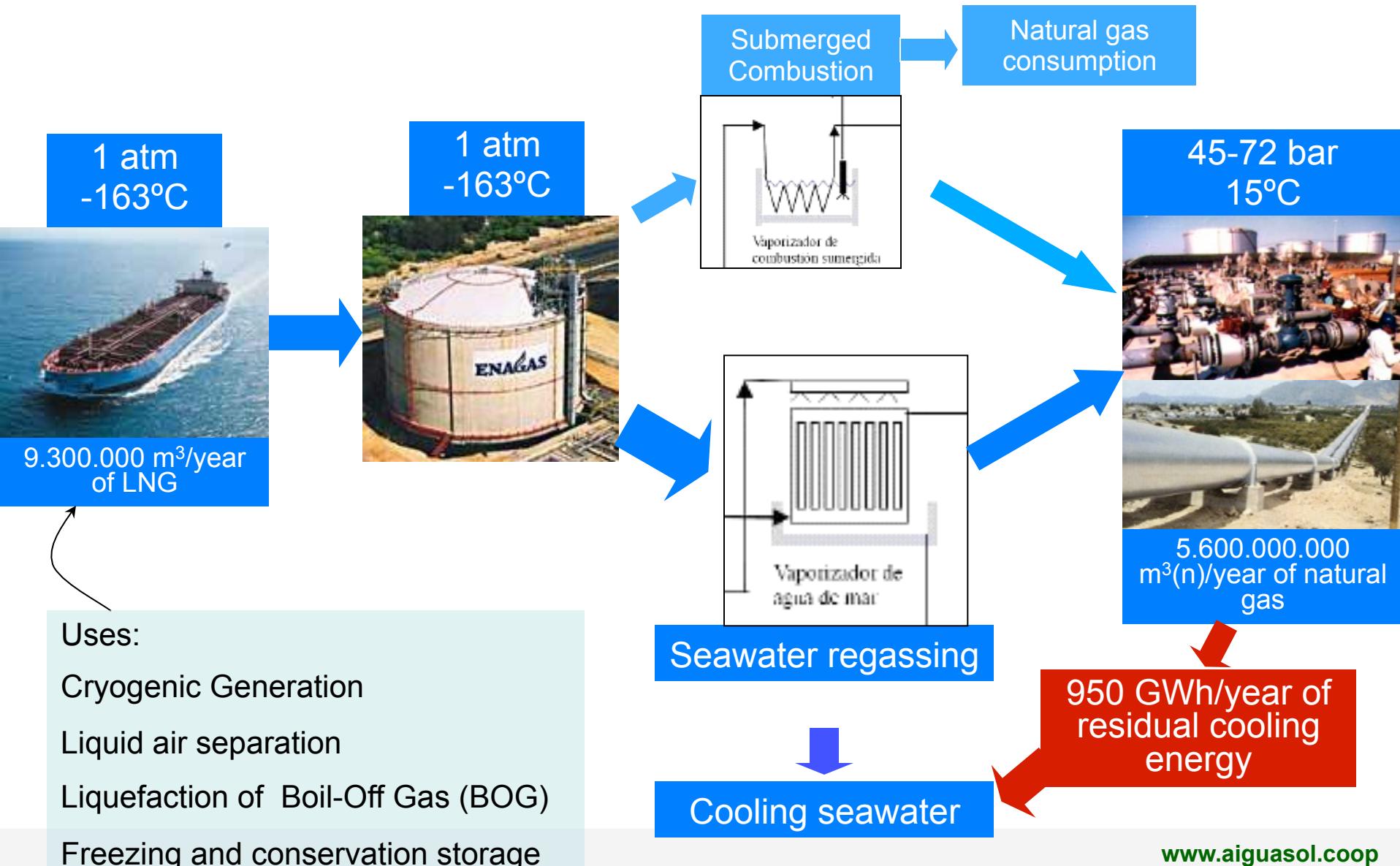
Barcelona: LNG residual coolness / Heat from USW treatment



LNG Regasing plant in Barcelona (ENAGAS)



