Energy, technology and domestic quality of life a historical outlook

The first innovation that changed quality of life



Cooking, heating, lighting (and smoke)



The oil lamp: the second innovation that changed quality of life









St. 1. 183



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Tria sunt damna domus: imbris, mala femina et fumus



Medieval peasant houses in central-northern Europe

The fireplace: the third innovation that changed quality of life (but not so much, at the beginning)













Medieval kitchen







Window glass: the fourth innovation that changed quality of life







The stove: the fifth innovation that changed quality of life













XVIII century

Improvements in glass making, lighting and heating















Improvements: the Franklin stove



Innovation takes command































Electric radiant heater



(1893)



THE WEATHER IS ALWAYS PLEASANT IN VIESTINGHOUSE FANLAND, CURRENT FROM LIGHTING CIRCUIT FOR THIS FAN COSTS ONLY 1/4¢ AN HOUR.





The electric energy companies push. Energy consumption takes off



Put a Stove in Your Office

and build a good rousing fire in it. It will give you some idea of the heat your wife has to endure every time she irons.



You think it's hot, do you? Then, what does your wife think while ironing to the accompaniment of a hot stove?

Why not kick that stove out and get her a Westinghouse Electric Iron? Don't you think she would be grateful for it? If you have any doubt about it, you can have an iron on free trial.

Elektrische Heiz-und Kochapparate • • • • Praktischste Festgeschenke • • •





Dakuumentftäubung





SUNSHINE Like Salvation is Free!

and

Every Arizona home should take advantage of it by installing a

Day and Night'' Solar Heater

because

It can't stop working, while the sun shines It can't get out of fix, explode, or start a fire. It not only heats your water, It KEEPS IT HOT in a storage boiler.

Will it really work?

Thousands of satisfied users think so. Let us give you prices and full information.

Write

Southwestern Solar Heater Co.

219 Nat'l Bank of Ariz. Bldg. P. O. Box 1298 PHOENIX, ARIZONA.

Arizona magazine advertisement, 1914

Day & Night brochure, 1923

NG.

Water Heater

let the SUN give you plenty of Hot Water DAY and NIGHT

SULA

Family is the backbone of the american way of life

Here they come

LITTLE hands clamouring for the delicacies, eyes eager whispering about the frozen desserts hidden in the Frigidaire. And lo! "Here they come." Better and more delicious than their wildest dreams of iced joys.

And when it's all over, and the little feet have toddled through, the hall, you realise that the Frigidaire so providentially installed has been the making of the children's party.

Frigidaire is an automatic electric refrigerator, available to every electrically wired home. Frigidaire maintains a constant, crisp, dry cold—preventing food decay and the development of harmful bacteria. Frigidaire provides for you at any time sparkling cubes of ice (made from pure drinking water) and makes possible at little expense many frozen luxuries. No ice is needed, and the cost to run it is less than the ice you used to buy.

There is a model to suit every requirement, from £64 upwards. Call at our showrooms and see Frigidaire in operation, or write for illustrated catalogue No. 179. Frigidaire can also be supplied on a most favourable easy purchase plan.



DELCO-LIGHT COMPANY

London Branch : 717-723, FULHAM ROAD, LONDON, S.W. 6

Make use of our Service Department - See page xlix.

Colder than ice - and never melts!



More Family. Electricity feeds feeling of guilt





Yes will find these letters on many tools by which electroiry works. They are on great generators used by electric light and power companies. They are on electric lamps, and on tiny motors that make hard boxework easy. By such tools detricity displat the dark and lifts leavy burdens off human shoulders. Hence the letters G-E are more than a trade mark. They are an imbim of service.



THIS is the test of a successful mother—she puts first things first. She does not give to sweeping the time that belongs to her children.

An electric motor runs a vacuum cleaner for less than 2 cents an hour.

She does not give to washing the time that belongs to her children.

An electric motor runs a washing machine for 3 cents an hour.

She does not rob the evening hours of their comfort because her home is dark.

To light a room splendidly, according to modern standards, costs less than 5 cents an hour.

Men are judged success-

ful according to their power to delegate work. Similarly the wise woman delegates to electricity all that electricity can do.

She cannot delegate the one task most important. Human lives are in her keeping; their future is molded by her hands and heart. No lesser duties should interfere with the supreme duty of having plenty of time with the children.

Certainly no household drudgery should distract her, for this can be done by electricity at a cost of a few cents an hour.

GENERAL ELECTRIC

A tough fight against electricity industry





(1938)

Fluorescent Lighting







Air Conditioning



This architecture would have not been possible without **fluorescent lamps and air conditioning**



The Float Glass Process



Note: Not to scale. Each element of this process is very long. The furnace tank is typically about 80 meters, and the annealing kiln about 400 meters.





Standby



	Average	Annual electricity	Fraction of total	Source and type of estimate	
Country	standby	use	residential	or commute	Notes
	power use	(kWh/yr)	electricity use		
	(watts)				
Australia	86.8	760	11.6%	(Marker T., AGO &	Field survey of 64 households.
				Harrington L. 2001)	
France	27	235	7%	(Sidler O., Enertech	Based on field measurements in
				2000)	178 homes. Some appliances
					with standby modes may have
					been overlooked.
Germany	44	389	10%	(Rath U., M.	May include standby losses
				Hartmann et al. 1997)	from storage water heaters.
-				Bottom-up	
Japan	46	398	9.4%	(Matsunaga, T. ECCJ	Based on field measurements in
				2001)	51 homes.
Netherlands	37	330	10%	(Siderius, H.P. 1995)	Based on typical standby power
				Bottom-up	use of major appliances. It does
					not include less common
					appliances, so the actual value
					may be higher.
New Zealand	100	880	11%	(EECA 1999)	Based on a field study of 29
					homes. It includes a few heated
					towel rails and malfunctioning
					appliances.
Switzerland	19	170	3%	(Meyer & Schaltegger	Only includes TVs, VCRs,
				AG 1999)	satellite receivers, stereos, some
				Bottom-up	re-chargeable appliances,
					cordless telephones and PCs.
United Kingdom	32	277	8%	(Vowles J., ECI	Field estimate for 32
		4.4.5		Oxford 2001)	households.
United States	50	440	5%	(Rainer L., A. Meier	Based on measurements of
				and S. Greenberg	individual appliances and then
				1996)	adjusted for the number of each
				Bottom-up	appliance in an average home.



per capita energy consumption



Energy consumption by sector in European Union





Energy consumption by end use in EU tertiary buildings



Lifetime of components of the built environment

Appliances: stoves, refrig., washers, dryers Residential water heating equipment Residential space heating and cooling equipment Cars Trucks, buses, truck trailers, tractors Commercial heating and cooling equipment Manufacturing equipment Electric transmis. & distrib., telecom, pipelines Refinery processes Power stations Building stock (residential and commercial) Pattern of transport links and urban development

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The idea that architecture belongs in one place and technology in another is comparatively new in history, and its effect on architecture, which should be the most complete of the arts of mankind, has been crippling.

Because of failure of the architectural profession to – almost literally– keep the house in order, it fell to another body of men to assume responsibility for the maintenance of decent environmental conditions: everybody from plumbers to consulting engineers. They represented "another culture", so alien that most architects held it beneath contempt, and still do.

Reyner Banham, The Architecture of the Well-tempered Environment

Conclusions

Low energy architecture +

New technologies:

•Building envelope (from energy consumer to energy producer)

- •Cooling
- Local comfort

•Kitchen (cooking stove, integrated domestic appliances)