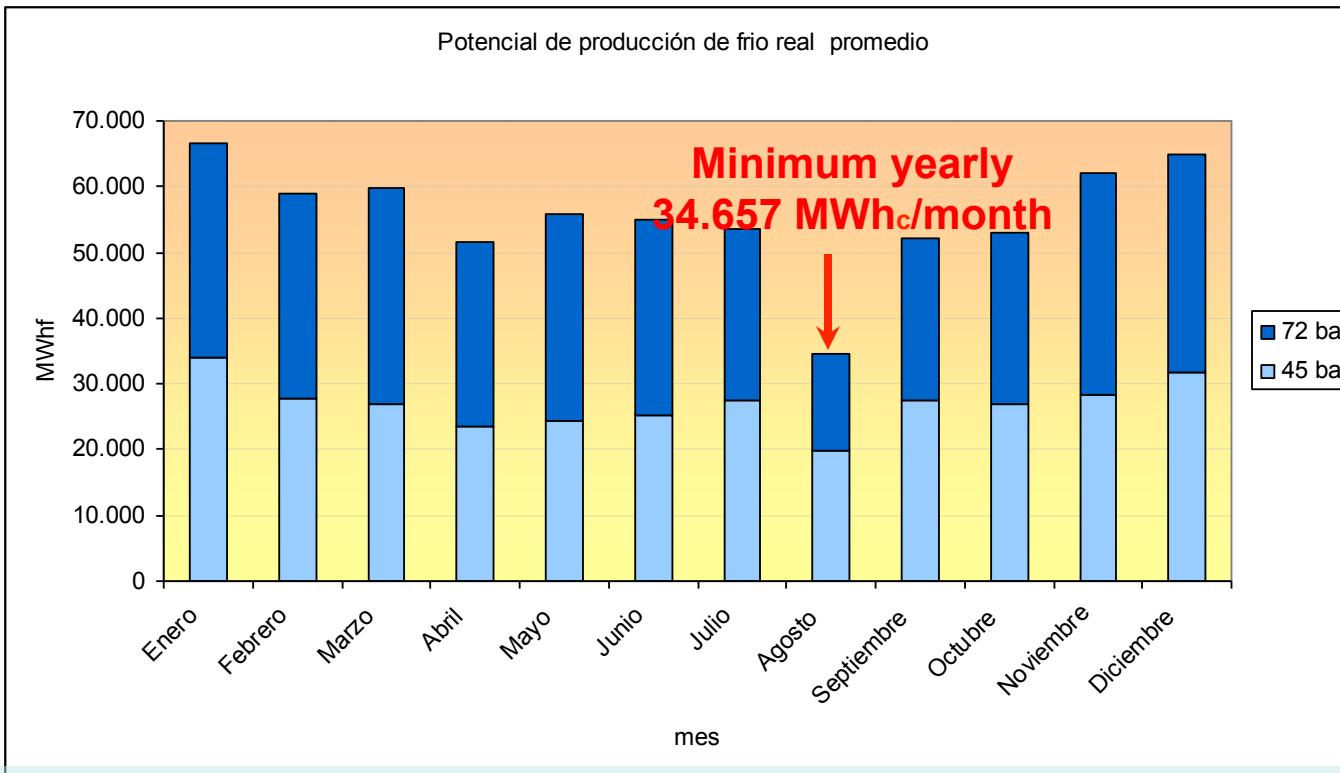
Current process description



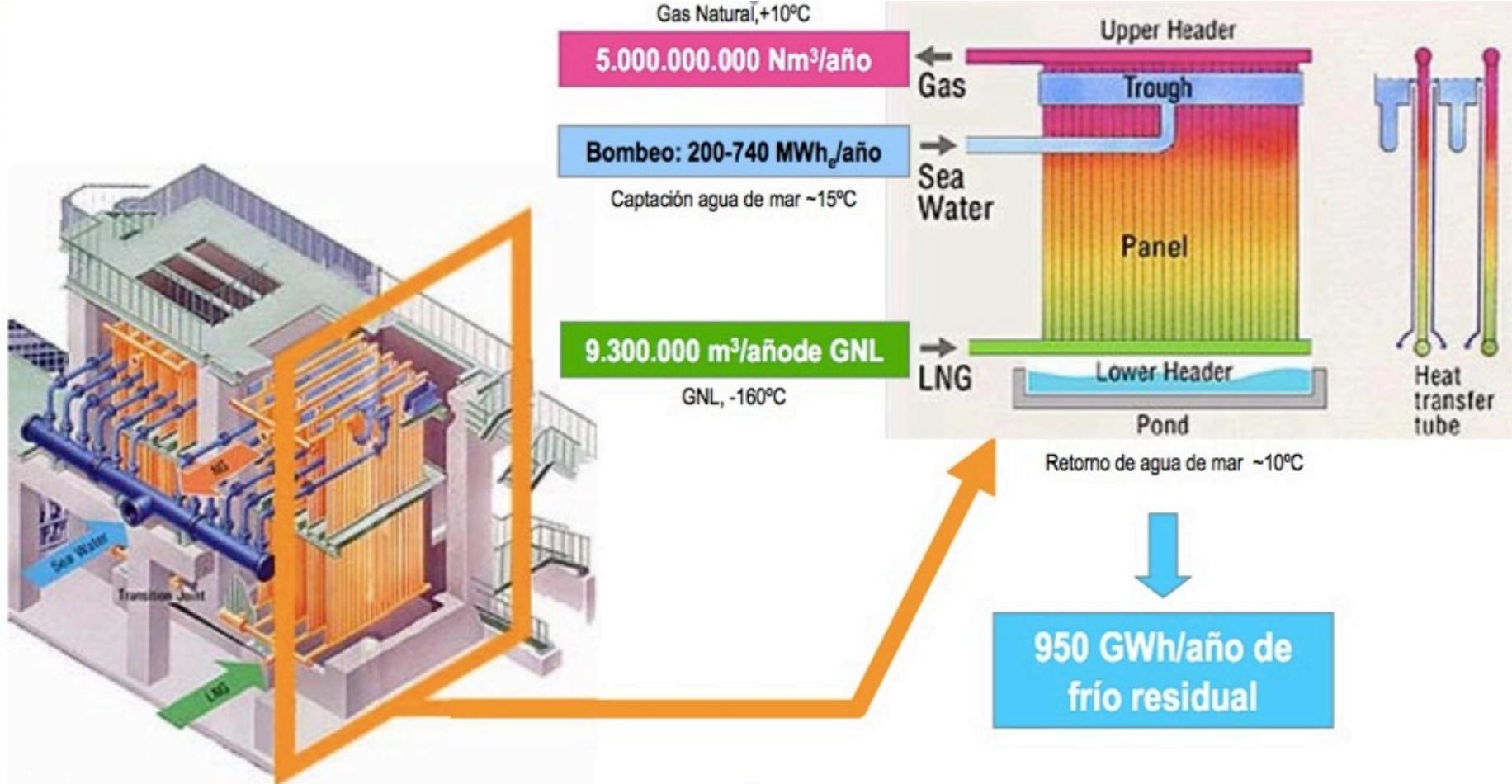
REGASSING & COOLING PRODUCTION

Cooling production capacity

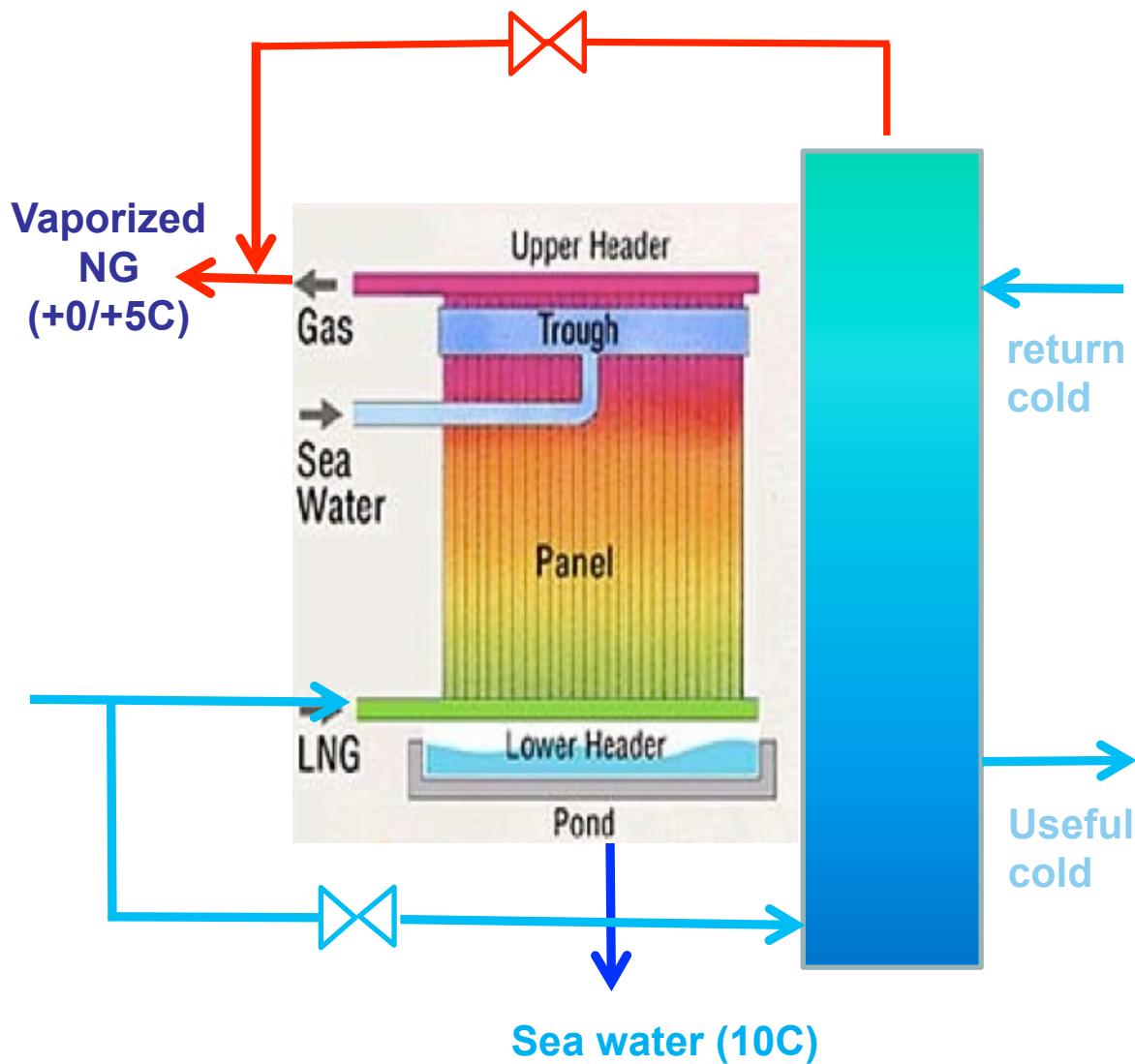
The REAL cooling potential of the Regassing Plant is: **664.753 MWh_c/year**



The hourly analysis has allow determinate the average of the cooling power during August, **47 MWc** (76 MWc during the year), and the daily average in august has been valued in **1.120 MWhc/day**



Technical approach to coolness recovery



- No interference with Regasification process
- No partial loads allowed: “use it or lose it”
- Temperature levels that allow a feasible technical solution

Urban planning

In this area many new and future urban projects have been under planning

85 buildings in the area, that exist or are foreseen.

The total surface of tertiary sector are sector **1.136.167 m²**.

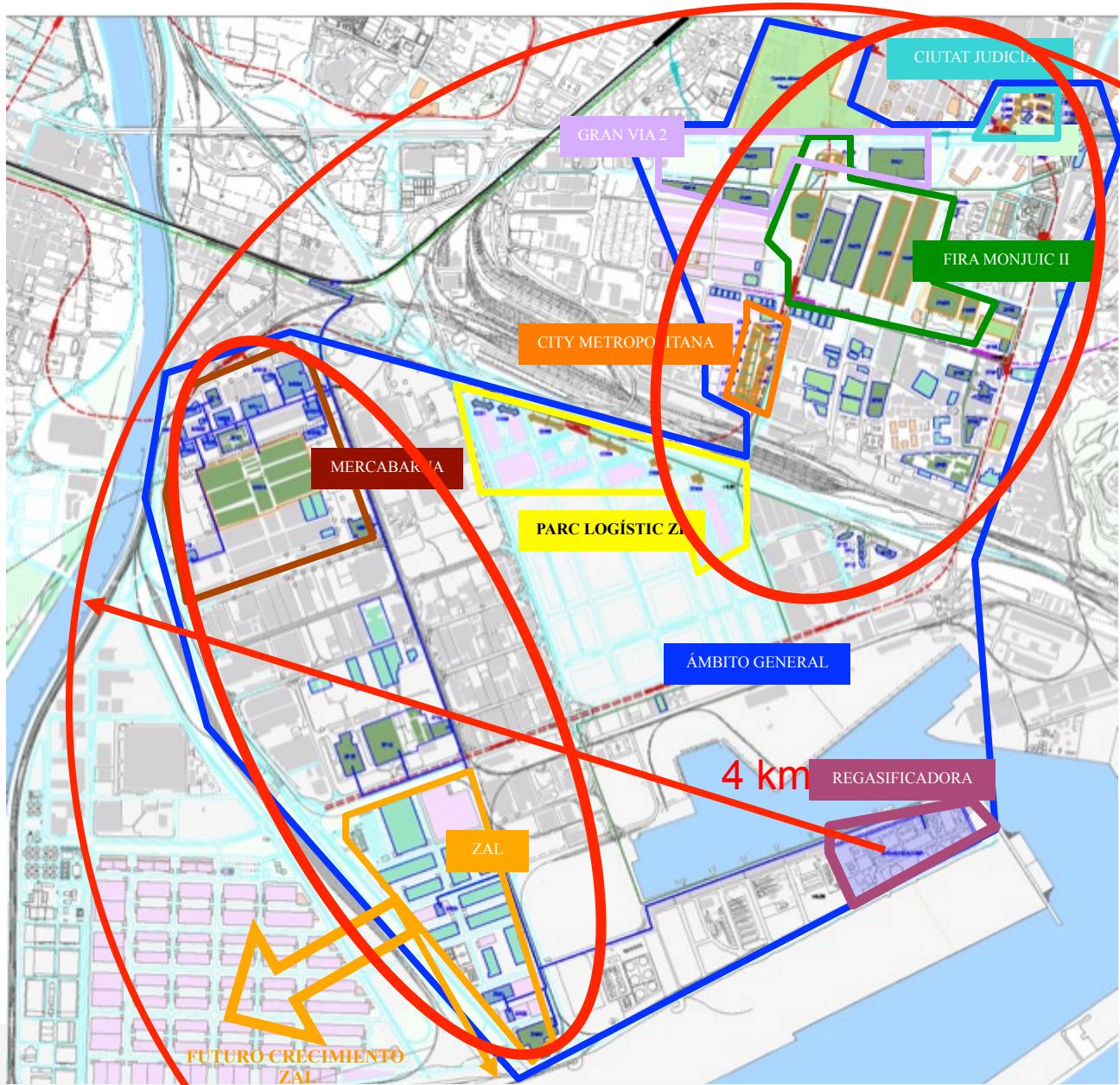
The freezing volume are **364.346 m³**.



DHC Poniente: ZF, Marina District, Pl. Europa

The Regassing plant is located in the Barcelona's Harbor. Within a radius of 4 km there is an industrial area and tertiary sector.

Within this area there are potential consumers of both industrial cooling and of air conditioning, in two differentiated areas.



Potential uses of the cooling energy

In the immediate environment of the Regassing Plant:

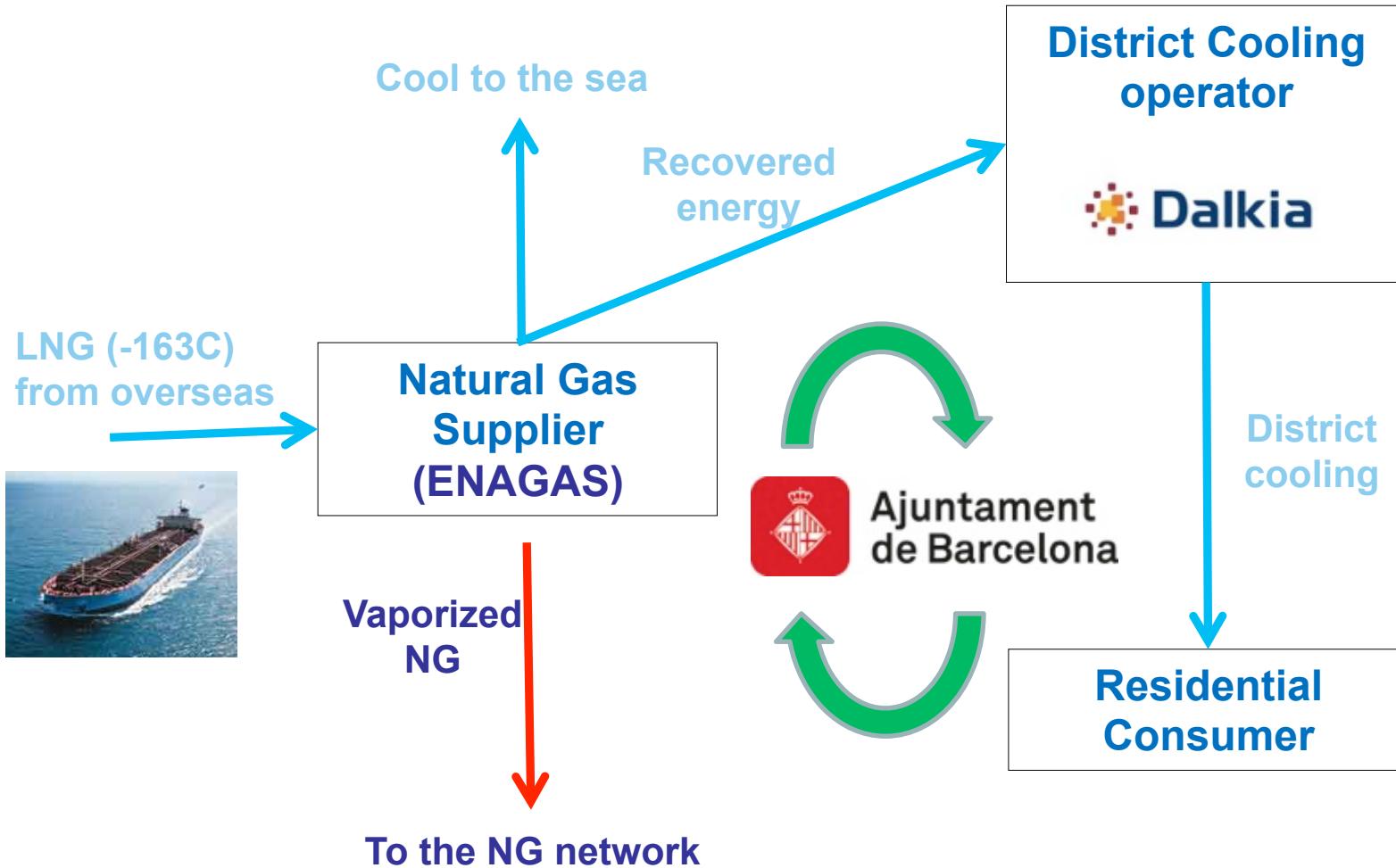
- Industrial
- Tertiary

(a huge potential in front of future urban development)

Depending on the temperature of use they are classified like:

- Refrigeration (+15°C)
- Air conditioning (+5°C)
- Conservation (-5°C)
- Freezing (-30°C)

Stakeholders in cool recovery





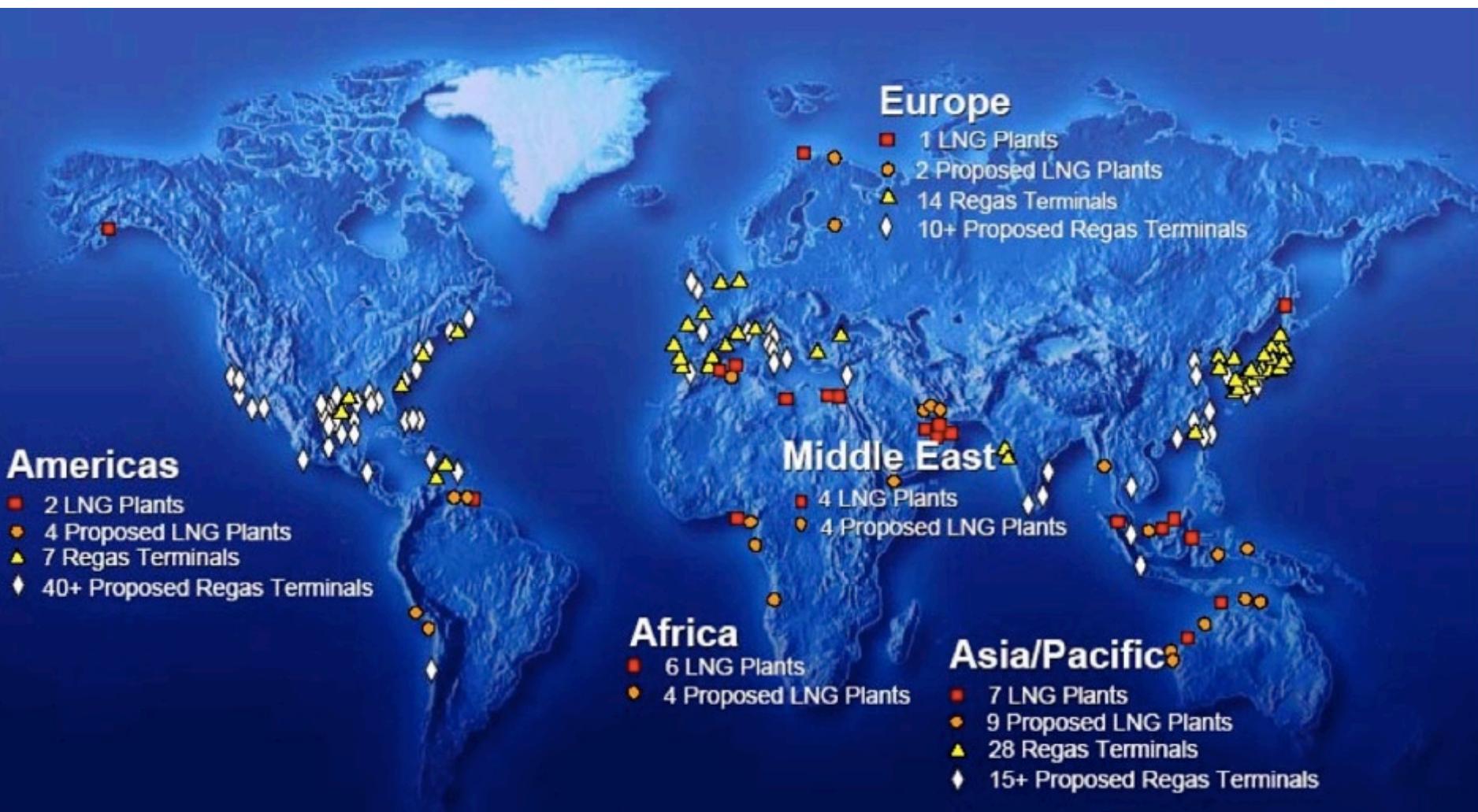
2

1

3

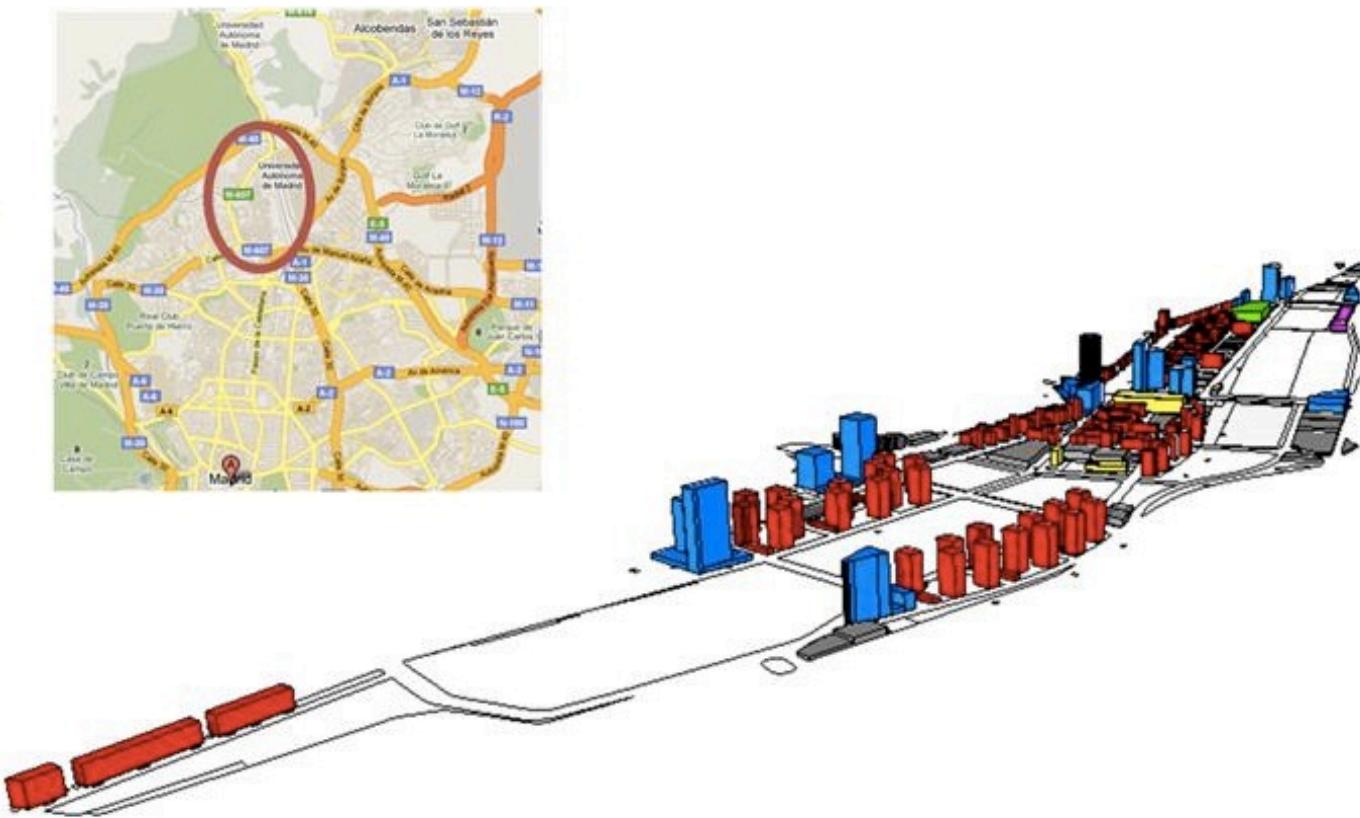


Replicability



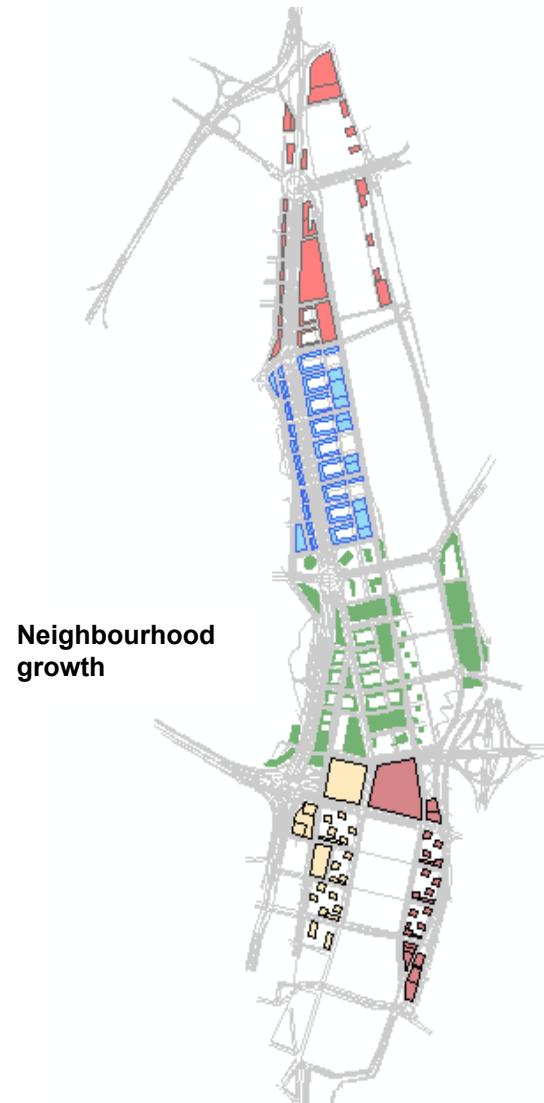
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Chamartin - Madrid



Phasing

	Período de ejecución	Superficie edificable	Número de edificios
Fase 1A	2013-2015	415,848.00	25
Fase 1B	2015-2018	791,136.00	23
Fase 2	2017-2020	1,185,906.00	54
Fase 3	2019-2022	512,064.00	44
Fase 4	2025-2030	398,434.00	27
TOTAL		3,303,388.00	173



METODOLOGY

- 
- ESTABLISHMENT OF THE TECHNO_ECONOMIC HYPOTHESIS
 - DEMAND ANALYSIS UNDER DIFFERENT CRITERIA: PRESENT AND FORTHCOMING BUILDING CODES
 - MAPPING OF THE ENERGY DEMANDS WITHIN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD
 - AGREGATION OF THE DEMANDS WITHIN DIFFERENT NETWORKS, AFTER THE GROWTH SCENARIU
 - EVALUATION OF THE ENERGY SUPPLY ALTERNATIVES
 - FINANCE ANALYSIS OF DIFEERENT SCENARIOUS

DEMAND ANALYSIS FOR THE NEIGHBOURHOOD

Data introduction

- Tool : Google Sketchup

Shadowing evaluation

- Tool : Ecotect

Dynamic simulation buildings and their environment

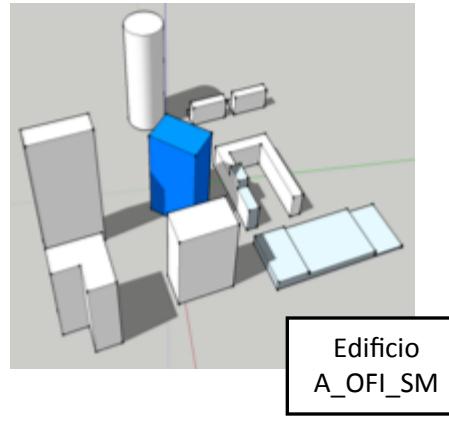
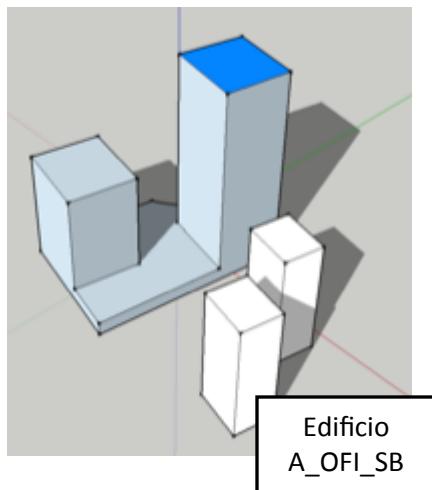
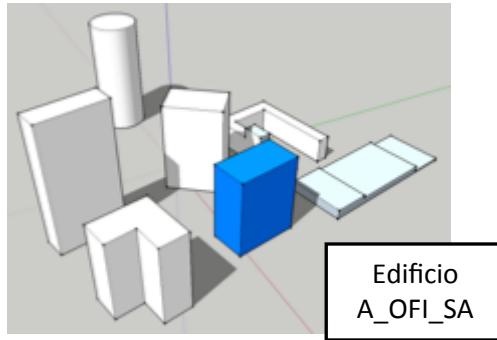
- Tool : TRNSYS

Geografical localization of the demands

- Tool : ArcGIS

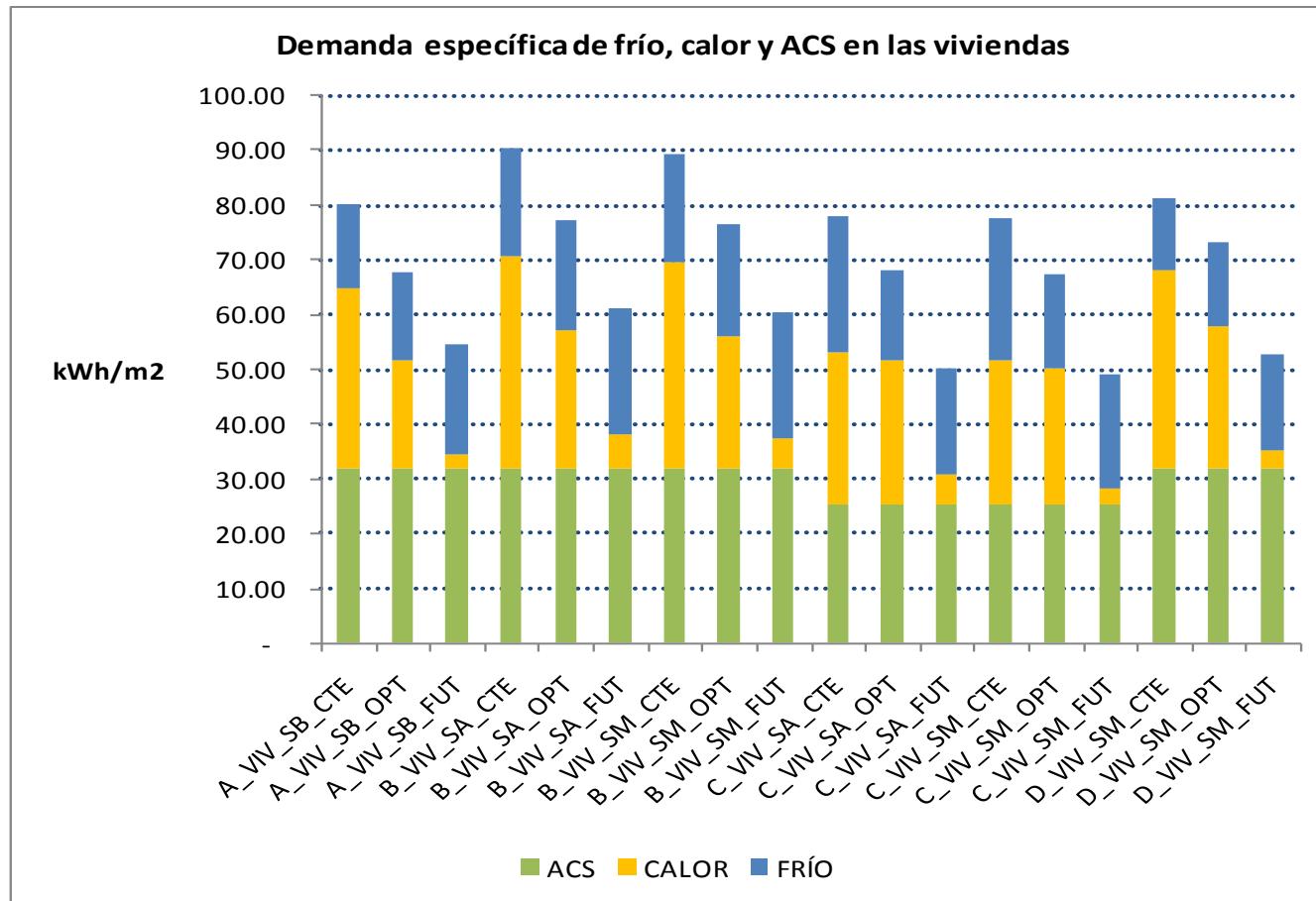
DEMAND CALCULATION FOR THE NEIGHBOURHOOD

- Offices



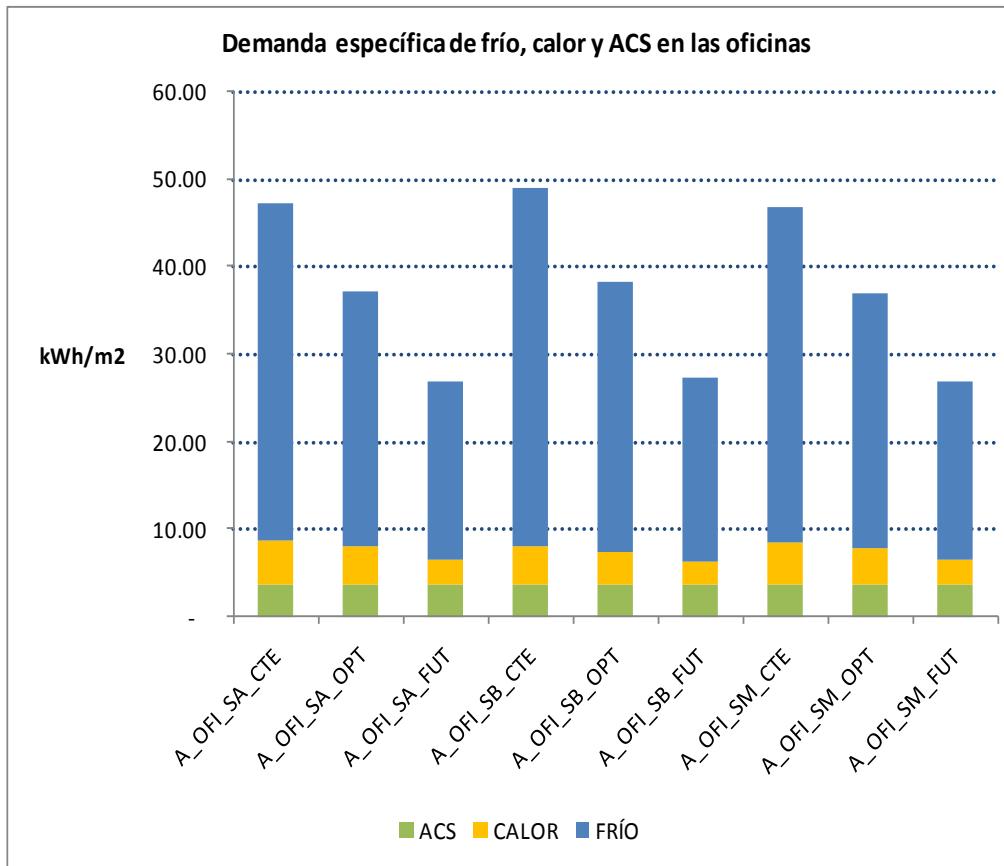
Demand Calculation For The Neighbourhood

- Residential

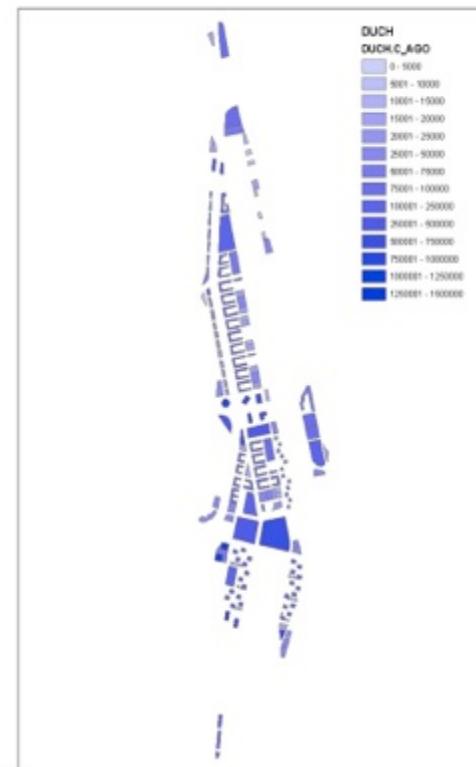
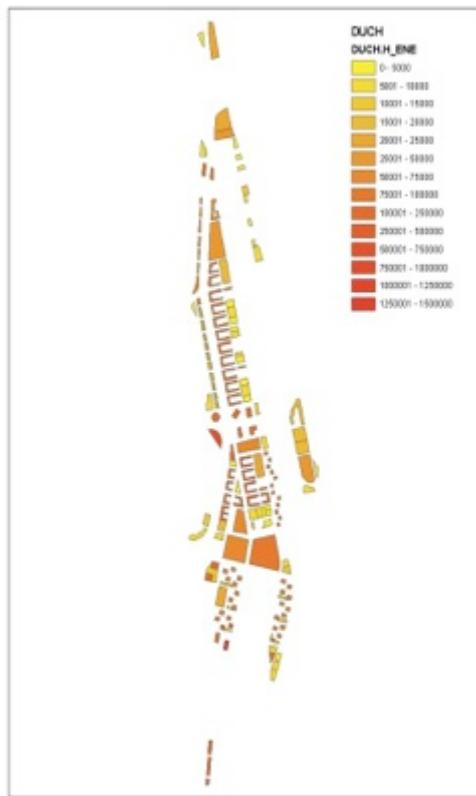


Demand Calculation For The Neighbourhood

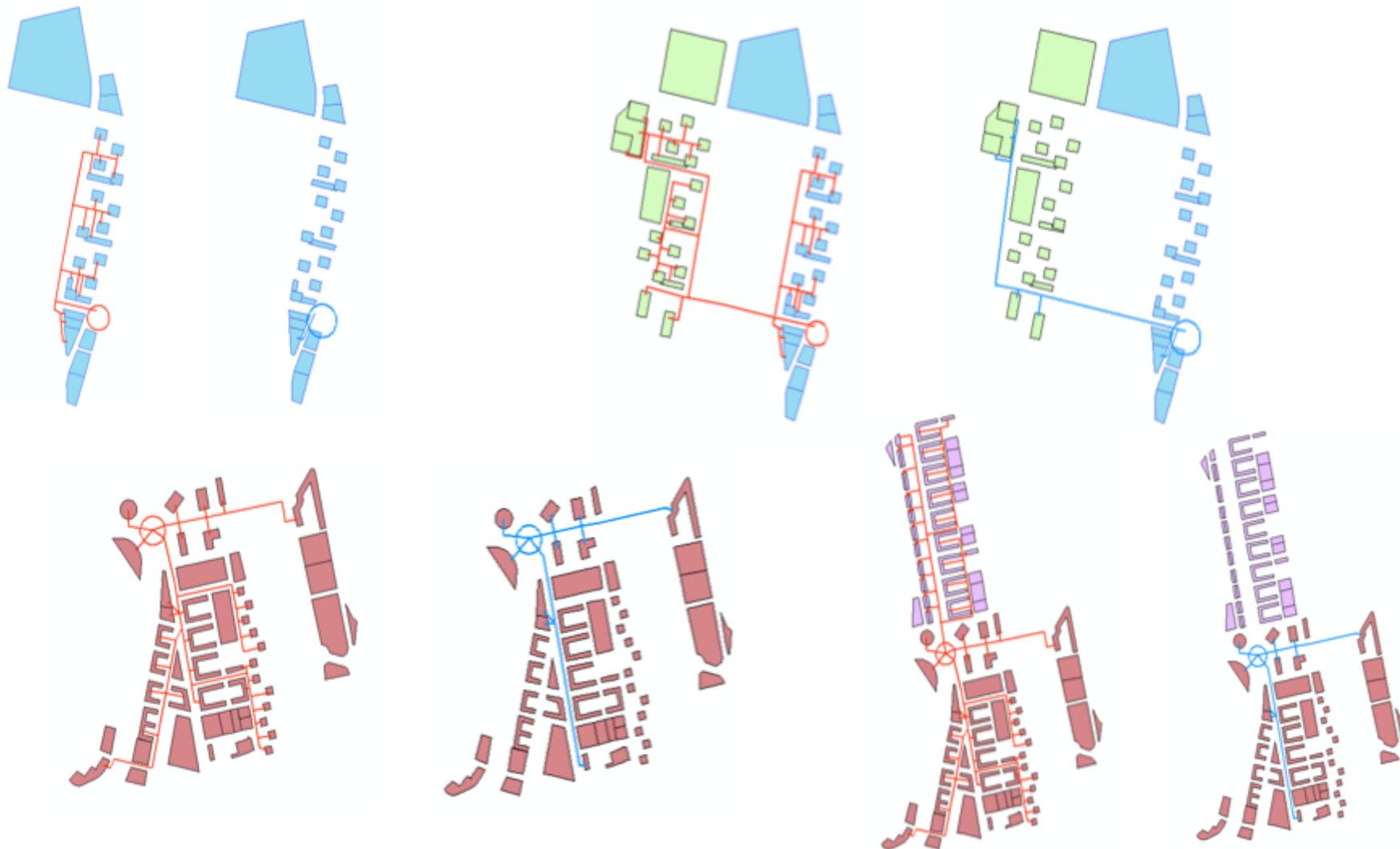
- Offices



MAPPING OF THE ENERGY DEMANDS WITHIN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD



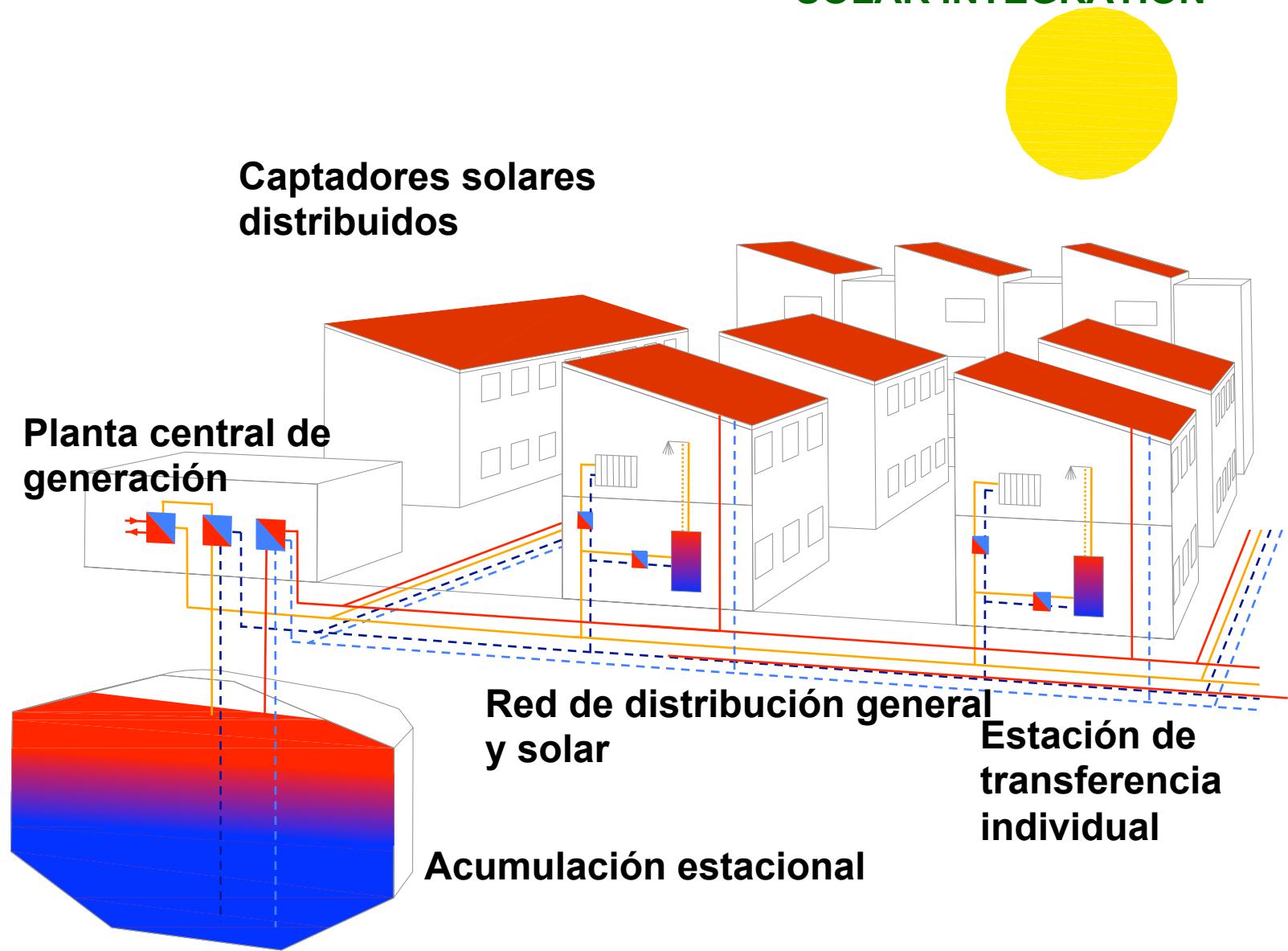
Demand Aggregation



ENERGY SUPPLY ALTERNATIVES

- Co/tri generation
- Biogas
- Solar integration

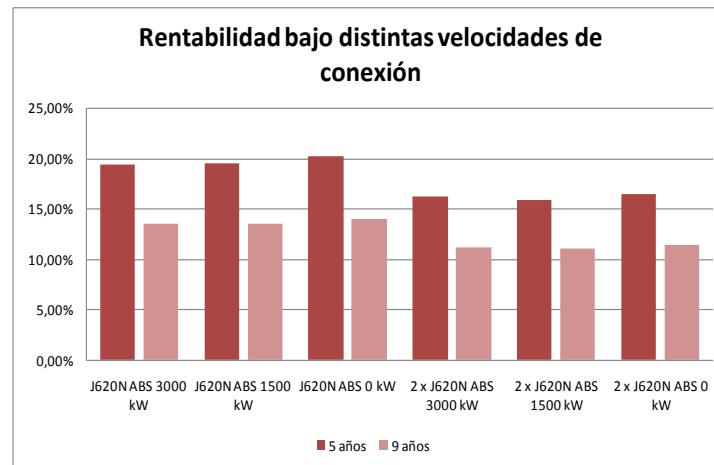
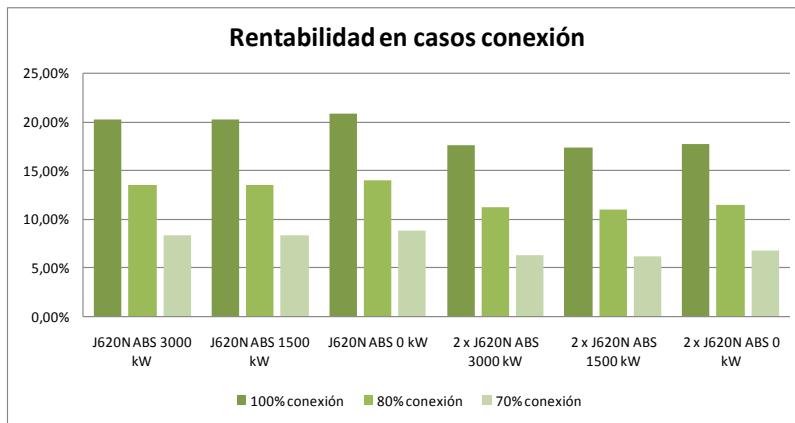
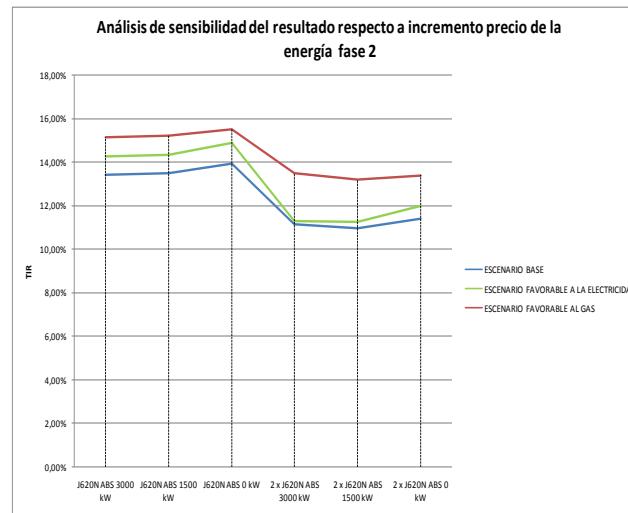
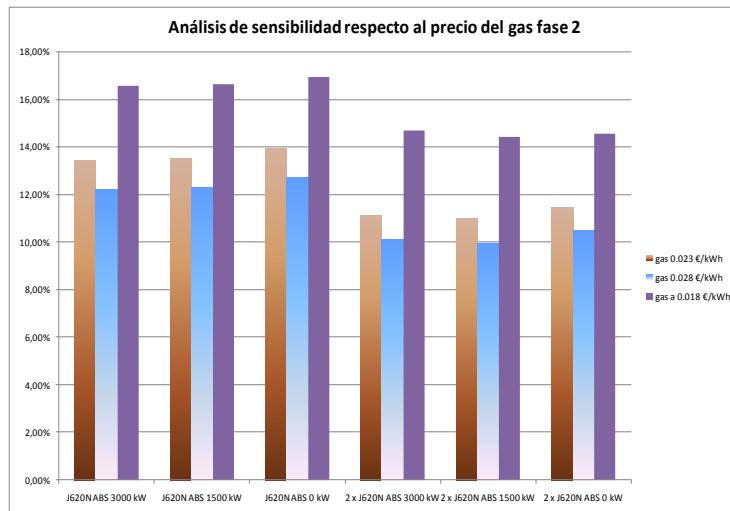
SOLAR INTEGRATION



SOLAR INTEGRATION

- 1) Connection to the return, without storage
- 2) Connection via segregated circuit; with seasonal storage
- 3) Network 2.0: low temp distribution (45° C). Excess heat from office air conditioning with distributed HP. Solar connected before oa after HP

FINANCE ANALYSIS



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Several areas for innovation:

- Technological
 - In core technology
 - In system management (by source using, by demand management)
 - In system implementation
- Non technological
 - In COMMUNICATION
 - In pricing system
 - In finance
 - In client capturing

Core technology

- Production
 - Efficiency of the conventional equipment (including growth / volume – to industrial machines); Magnetic levitation bearings
 - Natural sources (free cooling: see, lakes, rivers, aquifers, snow; solar; geothermal)
 - Residual energy (waste treatment, regasing LNG)
 - CO2 reuse
- Distribution
 - Network capacity increase (DT)
 - Materials+ insulation (nanotech, High Performance Thermal Insulation)
 - Fluids
 - Storage (phase change – ice slurries)
 - System implementation (synergy with other infrastructures)
 - DHC 2.0
- Delivery
 - Communication with client system (<=> non tech. - Dynamic pricing)
 - Foster alternative solutions on client side (in planning)
 - Admit lower in temperature on primary



THANK YOU!
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